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The Bombay Chronicle

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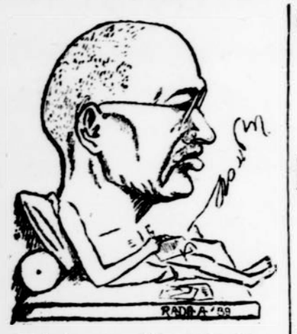
VOL. XXVII NO. 134 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Liquidating Corruption In Congress



Mahatma Gandhi at Birla House, as "Chronicle" Cartoonist sees him. The cartoon bears the autograph of Gandhiji in Gujarati.

CONSTITUTION SUB-COMMITTEE CONCLUDES LABOURS

Permanent Membership Register: Tribunals To Settle Election Disputes?

The Constitution Sub-Committee of the Congress concluded its labours on Tuesday evening.

Babu Rajendra Prasad was in the chair.

It is understood that Gandhiji was acquainted with the main features of the proposed changes when the labours of the last three days were reviewed on the final day.

MEMBERSHIP REGISTER.

The main changes proposed in the new Congress Constitution are understood to be (1) that membership registers in all Provinces, excluding Burma, are to be made permanent, (2) that no body who was not on the Congress register for three years, could hold office in any Congress Committee or be eligible for election as delegate, (3) that any constituency which does not enrol half the quota of members, will lose its right to elect delegates.

Provision was learnt to have been made in the constitution for the setting up of Provincial and District Tribunals finally to decide all cases of registration and election disputes.

ELECTION FOR A.I.C.C.

It is further understood that three-fourth of the members in the A.I.C.C. will be elected by territorial constituencies and the remaining by the Provincial Congress Committees. Election for the A.I.C.C. in territorial constituencies will be by the distributive system of voting. The Provincial Congress Committees will elect members to the A.I.C.C. by means of the single transferable vote according to the changes proposed in the Constitution There will be however no territorial divisions in small Provinces like Bombay, Ajmer and Delhi.

An official communique on the decisions formulated by the Committee will be issued by Acharya J. B. Kripalani General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., on Wednesday morning (to-day).

The Committee devoted its attention and discussed amendments and new proposals for four days, the total work put in being about 20 hours.

"BLOC MEMBERSHIP."

The changes proposed by the United Provinces Congress Committee to meet the difficulty of checking to a great extent, if not completely stopping, the "bloc membership" in the Congress is understood to have engaged the major attention of the Committee.

The proposal to have a permanent register was designed, it is understood, to meet that difficulty. Although it is regarded that the new proposal might go a long way in liquidating such a kind of corruption, increasingly rearing its ugly head in the Congress Organisation, it is stated in authoritative circles that the provision was not necessarily intended solely to meet the situation, arising from a crop of "bloc memberships."

TRIBUNALS.

The decision to set up Provincial and District Tribunals was taken, it is learnt at the suggestions of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It will be remembered that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is the author of a scheme or machinery for settling election and other disputes regarding Congress affairs by means of a Tribunal consisting of three persons who are not members of the Provincial Congress Committee. These tribunals have worked satisfactorily in the United Provinces.

It is understood that provision for the setting up of the Provincial and District Tribunals will be made almost on the same lines or pattern of those obtaining in U. P. The setting up of District Tribunals is intended to lessen the work of the Provincial Committee.

It is learnt that many of the suggestions in this regard were made by Acharya Narendra Deo, who though suffering from asthma, was present throughout the Committee meetings. At one stage on Tuesday his asthma took such a serious turn that he had to come out of the Committee meeting and take some rest. When he came out of the Birla House in the evening after the Committee concluded its work, he crouched himself on the seat of his car.

No decision was taken on the much-talked of the proposal to abolish groups or blocs in the Congress.

"NOT RADICAL."

It is understood that the changes proposed in the constitution were not many or radical. It was, however, generally agreed that an attempt had been made to stiffen the constitution in order to meet some increasingly felt difficulties in the internal organisation of the Congress.

It is likely that the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee will be placed before the next meeting of the Working Committee which will again consider the changes.

Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai was again present by special invitation at its meeting on Tuesday. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya is also understood to have made certain constructive suggestions with regard to constitutional amendments.

ANGLO-U. S. BARTER PACT

Questions In Commons: Plea For Control Over Central Bank

LONDON, June 6.

"The impression is entirely unfounded" was Mr. Stanley's declaration in the House of Commons, when it was suggested that there was an impression in British circles that the British Government did not intend to proceed with the barter proposals between Britain and the United States.

MEDAL FOR PALESTINE HEROS

Mr. Hore-Belisha stated in the House of Commons that he hoped a decision will shortly be taken on the question of issuing a medal for Palestine operations.

Arising out of Sir John Simon's recent statements regarding the Czech gold deposited with the Bank of England Mr. Bellenger asked the Chancellor whether he had any proposals to make for more direct control of the Bank of England and the removal of the anomalous position of the Central Bank being allowed to remain in the hands of private financial interests.

Sir John Simon replied with a negative and declared that the Government had no intention of putting forward such proposals.

Mr. Hore-Belisha told the Commons that applications for enlistment in Territorials for period from February 1 to April 30 this year numbered approximately 166,000.

POLISH AMBASSADOR MEETS CHAMBERLAIN

LONDON: June 6.

The Polish Ambassador called upon Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax.

It is understood the conversations concerned finishing touches to the financial and political agreement arising out of the recent mutual pact, concluded between the two countries.

Members of the British Military Mission at Warsaw are returning with a report on various aspects of Polish armaments.—Reuter.

JAPANESE OCCUPY LIULINCHEN?

TOKIO: June 7.

The occupation of Liulinchen is claimed by the Japanese, who allege that the town was the base of operations of Chinese Communist troops and Shansi forces up Western Shansi.

Field dispatches say that this should go a long way in cleaning up Western Shansi.—Reuter.

TRAM-BUS COLLISION

There was a serious collision between a tram car and a bus near the Dhobi Talao in the evening on Tuesday. The tram was derailed and the bus was badly smashed. The traffic was held up for two hours. But nobody was injured.

IN CASE OF WAR

Kenya To Have General Officer Commanding Armed Forces

NAIROBI, June 6.

A General Officer Commanding the armed forces with authority beyond the boundaries of Kenya will be appointed in the event of an outbreak of hostilities, the Governor informed the Legislature to-day.

Outlining the Colony's war plans the Governor stated that these provided for legislation against profiteering, compensation for civilian victims and prevention of foreclosure.—Reuter.

JEWISH REFUGEES LAND AT LAST

HAMBURG, June 6.

Motor Vessel "Saint Louis" succeeded in landing her 922 Jewish passengers at San Domingo, West Indies, according to a report received here. The Government of San Domingo first demanded five hundred dollars for each Jew, but later dropped the request.—Reuter.

FIRE HAVOC IN BR. COLLIERY

LONDON, June 6.

Fire broke out to-day at Astley Green Colliery, Tyldesley, Lancashire, and rescue parties have been rushed to the pit.

Three men are reported to have lost lives and a number are reported to be missing.—Reuter.

COLLIERY FIRE TOLL

LONDON: June 6.

It is officially stated that five people were killed in the colliery fire.—Reuter.

OPTIMISTIC OUTLOOK

Orissa States' Situation & Central Govt.'s Intervention

Mr. Harikrishna Mehtab, who had come to Bombay on Monday and seen Mahatmaji on Tuesday with regard to the Orissa States' problem, returned the same day to his place.

It was learnt that he was summoned back by wire.

While in Bombay, Mr. Mehtab was understood to have appraised Mahatmaji of the fate of 15,000 refugees from Talcher and other cognate State matters. It is understood that he was summoned to Bombay by the Congress President to acquaint himself mainly with the State of the refugees.

Approached by our representative on the prospects of the negotiations between the Premier of Orissa and Sir Bertrand Glancy of the Political Department of the Government of India, Mr. Mehtab stated that the negotiations might now be successful.

It will be recalled that a breach of promise was alleged by the State's subjects in regard to a settlement arrived at between the State authorities and the representatives of the subjects.

The Premier of Orissa had, then, to intervene.

20 SUB-COMMITTEES TO BE APPOINTED

Planning Committee's Plans For India's Industrialisation

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

The National Planning Committee met this morning under the presidentship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and discussed at length the recommendations of the Subjects Sub-Committee.

It is understood that about a score of sub-committees to deal with varied industries will be appointed.

The feature of to-day's discussion was that the Committee considered the place of cottage industries in India's industrial economy.

The Committee dispersed for the day after a discussion of four hours and will meet again on Wednesday morning.

RAMDURG INQUIRY

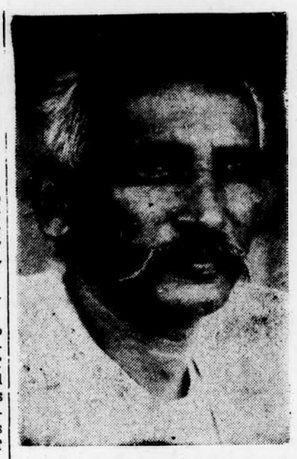
Mahatma's Advice To Karnatak Congress Workers

A deputation of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee led by Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande waited on Mahatma Gandhi for over an hour at the Birla House yesterday afternoon in connection with the happenings at Ramdurg. The deputationists included Dr. N. S. Hardiker, Mr Hanumantharao Kaujalgi, Mr. Diwaker, Mr. B. N. Munwalli, President of the Praja Sangh of Ramdurg, Mr. S. N. Angadi, Mr. M. P. Patil, and Mr. B. N. Gupta. The Hon. Mr. A. B Latthe, Mr T. R. Nesir, Mr. Gudleppa Hallikeri and Mr. Kanthi, accompanied the deputation.

It is understood that Mahatmaji gave his advice with regard to the role of Congress and State workers in the conduct of the enquiry to be held into the unfortunate happenings of April 7 at Ramdurg for which the State Authorities announced that the services of a High Court Judge would be requisitioned.

MAHATMA CONSULTS DENTIST

Mahatma Gandhi went to Dr. D. M. Desai, Dentist on Monday afternoon for consultation in regard to his teeth trouble. Dr. Desai after carefully examining him advised taking up a new set of artificial teeth to which Mahatma Gandhi has agreed.



Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya

DETAINED BY JAPANESE

Lt.-Col. Spear And Lt. Cooper Facing Charge Of Espionage

TOKYO: June 6.

Lieut Colonel Spear, British Military Attache in China and Lieutenant Cooper British Language Officer have been detained by the Japanese at Kalgan and are facing charges of espionage. It is alleged that both officers defied a request to secure authorisation to enter the Japanese fighting zone.—Reuter.

LEADER OF I. R. A. ARRESTED

DETROIT, June 6.

Federal agents have taken Sean Russell reputed leader of the Irish Republican Army into custody. It is reported that he is held in communicado. The police offer no information.

No extradition order against Sean Russell has been asked for though there has been close contact between the British Embassy and the United States authorities.—Reuter.

FRENCH ARMY CHIEF IN ENGLAND

PARIS, June 6.

General Gamelin who arrived in England to-day has been appointed to the supreme rank of General-in-Chief of the Army.

Vice-Admiral Darlan, Naval Chief of Staff, and Gene. Vuillemin, Air Chief of Staff, have been promoted to corresponding ranks in their respective services. Never previously have there been appointments to these ranks in time of peace.—Reuter.

FRENCH EXAMINE MOSCOW PROPOSALS

PARIS, June 6.

At the Council of Ministers M. Bonnet made a comprehensive statement touching upon Anglo-Soviet-French relations and the situation in Central Europe and Far East.

It is learned the Ministers made a detailed examination of the amendments proposed by Moscow as well as the possibility of finding a compromise formula satisfactory to both Moscow and London. Exchanges of views between London and Paris continue and the feeling in the French capital is that no major obstacle stands in the way of a successful outcome of the negotiations.—Reuter.

No Humiliation In Aiming Low

PATTABHI ON GANDHIJI'S "NEW TECHNIQUE"

It Is For States' People To Reduce Period Of Suspension Of Satyagraha

THAT THERE WAS NOTHING TO WARRANT THE FEELING OF PERPLEXITY AND AMAZEMENT PREVAILING AMONG THE STATE SUBJECTS AT THE RECENT STATEMENT OF MAHATMA GANDHI, was the view expressed by Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya in an exclusive interview to the "Bombay Chronicle."

Suspension Period

Asked to give an exposition of Gandhiji's suggestion that the Civil Disobedience movements going on in the States should be indefinitely suspended and that the pitch of the immediate demands should be lowered, the Historian of the Congress stated that GANDHIJI'S INDEFINITENESS MIGHT EXTEND FROM A MOMENT TO INFINITY.

Immediates Objective

He also pointed out that there was nothing humiliating in aiming lower provided the possibilities of inherent expansion were there. It was the absence of this principle, he added which had lead to the universal condemnation of the Federal Scheme.

PRINCES

He also sounded a note of warning to the Princes that they should respond to the appeal of the Mahatma. Else he added now that they have got the long rope they would duly get the short shrift.

Mahatma's Philosophy

The following is the full text of the statement:—

"There is nothing really difficult in Gandhiji's statement to understand or to accept. The course of Satyagraha is clear and unmistakable. It has its axioms and postulates long ago determined by saints and sages and now restated from time to time by a philosopher-politician. Those principles appeal to the head as well as to the heart. The appeal lies not merely to reason but also to faith. In an age of materialism when reason is enthroned in every sphere of life faith is not merely apt to falter but is made to fade away.

"Science alone has never ruled the world. It is the grammar of nature's working; it is not nature itself, self-born, self-propagating, self-productive. In other words reason would be lopsided without faith. Faith controlled by reason, reason impelled by faith, these two together would make up a blend which in small men is called impulse or inclination and which in prophets is called instinct. They sense things and discern the truth. It is for us lesser mortals to clothe their instinct with reason and to interpret all faith by the philosophy underlying it. The most sceptical of us dare not challenge the infallibility of this Truth.

A.B.C. OF SATYAGRAHA

"How then shall this analysis interpret Mahatmaji's steps in politics. So often he talks above our heads. At the end of half an hour's talk from him, we feel where we were, sometimes. That is because we are anxious to graduate before we matriculate. The alphabet of Satyagraha is to be learnt by one and all of us before we enter the university of Civil Disobedience.

TOO HIGH PITCHED

"The States' people are perplexed and puzzled because Civil Disobedience is stopped while their comrades are rotting in gaols, their associations are declared unlawful and they see little prospect of realising their ambitions; they have copied their brethren in the Provinces in pitching their demands in high key. But not in acquiring the necessary training and discipline which Gandhiji has taught these twenty years. Mahatmaji it is said, has discovered nothing new. His light is but the old light irradiated. He is not giving new lamps for old but he is giving the old lamps brightened up. Satyagraha is the culmination of what started as non-co-operation which blossomed into passive resistance and then became the flower of Civil Disobedience and then finally assumed the form of the fruit of Satyagraha. The plant is fading the flowers wither away, the fruit is wrinkled up, no amount of watering improves the yield. Manure it, give an electric shock to the plant and the withering, wizened plant become "sur sabo shadeb" and then look for the fruit. What is the good of an army always wanting to be in the firing line. A rearguard action is more difficult than a vanguard march. To kill and be killed is easy but like the general of old Gandhiji addresses us saying: "Boys, you have shown that you can die for the country, show that you can live for it."

WANTED PATIENCE

"But what life," ask the States people. A programme of sacrifice is not self-annihilation. It also takes note of the conservation of our resources. Sacrifice has a time and a place. There was a similar craving for sacrificing in 1927 expressed to Mahatmaji by ardent young men who were suffering in their hearts the agony of inaction. "Pes", said Mahatmaji, at Gauhati, "Sacrifice? Shall we sacrifice ourselves?—all the members of the A.I.C.C., full three hundred of us, by drowning ourselves in the waters of Brahmaputra?"

"No, we cannot lead a life of perpetual excitement. Gandhiji has not interdicted sacrifice. Today, it is open to Rajkot people and to Kolhapur people, not to choose to live under a Government which they consider unworthy and to brave the risk of forfeiture of property by their "Hijrat" from their homeland. Is Gandhiji to be considered ignorant of Rajot and its conditions?

WISE GENERAL

"He has both the sense and

(Continued on page 7, Col. 4).

INSEPARABLE BONDS

Spanish Minister's Tribute To Italian Legionaries

NAPLES: June 6.

Crowds gave a rousing welcome with cheers and roses.

In a message to Italian Commander General Gambara, the Spanish Minister for Interior, Senor Suner, said: "We shall never say farewell to your Legionaries, for we are never separate. Our joys and sorrows will henceforth be shared as bonds of brotherhood, fused by blood will never be severed.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

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ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words - Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle."—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL

Hindu B.Sc., aged 28, of moderate means in Bombay, wants to marry a homely girl, virgin or widow, of any caste. Apply with photo and details to K.A.M., Post Box No. 2110, Bombay 2. (11887)

Wanted an accomplished virgin or a young widow for marriage, by a foreign-returned youth, occupying a responsible Government Post. Write with particulars to Box No. 11849, "Bombay Chronicle."

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted for the Sylvan Star Insurance Trust, Limited. (Absolutely safe under the New Act) Branch Manager for Bombay Presidency. Only influential parties preferably with experience need apply P.O. Box 156, Delhi. (11898)

Wanted Gujarati knowing Undergraduate lady teachers strong in Science and Mathematics and S.T.C. preferred. Apply Hon. Secretaries, Dhanji Deshi Rashtriya (Kanya) Shala, Ghatkopar, Suburb of Bombay. (11894)

Wanted Competent Mechanical Engineer to work in Ginning and Pressing Factory in Gujarat next season on profit sharing basis. Apply to Box No. 11891, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Agency Manager on Rs. 100—20—500 p.m. for a Bank to invest loan without security to everybody. Post Box 2410, Calcutta. (248)

Wanted Graduates strong in Mathematics or Gujarati. Apply with testimonials, pay, experience etc., to the Hon. Secretary, Modasa Education Society, Modasa (District Ahmedabad). (336)

Wanted a well qualified electrical and mechanical engineer with Power House and administrative knowledge for a first class firm, apply with testimonials and least pay to Box No. 11863, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Lecturer in Teaching, for the D. J. Sind College, on a salary of Rs. 100 p.m. for the present, with Provident Fund benefits, preferably one who has specialised in the Methods of teaching Mathematics and Science. Selected candidate will be required to join within a fortnight of his appointment and will be on probation for one year. Applications to reach the Secretary, Sind Collegiate Board, Karachi, by the 15th June, 1939. (354)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Educated Young Bengalee Lady, 22, wants employment as nurse or companion. Santidevi, Juna, Bilaspur, C. P. (11896).

Qualified Drawing Teacher, having considerable experience in fine, applied arts and crafts is open for engagement. Apply Box 11884, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET.

To let at Chawpatty Vasant Nivas for Hindus Blocks at moderate rent. Enquire Bhaiya. 'Phone 21301. (11856)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let Modern Flats available at Raj Mahal. Rent moderate. Near Churchgate Rly. Station. Apply to the Manager within. (11835)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

To Be Let, at Vile Parle, at a minute distance from Station, a bungalow suitable for residence or school, bright and airy with eight rooms, one hall, with the modern convenience of electricity and well water, wholly or partly. Apply to A. M. Raja. Tele. 22634. (11863)

To Let —Airy Blocks at Matunga Plot No. 419 Bhau Daji Road, Ben Coover Mansions. Apply Bhaiya. (11855)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Secure Jobs. Enrol at once. Saraswati Commercial Institute, Parel. Imparts expert training all commercial subjects. Fees moderate. (11870)

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (157)

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice. Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College, Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10987)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow, (Recognised by Government). Recorded last year the highest percentage of successful candidates in the Province ever since the U. P. Government started conducting the examination for the Overseer's Certificate. I, II, and IV positions were held by the candidates from this school. Matriculates should apply now for the July Session 1939 on the prescribed form which can be had with the Prospectus free from the Principal. (307)

Lady Irwin College for Women, now housed in its own premises on Sikandra Road, New Delhi, provides a practical course of studies in Home Science and trains teachers of Home Science. New Session commences on September 3rd. Applications must reach the Directress on or before August 15th. Minimum qualification for admission—Matriculation or its equivalent. Preference will be given to those who have the Intermediate or higher qualifications. For Prospectus and further information write to:—Mrs. Hannah Sen, B.A., B.L., T.Dip., (London), Directress. (339)

The Employer Promotes only Trained Persons. Expert Coaching in Practical Accountancy, Banking Secretarial Practice, Commercial Law. The Complete Business Course, etc. All Commercial Classes are held in the Morning and Evening. The New term commences from 7th June 1939 Rapid training in Shorthand (New Method and Typewriting by the Film Method Cost £50 from July taught within 2 months. Posts Guaranteed. Apply Governing Director Lentin's Commercial College, 39, Meadows Street. (11888)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Right Contraceptive Jelly and Sexus Paste prevent conception; Gelotube prevents venereal disease. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11847)

441 PARTNERSHIP WANTED

Wanted a Partner with Rs. 4 000 to develop an exclusive industry & business having sole right. Apply soon Box No. 11893, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
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3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

S. L. D. ARTS COLLEGE AHMEDABAD.

THE COLLEGE OPENS on the 20th June, and admission to the F.Y.A., I.A. and B.A. Classes are being made now. The College offers instruction in courses leading upto the B.A. Honours degree in Ardhamagadhi, Economics, English, Gujarathi, History, Mathematics, Philosophy and Sanskrit. For the B.A. Pass degree, instruction is given in all the subjects mentioned above, and, in addition, in French and Persian. Applications for admission should be made in the prescribed form (Copies can be had on request from the College Office) and sent to the undersigned on or before SATURDAY, the 18th June, together with a remittance of Rs. 5 as 'caution money.' Applications for admission to the Hostel should be made before the 17th June, with an additional remittance of Rs. 5 as 'Hostel caution money.'

V. K. R. V. RAO,
Principal.
381.

TIRUMALAI, TIRUPATI DEVASTHANAMS, TIRUPATI.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that large quantities of Gold, silver, jewels and other valuables received in the Hundies of the Devasthanams will be sold at Devasthanam Press, 13-14, Second Line Beach at 1 p.m. on THURSDAY, the 15th of June, 1939 and at 12 noon on the succeeding days. Intending bidders shall deposit Rs. 200 to qualify themselves to bid at the sales. Further particulars can be had from the Manager, Tirumalai, Tirupati Devasthanam Press, 13-14 Second Line Beach, Madras or from the office of the undersigned at Tirupati.

C. ANNA RAO,
Peishkar in charge.
Tirupati, 2-6-1939.
365.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the Municipal Analyst. Applicants must be registered Medical Practitioners, possessing Public Health qualifications of any recognised University, under 40 years of age, with sufficient experience of bacteriological and chemical work in a fully equipped laboratory other than their work in such a laboratory as part of their instructions. Candidates holding B.Sc. degree of the Bombay University or other equivalent degree of any other University will be preferred.

The pay of the post is Rs. 400-25-700 p. m. and the selected candidate will, in addition, receive half the amount of fees received for the analysis of private samples in the Laboratory. The candidate selected will be on one year's probation and will be confirmed thereafter on approved service. He will be entitled to the benefits of the Municipal Leave Regulations and the Municipal Provident Fund and will not be allowed any private practice.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience especially in a bacteriological and chemical laboratory etc. and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should reach the Executive Health Officer, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay No. 1, not later than 1-7-1939.

Qualified persons in Municipal service are eligible to apply.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify an applicant.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.
R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Dated 31-5-1939.
(343)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 15th June 1939, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. (a) Letter from the Schools Committee reporting the vacancy of a non-Councillor member on the Committee and (b) election of a non-Councillor member on the above Committee.

2 (a) Letter from Mr. Mohamedally Allabux—Resigning his seat on the Tramways and Telephone Committee; and (b) election of a member on the above Committee.

3. Letter from the Collector of Bombay—Requesting the Corporation to appoint nineteen Representatives on the Excise Advisory Committee.

4. Interpellations.

5—6. Applications for gratuity, etc., from the heirs of deceased Municipal employees.

7—9. Letters from the authorities of the (7) Society for the Protection of Children in Western India; (8) Shri Shivaji Vyayam Mandir; and (9) Bombay Sanitary Association—Forwarding Annual Reports, etc., of their respective Institutions.

10—18. Letters from the authorities of the (10) Shri Shivaji Vyayam Mandir; (11) Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society; (12) Adams-Wylie Memorial Hospital; (13) Married Ladies' School; (14) Maharashtra Seva Mandal; (15) Naigaum Social Service Society; (16) Hindu Sevak Samaj; (17) Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital, and (18) Passengers and Traffic Relief Association—Thanking the Corporation for sanctioning grants-in-aid to their respective institutions for 1939-40.

19-20. Letters from (19) Messrs Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors on behalf of their clients Mr. Jagmohandas Kaliandas and others and (20) Messrs Payne and Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their client Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt.—Regarding the levy of the Urban Immovable Property Tax in respect of their clients' properties in the City.

21. Letter from the Honorary Secretary, Children's Aid Society—Applying for a grant towards the construction and maintenance of a Children's Home at Chembur.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

22. Regarding the contract for the supply of electric current for the Love Grove Pumping Station.

23. Regarding the recovery of the Urban Immovable Property Tax on properties in the City.

24. Regarding the leave granted to Mr. D. V. Nadkarni, Municipal Secretary, and the appointment of Mr. S. N. Damle as Acting Secretary.

25. Regarding the contract for the supply of electric energy for the Matunga Sewage Pumping Station.

26. Intimating that no cases of unauthorized works requiring sanction for their removal have occurred during the quarter ending 31st March 1939.

27. Regarding reappropriation of funds to meet the cost of laying a 6" water main in a road in Scheme 52, Worli Development.

28. Regarding the Test Audit Officer's Report on the working of the Estate Agent's Department.

29. Regarding the arrangement made with Government for the supply of vaccine lymph from Belgaum.

30. Regarding the laying of a water main in Raghavji Street off Gowalia Tank Road.

31. Regarding the payment of assessment bills in respect of a shed erected at Chembur for housing the labour staff.

32. Reporting the reduction made in the number of divers employed for cleansing Municipal drains and sewers.

33 Regarding the re-laying of a water main from Jerbai Wadia Road to King Edward Road.

34. Recommending an additional advance for the purchase of certain motor lorries.

35. Forwarding a quarterly statement of outstanding wheel tax bills.

36. Regarding the adoption of a policy for the purchase of Municipal requirements only from the manufacturer or dealer or stockist in that particular article or commodity.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

37. Regarding the transfer of the right of access over the Municipal land granted to a lessee of a plot belonging to the G. I. P. Railway at Lakhamsey Napoo Road, Dadar.

38. Regarding the question of submitting plans showing Municipal or ex-Trust plots intended for lease, etc., and those quoted for comparison.

39. Regarding an encroachment of certain arcade and footpath area allowed in the construction of a building on plot No. 30, Scheme 37, Sydenham Road Estate.

Schools Committee's Letters—

40. Intimating that the proposal for the creation of a post of a Head Clerk for the Accounts Section of the Schools Committee's Office has been dropped.

41. Forwarding statements showing the attendance of members at the Meetings of the Schools Committee and its Sub-Committees for the period ending 31st March 1939.

42. Forwarding a Note on "Adult Education and Literacy in the City of Bombay".

43. Forwarding Annual Report of the Girl Guide Movement in the Bombay Municipal Schools for the year 1938-39.

44. Regarding the framing of Rules under the City of Bombay Primary Education Act, 1920, for the admission of children to Municipal Schools in area of Compulsion.

45. Regarding the payment of revised salary of the First Year Trained Teacher to an Assistant Teacher in a Municipal Gujarati School.

46. Regarding the payment of a grant by the Schools Committee towards Sports held by a Welfare Society in the City.

Letters From The Commissioner—

47. Forwarding a statement showing the balances due by the Corporation to the Secretary of State for India in Council and the Municipal Debenture holders.

48. Forwarding a notification regarding the election of Mr. S. L. Silam as a Councillor from Ward No. 12 in place of Mr. Revji Daguji Dolas whose election was set aside by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court.

49. Forwarding monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies for the month of April 1939.

50. Regarding an encroachment over the compulsory open spaces of plots Nos. 60-61, Princess Street Estate.

51. Regarding a proposal to place the services of an Assistant Chemist on the Dadar Purification Works, at the disposal of the Quetta Reconstruction Department for a further period of one year.

52. Regarding a proposal for the extension of the period of the temporary lease of certain plots in Scheme 29, Nowroji Hill Estate.

53. Regarding the disqualification of Mr. G. A. Single from being a Councillor.

54. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of Malaria carrier mosquitoes detected in April 1939.

55. Forwarding a quarterly statement regarding the cleansing of drains and sewers in the City.

56. Forwarding half-yearly statement of persons employed in Municipal Service.

57. Regarding the appointment of a Committee by the Corporation to co-operate with Government and the Children's Aid Society in organising relief to destitute and delinquent children.

58. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the first quarter of 1939.

59. Forwarding quarterly statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

60. Forwarding a statement giving reasons for delay in submitting reports on certain Corporation Resolutions.

Government Communications—

61. Regarding the amendment of the Schools Committee's Grant-in-aid Code for allowing recognised schools to recover fees in advance.

62. Regarding the question of appointing the Chairman and the Secretary of the Schools Committee as Ex-Officio Chairman and Ex-Officio Joint Secretary respectively of the Bombay Adult Education Committee to be appointed by the Government of Bombay.

63. Letter from Mr. A. Soares, ex-representative of the Corporation on the University Senate, Bombay—Reporting on Corporation Resolutions concerning (1) Standardisation of holidays for Schools and Colleges; and (2) adoption of a set of particular text books for all registered schools in the City.

64-65. Letters from Mr. Soonderdas Morarji—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's Meetings on behalf of (64) Dr. Mrs. Malinibai B. Sukthankar and (65) Mr. Khimji Madon Bhujpuria.

66-67. Letters from (66) Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and (67) Mr. A. P. Sabavala—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's Meetings.

68-70. Letters from (68) Mrs. B. S. N. Cooper and Dr. S. B. Cooper; (69) the Private Secretary to His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay and (70) Mr. Mohamed Jaffer Rahimtoola Peerbhoy—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolutions on the deaths of (68) Mr. B. S. N. Cooper; (69) Pope Pius XI; and (70) Mr. Karmalli Peerbhoy Haji.

71. Letter from Mr. W. R. G. Smith, C.I.E.—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution appreciating his services as a Councillor.

72. Report of the Corporation's Representatives appointed to discuss the Beggar Problem in Bombay City with the Honourable the Home Minister.

73. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

74. From Mr. M. N. Talpade, seconded by Dr. B. H. Rajadhyaksha—For appointing a deputation to wait upon Government to negotiate for financial help towards the introduction of Free and Compulsory Education in the City.

75. From Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai—For cancelling the licence granted for a grinding mill at 65-73, C. P. Tank Road.

76-77. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—(76) For requesting the B. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd., to dim the lights at 9 p.m. as a time signal to the public; and 77 regarding the ruling given by His Worship the Mayor on an amendment moved in connection with the question of introducing Free and Compulsory Primary Education in A, C and D Wards of the City.

78. From Dr. J. N. Choksy—For requesting the Works Committee to report on the desirability of providing housing accommodation for every Municipal employee.

79. From Mr. D. V. Pradhan—For requesting the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., to fix the bus fares in such a way as not to exceed annas four on any longest route of their service.

80. From Mr. Mathooradas Tricumjee—For requesting the Commissioner to draw up a programme of sanitary campaign in the City.

81. From Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi—For requesting the Commissioner to submit a scheme for providing adequate number of open spaces in all the Wards of the City.

82. From Mr. S. K. Patil—For requesting Government to discuss in conference with the Corporation's representatives the question of financial help from them towards the expenditure on Free and Compulsory Education in the City.

83. From Mr. Soonderdas Morarji—For requesting the Commissioner to prepare a brochure giving therein all possible information relating to the water supply of the City.

84-86. From Dr. D. T. Anklesaria—For requesting the Commissioner to provide (84) adequate water supply for scavengers for bathing, etc., purposes; (85) a public urinal near the Sandhurst Road, G. I. P. Railway Station; and (86) swings, etc., in all Municipal play grounds in the City.

87. From Mr. D. V. Pradhan—For requesting the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., to extend their present 'J' Route Bus Service up to Worli Village.

88. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For expressing an opinion that the new system proposed to be introduced by the Bombay Telephone Co. of levying charges per call needs to be materially changed.

89. From Mr. D. V. Pradhan—For requesting the Commissioner to install a Radio Set in the Shivaji Park.

90-94. From Mr. Fateh Mahomed Haji Ramzan—For requesting the (90-91) Bombay Telephone Co. to (90) provide a Public Telephone Call Office near the J. J. Hospital; (91) reduce the rate of Telephone charges at Public Call Offices from annas two to anna one; (92-93) B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., to (92) open a Cash Receiving Office near the J. J. Hospital; (93) introduce half anna tram fare for the distance between Flora Fountain and Bori Bunder; and (94) Commissioner to convert the site known as 'Dayum Baugh' at Tank Street into a public garden or recreation ground.

95. From Mr. Ratilal T. Thakkar—For requesting the Bombay Telephone Co. to reduce the telephone charges from annas two to anna one at Public Telephone Centres in the City.

96-98. From Mr. S. S. Mirajkar—(96) Regarding the question of giving some immediate relief to the textile workers thrown out of employment due to closing down of night shifts, etc.; (97-98) for requesting the Commissioner to submit proposals for (97) covering up all open channels and drains; and (98) paving all footpaths in the northern part of the City.

99. From Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji—For improving the condition of the North Brooke Gardens.

100. From Mr. G. N. Desai—For expressing opinion that the Municipal employees be supplied uniforms of Khaddar cloth only.

101-102 From Mr. I. S. Patel—For extending the (101) tram lines from the Dadar Tram Terminus to the Mahim Causeway 'via' the Tilak Bridge; and (102) Bus Service from Worli to the Mahim Causeway 'via' Cadell Road.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor.

D. V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 6th June 1939.
379.

THE RAJARAM COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR.

RE-OPENS on 20th June. It is recognised up to M.A. and M.Sc. teaching in all principal subjects. Very healthy climate. Cheap living. Accommodation in College and Communal Hostels available.

For full information get Student's Handbook or Diary by sending five annas stamps. For Arts admission apply with remittance of Rs. 15 for Arts and Rs. 20 for Science.

BALKRISHNA,
Principal.
357.

FERGUSSON COLLEGE, POONA. DIPLOMA IN TEACHING.

(For students successful in Matriculation Examination).

The course for the above Diploma of the Bombay University will be started this year.

Fees for this course will be the same as First Year fees (subject to confirmation).

First 25 students from among the applicants for this course will be admitted.

Result of the admissions will be declared on the 19th June, 1939.

G. S. MAHAJANI,
Principal.
370.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

5 p.c. Loan of Rs. 1,75,000 taken by the Poona City Municipality for Laxmi Road will be repaid on the 1st of September, 1939. No interest will be paid from that date on the debentures of that loan. It is hereby notified for the information of the holders of those debentures that they should present their debentures in the Accounts Department of the Municipality or send them to that Office so as to reach there on the 1st of September, 1939. Amounts of the face values of the Debentures will be paid along with arrears of interest due in cash or by cheques.

(Sd.) K. N. SHIROLE,
President,
Poona City Municipality.
Poona City Municipal Office.
Dated:
377.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

City Engineer's Department.
(Architectural Branch).

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the demolition and removal of the materials of the buildings in the following groups:—

GROUP NO. I.

Premises Nos. 7-9, 11, 13, 15 & 17-19, Gunbow Street, Fort, and Premises Nos. 9-11 and 15, Homji Street, Fort.

GROUP NO. II.

Premises Nos. 73, 75, 77, 77-A, 39-41, 45, 47-49, 51-51A, 53-55, 1st Marine Street, Dhobi Talao.

GROUP NO. III.

Premises Nos. 751, 759 & 760, (S. P. Sheds) Palton Road, near Carnac Bridge.

Offers should be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed "Offer for Demolition of Buildings, Group No.——" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Head Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Friday the 16th June 1939 together with the required deposit. Printed forms containing full particulars of the buildings contained in each of the above groups as also the terms, conditions &c. subject to which the offers will be accepted can be had on payment of Re. 1 for each group of buildings from the office of the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
City Engineer's Deptt.,
(Architectural Branch),
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 6th June 1939.
378.

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Public Notices

NAIR HOSPITAL DENTAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY 8.

L.D.Sc. (Bombay) Diploma Course
The College RE-OPENS on JUNE 22ND.

It is a member of the International Dental Federation and its courses are recognised by the foreign University Dental Colleges.

ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS L.D.Sc. (Bom.), Four Years' Course. Matriculation or Senior Cambridge, Inter Science B, Group Candidates will be exempted from Chemistry, Physics and Biology.

L.D.Sc. (Bom.), Three Years' Course: For First L.C.P.S., or Intermediate M.C.P.S., or First M.B.B.S.

L.D.Sc. (Bom.), Two Years' Course:—For L.C.P.S., M.C.P.S., or M.B.B.S.

For admission and information apply enclosing Eight annas stamps, to The DEAN, The Nair Hospital Dental College, Bombay, 8.

351.

THE J. N. TATA ENDOWMENT FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION OF INDIANS, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS for the Studentships available for the current year for advanced study out of India will be received not later than the 31st July, 1939, by the Secretary, the J. N. Tata Endowment for Higher Education of Indians, Bombay House, Fort, Bombay. Applications should be sent in on a special form which will be sent on request and must be accompanied by COPIES ONLY of certificates as to character, special aptitude and physical fitness (including eye-sight) which will not be returned and a photograph of passport size. Applications of students who have graduated with conspicuous distinction will be considered. The Secretary cannot undertake to enter into correspondence with candidates.

The studentships available shall be so awarded that as far as practicable three studentships shall be given to Parsi candidates for every studentship given to a Non-Parsi candidate. But if eligible Parsi candidates are not available further studentships will be awarded to non-Parsi candidates.

315.

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY SCHOOL MINTO CIRCLE, ALIGARH.

SESSION BEGINS JULY 8TH 1939
Residential School run under European Head Master and experienced House Masters. All classes from infant (Montessori) to Matriculation. Apply for prospectus to Headmaster.
290

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
(Govt. Auctioneers.)

AUCTION SALE OF STUDEBAKER MOTOR CAR.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 12th day of June, 1939, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadow Street, Fort, by order of Seth Lalji Gokaldas, Advocate:—

Studebaker Motor Car No. X 9024, Eight Cylinders, Five Seater with two spare seats, recently overhauled, with two new tyres and tools.

Terms:—50 per cent deposit.

The above car will be available for inspection at our Auction Rooms any time between 3 and 5 p.m. (S.T.) on working days.

GANDHI & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOT OF COTTON DROPPINGS, STRIPINGS GUTTER & MACHINE FLY., ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will TO-DAY Wednesday, the 7th June, 1939, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by public auction at Anjirwadi Mazagaon opp. horses stables;

On account of the concerned 50 bales full pressed cotton droppings, about 40 boras stripings about 180 boras machine fly, about 110 boras gutter fly, about 800 boras droppings, 1 lot bardans etc. (Damaged by fire & water).

Terms—50 per cent deposit on the lot knocked down.

BENNETT & Co.,

X-RAY PLANT AND LABORATORY

Dr. Gulamalli's Gift Supplies Long-Felt Want Of Panchgani

Dr. F. C. Da'Cunha, chief medical officer of Dr. Billimoria's T. B. Sanatorium, performed the opening ceremony of Dr. Gulamalli's latest X-Ray Plant and an up-to-date Laboratory and Bacteriological Room in the commodious premises of Frygit Hora Panchgani on Friday last. The function was largely attended by visitors from Wai Panchgani and Mahableshwar numbering about 900. Among those present were Dr. Jones of Wanless Tuberculosis Sanatorium of Miraj, Dr. Neeve of Anand, the Nawab of Wai, the Thakore Saheb of Sanand state, the Nawab of Manavadar, Mr. Hussainbhoy Juvanji Moriswalla, the philanthropic donor of Bohra Sanatorium, Mr. Vachraj Doshi, manager of the Hindu Sanatorium, Mr. and Mrs. Ebrahim Daloobhoy and others.

Dr. Da'Cunha, remarked that Dr. Gulamalli had supplied a want long felt by the patients in and visitors to Panchgani and Mahableshwar. He was very much pleased to declare open the new and latest 1939 model of the X Ray Plant of the well-known Victor's X Ray Corporation. Science was advancing by leaps and bounds and to be upto the mark it was necessary to have the newer methods of X Ray and Laboratory in addition to clinical examination. He congratulated Dr. Gulamalli on this enterprise.

Mr. Batha then spoke about Panchgani, its old history, its being the centre of education, its climate and its progress year after year, the ever increasing number of visitors and the facilities that were provided for the Station by men like Dr. Gulamalli who was philanthropic enough to set up the latest X Ray Plant. He wished Dr. Gulamalli more years of active life.

Dr. Gulamalli thanked the audience for their splendid response to his invitation and also the Nawabs, Doctors, and Rajas for their presence. He was grateful to those who sent telegrams and letters wishing success and their inability to attend. Chief among those were Dr. K. B. Billimoria of The Bel Air Sanatorium Dr. Coyaji of Poona, Dr. Cook of Anand Hospital, Sir and Lady Rehmtulla Chinoy, Colonel Bhatia of the J. J. Hospital and others. Dr. Gulamalli also thanked Mr. Naoroji Adajania of the Panchgani Electric Supply Company for his promptness in fitting up the necessary electric equipment. Mr. Batha, Adj Irani and Mr. Naoroji Billimoria for their co-operation.

The visitors then all went in to see the latest X Ray and the Laboratory and dispersed after partaking of refreshments.

JOINT FAMILIES AND FREE LEGAL DEFENCE

W. I. A. A.'s Reply To Query From Ahmedabad

The Secretary of the W. I. A. A. writes:—

An Ahmedabad member who is the manager of a Hindu joint family recently asked for free legal defence on behalf of a brother of his on the grounds that all members of the joint family were entitled to the services of the W. I. A. A. free.

As he evidently misunderstood the position we would like to make it quite clear that membership is personal and applies to the actual person who pays the annual subscription of Rs. 20 and that no rights accruing to such a member may be transferred either to any other member or to any other person whatsoever, with one exception.

This one exception is the special rule that extends free legal defence to the husband or wife to all unmarried daughters over 18 years of age and to the paid driver of a full member, provided in each case the individual in question holds a valid motor driving licence. No other persons in any member's family are entitled to any of the Association's benefits which, we repeat, accrue personally to the man or woman who pays his or her annual subscription of Rs. 20.

We can quite see the point that one membership jointly applied to the members of a joint family would be highly advantageous to the members of a joint family—but alas, the W. I. A. A. even though it is the foremost motoring organisation in the East—cannot afford to extend its benefits in this wholesale fashion!

FAILURE IN MATRIC FOR FOURTH TIME LEADS TO SUICIDE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

That death was caused by asphyxiation from suicidal drowning at the Mahim Beach, was the verdict of the Bombay Coroner's jury, to-day, at the inquest on the body of a twenty-two year old youth named Sitakant Y Dalvi.

The deceased's body was found by the Mahim Police yesterday morning. It was stated by his nephew that he was living with witness and this was the fourth time that the deceased failed in the Matriculation examination this year.

Deceased had taken his failure to heart and was very much distressed. On the 5th instant he did not return home at the usual hour, and witness inquired for him. Witness found the decead's coat and a letter, which was in his own handwriting. Then deceased had stated in his own letter that he was committing suicide, as his parents were ashamed of his failure for the fourth-time in the Matriculation examination.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway
(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 5	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
*Deccan Queen	10 35	17 15
	Mon.	Fri.

*Will not run until after end of April 1939, except before and after important holidays.

B. B. & C. I. Railway
Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:

London—Bombay (Juhu)

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—London

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departures from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Colombo

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m.

Departure from Juhu:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-45 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 6-15 p.m.

Bombay—Trivandrum—Trichinopoly

Planes call at Goa, Cannanore and Trivandrum.

Departures from Juhu: Monday 8 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu: Wesdnesday, 3-15 p.m.

Bombay—Poona—Kolhapur

Departures from Juhu: Monday, and Saturday at 7-30 a.m.

Arrivals at Juhu:—Monday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Colombo—Bombay (Juhu)

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 9-45 a.m. Delivery: Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Singapore and Australia

Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay (via Calcutta)

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Hongkong China and Japan

Latest hour of posting: Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay (via Calcutta)

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Delhi

Planes call at Indore, Bhopal and Gwalior.

Departures from Juhu: Monday and Thursday, 6-30 a.m

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday and Tuesday 1-55 p.m.

Bombay—Kathiawar

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 10-45 a.m.

SYMPATHY WITH DIGBOI STRIKERS'

The Secretary of the A.C.C. Workers' Union issues the following press note:—

Our President Sj. Jagannath Upadhaya who had been out of Digboi for a fortnight has now returned. He called on the Rashtrapati, Sj. G. D. Birla, Pandit Jawaharlal and several other eminent leaders of All-India fame. All of them sympathised with the workers and assured of moral and economic support to their just cause. They exhorted the strikers to remain calm and peaceful.

We give below an incident which shows how some of the overzealous black-legs attempt to take the strikers to Company's Workshops by force:—

On May 31 at about 9-30 p.m. a Punjabee driver of the Company came in a vanette and stopped near two volunteers who were on duty. The driver ordered the volunteers to get into the vanette. On refusing, the driver caught hold of one volunteer by the neck and pushed him towards the vanette.

At this moment a Captain of the volunteers arrived on the spot and asked the volunteer to get out of the grip of the driver. At this the driver flew into a rage, left the volunteer alone and taking hold of a spear (which was in the vanette) was about to hit the captain. The Captain fortunately moved some distance and was not hurt. The driver then left the place and drove towards the workshop.

The matter has been reported to the police and we await the outcome with interest.

BARODA, June 5

A Press Note says that the construction of a road between Kamrej, Orna, Nagod and Rundhwada in Kamrej taluka, in Navsari district, has been undertaken at a cost of Rs. 46,000 the Government contributing Rs. 23,200. The people of the villages will supply the metal and the labour estimated to cost Rs. 23,000.—United Press

More Support To Forward 'Bloc'

PABNA, June 5.

The Pabna District Political Conference, which was held here under the presidentship of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Opposition in the Bengal Legislative Assembly, passed a resolution according whole-hearted support to the "Forward Bloc" formed by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

By another resolution, the Conference demanded the return of the building and property of the Pabna Congress Committee, which were confiscated by Government.—United Press.

BERLIN, June 6.

The Spanish General Aranda presented General von Brauchitsch with the Spanish Military Service Cross with a letter from General Franco.—Reuter.

BARODA, June 6.

Latest information from Sidhpur indicates that the situation is calm and normal. Hindus and Muslims are moving freely. Shops have been opened.

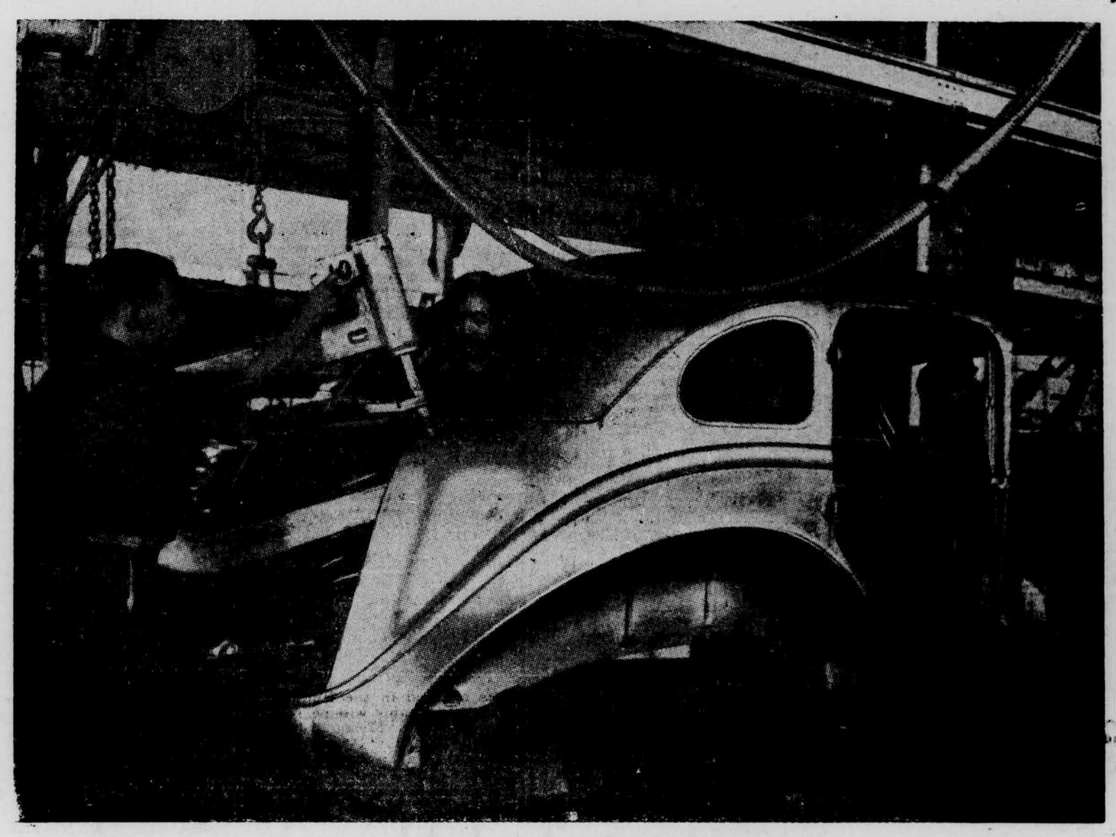
REMOVE 'BLACK HOLE' PILLARS

Bengal Ulema Conference Demand

CALCUTTA, June 5.

The All-Bengal Ulema Conference which concluded its session this evening under the Presidentship of Maulana Obeidullah Sindhi passed a resolution regretting the internecine strifes and communal tension that prevail in different parts of India and urging all provincial Governments to check them with a strong hand.

By another resolution the conference requested the Bengal Government to remove the "Black Hole" pillar located at Dalhousie Square as the story of the "Black Hole" tragedy was not a historical fact. The conference also asked all Indians irrespective of their caste and creed not to use foreign articles.—United Press.



Supporting *India*

CHRYSLER PRODUCT DISTRIBUTORS

BOMBAY
Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency Ltd.
International Motor Co.
Kandawalla & Co.
Motor Car Agency.

CALCUTTA
French Motor Car Co Ltd.
G. McKenzie & Co. (1919) Ltd.
United Motors-Branch of G. McKenzie & Co. (1919) Ltd.

DELHI
Pearey Lal & Sons Ltd.

KARACHI
Merwanji Edulji & Co. Ltd.

LAHORE
Anand Automobiles.
Pearey Lal & Sons (Lahore) Ltd.

LUCKNOW
French Motor Car Co. Ltd.
G. McKenzie & Co. (1919) Ltd.

MADRAS
Addison & Co. Ltd.
Southern Motors.

SECUNDERABAD
Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency (Secunderabad) Ltd.

and over one hundred Sales and Service Dealers throughout India.

India's economic advancement can be achieved only by the extension of productive industry within the borders of the country. Every individual workman who secures new, profitable employment marks another step towards supporting India.

The Distributors of Chrysler, Dodge, De Soto and Plymouth, together with their Dealers, are now supplying their Motor Cars and Trucks from assembly plants located strategically throughout India. This co-operative plan aids India's industrial growth by supplying work to craftsmen and to labour — in the assembly, painting, upholstering, finishing and fitting of the vehicles.

These plants, owned by Distributors and operated under the guidance of Chrysler Assembly Engineers assure purchasers of Chrysler products the high standards set by the Chrysler Corporation.

CA/9

CHRYSLER - DODGE - DE SOTO - PLYMOUTH ☆ DODGE TRUCKS - FARGO TRUCKS

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Light music 8-20 News in English 8-30 Ghazals and geets 8-45 Instrumental music

12-30 p. m. A I R Chorus 12-35 Sarod solo 12-40 Ghulam Mustafa 12-45 D Amel 12-50 Kumar Gandharv 12-55 Radio Quartet 1-0 Market rates and announcements 1-10 Mutual understanding, lesson in Hindustani and English for beginners 1-25 Master Nagesh 1-30 Music 3-30 Variety. 4-0 Ladio ploglam. 4-15 Classical music 6-0 Jyotsna Bhole of Poona 6-30 Sitar recital 6-40 Master Iqbal 6-50 Gujarati garbas 7-0 Muslim charities: (Gujarati) by Gulamali G. Merchant 7-15 E G Pargaonker 7-30 Commercial news 7-45 Variety by the youngsters. 8-15 Shah-i-Firaq. 8-25 Jyotsna Bdole. 8-55 Local news and announcements 9-0 News in Hindustani 9-15 News in English 9-35 Bhavgeet 9-45 World affairs (from B B C) 10-0 Vishnupant pagnis 10-30 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-0 a. m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. and 3-30 to 4-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6-0 Master Iqbal 6-10 Kashta Tarang 6-15 E G Paragaonker 6-30 Shamsuddin 6-40 Songs from sitara 6-50 Kumar Gandharv 7-0 to 9-35 As in Bombay 1 9-35 Julia Wortmann: pianoforte recital 9-50 Czech Philharmonic orchestra 10-0 Beethoven violin and piano sonata series 5 10-20 Frieda Dyer: Vocal rec'tal 10-30 Epilogue.

Delhi—1, 2 And 3 Programmes

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

8-0 a. m. As in Bombay 1 8-10 News in Hindustani 8-20 News in English 8-30 As in Bombay 1.

12-30 to 2-30 p. m. As in Bombay 1.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 News in English 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 to 7-0 As in Bombay 2 7-0 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1 9-0 News in Hindustani 9-15 News in English 9-35 to 10-30 As in Bombay 2

Lahore—Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-0 p. m. Ferozabai 6-10 Shamsad begam 6-25 Ahmadi khan 6-35 Bhagat Motan Das of Sukkur 6-50 Shamshad begam 7-0 Ferozabai. 7-20 Gujarati listener's choice 7-30 Bhagat Motan Das of Sukkur 7-45 Let us go out with them. 5. 8-0 For countryside. 8-30 Malik Arjun Mansur 8-35 Conversazione in Hindustani 8-55 Des on the banjo 9-0 News in Hindustani 9-15 News in English 9-35 Leviathan 9-50 Bhagat Motan Das 10-0 Shamshad begam.

Peshawar Programme

(Broadcasts on 209 metres (1,500 kc/s) from 7 to 10-30 p. m., relaying Lahore programmes from 8 p. m.)

Lucknow—Programme

283.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)

6-0 p.m. Mohammad Husain. 6-15 Kaneez Khatoon of Cawnpur. 6-20 Budhi Bhadra. 6-35 Umra Zia Begam. 6-42 Mohammad Husain. 6-50 Kaneez Khatoon. 7-0 For Children. 7-45 Tabees (Hindustani). 8-15 Budhi Bhadra. 8-25 Mohammad Husain. 8-40 Film Hits. 8-55 Mubarak Husain. 9-40 Budhi Bhadra. 9-50 Mohammad Husain. 10-10 Kaneez Khatoon. 10-30 Girdhari Hangal. 10-37 Sawani.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s.)

10-30 a.m. Khana. 12-30 p.m. Variety. 12-50 Music. 1-30 School Broadcast. 1-50 Music. 1-55 Conquests and trial of Alexander. (Bengali) Dr. Kalidas Nag. 2-15 For Student Listeners. 5-0 Variety. 6-10 Bimal Bhusan Mukherjee. 6-30 Nirmal Chatterjee. 6-50 Kavi Jaidev. 9-10 Geeta Mittra. 9-30 Sushila Sen of Monipur. 9-50 Jantri Sangh. 10-0 Pankaj Kumar Mullick.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)

10-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s.)

5-0 to 6-10 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 6-10 For Countryside. 6-50 to 9-10 As in Calcutta 1. 9-10 Theodore Chaliapine. 9-25 Chicago Symphony Orchestra. 9-30 Talk of Town. 9-45 Music of John Foulds.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. V. Srinivasa Pillai Nagaswaram. 5-30 Light Melodies. 6-0 Prof. M. Natu: Hindustani Vocal. 6-45 V. Srinivasa Pillai Nagaswaram. 7-15 Student: (Tamil) by V. D. Krishnaswami. 7-30 Kandra Devi Tiruvengadam Iyengar: Vocal. 8-15 Carnatic Orchestra. Vachaspathi. 8-25 Kanda Devi Tiruvengadam Iyengar: Vocal. 8-55 Master of Arts: by S. V. Vijayaraghavachari (S. U. V.) 9-30 Shrimati S. P. Seethalakshmi: Vocal.

Madras—II Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.)

5-0 to 9-30 p.m. As in Madras 1. 9-30 Selection. 9-36 Let's Dance. 10-10 Phyllis Morton: Soprano.

Trichy Programme

327 metres (753 kc/s)

2-0 p. m. Radio matinee 6-0 For villagers 6-30 Parasurama Iver of Suchindram: vocal 7-0 Can it be done in Tamil? 7-15 Bright melody and song 7-30 Radio theatre presents (Tamil). 8-0 Parasurama Iver of Suchindram: Vocal. 8-45 S. Narayana Iyengar.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 p.m. Empire Orchestra. 8-30 Hymen and Highwayman. 9-0 Lou Preager and his Band. 9-30 News. 9-45 World Affairs by Sir Alfred Zimmern. 10-0 Theatreland. 10-25 Sports News and Market Notes.

FRENCH AMATEUR OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Richard Chapman And Jacques Leglise To Meet In Final

LONDON, June 5.

The final of the French amateur Open Golf Championship will be played at St. Germain over 36 holes between the American Richard Chapman and Jacques Leglise, winner of the title in 1937.

In to-day's semi-finals Leglise beat Harry Bentley, winner in 1931 and 1932 by 1 up.

Chapman beat L. Brisson 4 and 3.—Reuter.

PROFESSIONAL GOLF

Great Britain Beat Argentine In First Match

LONDON, June 5.

At Leeds, the first match between the British and Argentine Professionals was won by Great Britain 5-3, with 1 halved. Josejurado, seven times Argentine champion, beat J. Adams, Scottish International by 2 holes.—

HARWOOD LEAGUE

B. E. S. T. Break 'Gloomy' Spell

Two Goals In Two Minutes Bring Decisive Victory Over Y. M. C. A.

Rallying vigorously during the closing stages of the game—when they scored two goals in rapid succession through their pivot Adams—the B.E.S.T.—broke their recent 'gloomy' spell—by earning full points at the expense of the Y.M.C.A. in the Harwood (Senior) League—on the Cooperage ground last evening. This is how the game went:

HOW THE GAME WENT

After an initial five minutes of uneventful even midfield exchanges—B.E.S.T. were the first to get going—Wilkins connecting with a fine long range pass from Adams only to send it over—from close range. The Young Men soon returned to the attack—and after Pope—who didn't seem to be relishing his new position of 'spearhead' very much—had spoilt a couple of really 'dangerous' quintette movement by being too slow on his feet—at the crucial moment—Sweeney accepting a well-timed gallery pass from Mulleneux, broke away on his own in spirited fashion—but with only Fernandes to beat—shot over.

B.E.S.T. TAKE LEAD.

On the other side—after another three minutes of uninteresting up and down ball-swinging—Adams put Lissenburg in possession—and the latter working himself up close to the advantage line cleverly tapped the ball on to B. Gardner who ran up and beat Lynn with a deceptive angular follow-through—in the 10th minute of play (1—0) Shaken up by this early reverse the Y.M.C.A.—now accelerated the pace and Fernandes was called upon to save successively from Sweeney and Jesudian. The B.E.S.T. custodian however was not to be caught napping and the Young Men's subsequent determined efforts to obtain the equaliser met with a like fate—this added to the poor finishing and indifferent shooting of the Tramwaymen's forwards—culminating in there being no further scoring in the earlier half.

POOR MARKSMANSHIP.

On resumption the Y.M.C.A went all out for the equaliser right from the kick-off—and Salim who was now leading the attack in place of Pope—shifted on to right anchor—soon worked his men up in a really dangerous manner: Unfortunately for the Young Men—marksmanship did not seem to be their quintette's forte and rank bad shooting—as many as four sitters being missed in the first six minutes of the latter period—deprived them not only of a well-deserved equaliser but of an equally well-deserved substantial lead. With the B.E.S.T. being obviously not keen on increasing their lead—the game from now on took a monotonous turn—with the Y.M.C.A. throughout enjoying more of the territorial advantage.

VIGOROUS RALLY.

But just when hopes of levelling up seemed to be fading—Sweeney woke the spectators up by sprinting down the gallery in determined style and beating Fernandes with a cleverly placed close-range half-volley—in the 20th minute after resumption. (1—1). The equaliser put the B.E.S.T. on their mettle—and apart from some half-a-dozen sporadic run-downs by the Y.M.C.A.'s inner trio-ending either in the attackers shooting wide or in Fernandes doing some smart work between the uprights—the last quarter of the game found only one side in the picture—Adams soon sealing the Young Men's fate by netting twice in rapid succession—just four minutes before full time—which came with the Tramwaymen running out easy winners by a decisive two-goal margin. (3—1).

RESULT:

B. E. S. T.	3
Y. M. C. A.	1

THE TEAMS WERE.

B.E.S.T.—Fernandes, Moore and Elliott, Smith, Adams and W. Gardner, Wilkins, B. Gardner, Lissenburg. Robertson and Kolopkar.

Y.M.C.A.—Lynn, Almeida and Duthie, McMurran, Glewis and Mulleneux, Jasudian, Sweeney, Pope, Salim and Vining.

REFEREE: Mr. Kotian.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.
(COOPERAGE.)

"D" Company South Lancs Vs. Caltex.
At 6 p.m.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Britain's Exit From Davis Cup

(By LOOKER-ON).

As I said last week. England had little chance against Germany in their semi-final round engagement in the Davis Cup. But I did not expect that they would be so badly mauled as to lose all the five matches to their formidable rivals. Not only that, they could snatch away but one set only from their opponents in the series. Such a crushing defeat was possible for Germany, mainly because C. E. Hare, England's first string, was unable to do his bit owing to a strained back muscle. Shayes was completely at sea against Menzel and Henkel. With Von Metaxa to strengthen their double's combination, it is now more than certain that Germany will overpower the Yugoslavians who have now entered the final of the European Zone by defeating the Belgians. But Australia is sure to prove a thorn to their side in the Inter-Zone final.

CHARANJIVA'S ADVICE

Mr. J. Charanjiva, the non-playing Captain of the Indian Davis Cup Team, has been contributing articles to our Bori Bunder contemporary on the doings of the men under his charge. While I cannot understand why an official sent to Europe at the expense of India should send his article to the Anglo-Indian papers, to the exclusion of the nationalist press, I cannot but appreciate and support the views he expressed therein in regard to the training of our players. Commenting on the exhaustion of Savur towards the end of his match with Naeyart, he writes:—

"I take this opportunity of commending to those who guide the destiny of Lawn Tennis in India to institute best-of-five-set matches at least in the semi-finals and finals of all important tournaments at stations where the climate permits of their adoption. Modern Lawn Tennis, particularly as it is played in International contests, is a most strenuous form of exercise which requires months of serious and systematic training, and it is therefore essential that our national and provincial championships are won by those who possess both skill and stamina".

I hope the A.I.L.T.A. will look into this question early.

WORLD HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP

It is now definitely stated that the International Hockey Tournament will be staged at Amsterdam next year when the World Olympic Games will be held in Finland And the World Championship will be at stake. It is expected that India will join the issue and defend her title. There is no question about getting together an unbeatable side. Talents are in plenty. The only difficult proposition which the Indian Hockey Federation will have to tackle satisfactorily is finance. The trip will cost a good bit of money. It is up to the I.H.F. to find it anyhow. I understand a proposal is being mooted to hold the Interprovincial Hockey trials in Bombay next year along with the All-India Olympic Games. Although it may bring in a certain amount of money to the coffers of the I. H.F., it is not likely to be very substantial. It will not do to go a begging every four years to the princes and merchants. A permanent fund must be raised to make India's participation in the World Championship a certainty every time.

SONDHI'S BOMBSHELL

The other day Mr. G. D. Sondhi, a former secretary of the Indian Olympic Association and now a vice-president of that body, took the Indian athletic world by surprise by stating that India should not send a team to the next Olympic Games at Helsinki. The reason for his throwing this bombshell is said to be that Indian athletes make such a poor show at the games that they actually lower the prestige of their country, instead of raising it. I do not know when Mr. Sondhi realised this unpalatable truth. As long as he was Honorary Secretary of the I.O.A.—that is, till last year, we did not hear of it. At any rate, he never suggested that India should not participate in the World Games. I am sure everybody realises—and no less the I.O.A.—that the Indian standard should be raised as high as possible and every effort should be made in this direction. Does Mr. Sondhi really mean that India is sleeping over the question altogether?

PATIALA'S RETORT

The new President of the I.O.A., the young Maharaja of Patiala, has rightly taken Mr. Sondhi to task for his effrontry in this matter. In pointing out the ideal of the Olympic Games, "For the love of the sport and not for personal gain", the Maharaja declares that India must participate in the games at Helsinki next year, even though she may not fare well. It is only by trying persistently one can reach the top. It is all very well to say that the money to be spent on the trip should be utilised for training and coaching our athletes. But Mr. Sondhi forgets that there are many other hurdles for our athletes to negotiate before they can stand on a par with the leading athletes of the world. Handicapped as the I. O.A. and provincial associations are financially, they are trying to meet them gradually. Does Mr. Sondhi wish that India should stay out of the games until the millenium arrives? If he removes impetus of participation in the World Games every four years, does he expect a quicker rate of progress among the athletes? I don't think so.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE

Amended Fixtures For This Week

The following are the amended fixtures for the Bengal Club Cup League during this week:—

SHIVAJI PARK, MAHIM

Thursday, June 8, 4-45 P.M. Y.M.C.A. "A" vs. Young Muslims.

5-45 P.M. Young Goans vs. Eengal Club.

Saturday, June 10, 4-45 P.M. Young Goans vs. Khatay Sports.

5-45 P.M. St. Xaviers College vs. United Young Friends.

Sunday June 11, 4-45 P.M. Y.M.C.A. "B" vs. White Star.

5-45 P.M. Young Boys vs. Y.M.C.A. "A".

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE GROUND, PAREL

Sunday, June 11, 4-45 P.M. Crocodiles vs. Burmah Shell.

5-45 P.M. W.I.A.A. vs. Times of India.

RICH BLOOD
FOR
HEALTHY PURSUITS
Pure and rich blood is the foundation of good health. Let Bristol's Sarsaparilla tone up your blood and keep it free from impurities.
For more than a century doctors have recommended Bristol's Sarsaparilla as the safest remedy for impure blood.
Buy a bottle today but be sure it is Bristol's Sarsaparilla.
BRISTOL'S
Sarsaparilla

SECOND BIG WEEK OF APPLAUSE

PRAKASH PICTURES
SAGA OF THE SONS OF THE SOIL

LEATHER FACE

Direction: VIJAY BHATT
ALL STAR CAST

Daily 4-45; 7-30 & 10 p.m.

SUPER

Tomorrow Matinee: AT 2-15 p.m.

By SPECIAL INSISTENT DEMAND—
TO DAY AT 1-30 P.M. LADIES' SHOW
SECOND ZENANA SHOW of NEW THEATRES'
"DUSHMAN"
Starring:—
SAIGAL, LEELA DESAI, ETC.
16th Great Week
USUAL SHOWS:—
1-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
KRISHNA
To-morrow being King's Birthday
SPECIAL MATINEE AT 1-45 P.M.

SARAT BABU'S NOVEL ON THE SCREEN:
NEW THEATRES' NEW SOCIAL:
"BARI-DIDI"
Starring:
MOLINA, PAHARI & NAWAB
4th Grand Week
ROXY
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
To-morrow being H M. King's Birthday: Matinee at 1-45 p.m.

FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS
FLYING DOWN TO RIO
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

FIFTH Fascinating Week . . .
SHREE RANJIT'S Stirring Social
THE KICK!
Starring:
MADHURI, KUMAR, CHARLIE.
Direction: A. R. KARDAR.
WEST END
Daily: 4-15, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
To-morrow Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
H.M. King's Birthday

MEET THE HANDSOMEST HERO OF 1939
PARESH BANERJI
listen to his golden voice in the song
"PRABHU AMRAT KYU NAHI BARASATE"
In MAHALAXMI STUDIOS LTD. PRODUCTION
PREMSAGAR
A ROMANCE OF ANCIENT LANKA
Directed by PT. N. VYAS
KOKILA
RAMPYARI
INDUBALA
AT
MINERVA
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10.
MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 1-45

3RD BIG WEEK
A GREAT HISTORICAL EPIC
BAJI PRABHU DESHPANDE
CENTRAL
CINEMA GIRGAUM
ZENANA SHOW TO-DAY at 2 p.m.
Shows Daily:—4-30; 7-15; & 10.
Matinee at 2 p.m. On Holiday

STAR FLASHES
by CHARLES BRUNO

"AYE AYE, SIR!"
DIRECTOR EDMUND GOULDING WEARS A YACHTSMAN'S OUTFIT WHILE DIRECTING ..... BUT HE DOESN'T OWN A YACHT!
TO INSURE HER CAREER IN FILMS 12-YEAR-OLD JANE WITHERS HAS SPENT $10,000 IN SKATING LESSONS, VOICE TRAINING, HORSEMANSHIP, FRENCH SPANISH AND SWIMMING LESSONS.
A COMPLETE BLACKSMITH SHOP WAS BUILT OF NEW LUMBER, AGED 50 YEARS; USED AS A FILM SET FOR 'JESSE JAMES' AND TORN DOWN ..... ALL IN THE SPACE OF 36 HOURS!

EVERY WEEK ADDS TO ITS MELLOW FLAVOUR!
HUNS' PICTURES
BRILLIANT MUSICOMEDY
"A BOTTLE OF BRANDY"
With
MEENAKSHI & MALVANKAR
FOURTH WEEK
AT
MAJESTIC
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10
Matinee on Thursday at 1-45
DISTRIBUTORS: FAMOUS PICTURES, Bombay, 4.

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.

TO-MORROW MATINEE 1-45 P.M

The Film That was Fanned AJANTA'S SCREEN EPIC ON THE

PROBLEM that CONFRONTS The World To-day!

"THE MILL OR MAZDUR"

Directed by M. BHAVNANI

Featuring the RARE Combination of the GALAXY of STARS

BIBBO

(SAGAR'S Lovely Star, LOVELIER THAN EVER)

P. JAIRAJ

(The Popular hero of BOMBAY TALKIES 'BHABI')

BHUDO ADVANI

(Sagar's & INDIA'S MOST POPULAR Commedienne)

NAYAMPALLI TARABAI

(The Fair, Sweet Songstress)

Free List Entirely Suspended.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

The GILBERT & SULLIVAN Opera

THE MIKADO

ALL IN TECHNICOLOUR with

KENNY BAKER, JEAN COLIN

Also The DERBY 1939.

NEXT SAT.

"THE 3 MUSKETEERS

METRO

DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.

TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 2 DAYS

FRIDAY

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's

"THE ICE FOLLIES OF 1939"

Starring:

JOAN CRAWFORD

THE CAPITOL

Daily at 4-45, 7-30 & 10 p.m.

SANT TUKARAM

Also

OPENING OF SCINDIA BUILDING BY SARDAR PATEL

NEXT SATURDAY

MOTHER INDIA

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 5, 1995
Muslim: Rabiul-Akhar 15, 1358
Parsi: Deh 5, 1308
Hightide: 2-08 4-52
Lowtide: 7-51: 2-40
Sunrise: 6h. 1m.
Sunset: 7h. 14m.

Municipal Schools Committee, 5-10 p.m.

Thursday, June 8.

King's Birthday: Bank closed. Public holiday.

MATRICULATION RESULT

In the Matriculation result published on 5th June under Bombay Centre, No. 2173 for Nasrkar S.S. should be read, Nagarkar S. S.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N.Y.K. Steamer s.s. "Kinyo Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on 2nd June, and is expected to arrive here on or about 28th June.

LAL BAVTA HOTEL KAMGAR UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Lal Bavta Hotel Kamgar Union will be held to-day (Wednesday), at the office of the Union at Kandewadi to chalk out a programme for the current month.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE

On behalf of the Indian Progressive Group, Dr. F. D. Antia, a leading member of the Group will comment on Current Indian Affairs such as The States' agitation, The Asiatic Bill, Prohibition etc. to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. The talk will be followed by a discussion.

"SRI SAMPURNA RAMAYANAM"

The sixteenth of the above series of Harikatha Kalakshepam on Sampurna Ramayanam by Sriman Bhagavathar Chudamani Ennappadam Venkatarama Bhagavathar will be held to-day at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Asthika Samaj Hall.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association there will be a public meeting at the Asthika Samaj Hall on Thursday the 8th inst. at 8-30 a.m. when Sri K. Subrahmaniam, B.A., B.L., (Director United Artiste's Corpn., Madras) of Bala Yogini and Thyaga Bhumi fame will speak.

MEETING OF BOARD OF "TIBBIYA COLLEGE" BOMBAY.

Owing to the absence of the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie on account of his brother's sad demise, the first meeting of the Board of the "Tibbiya College", Bombay has been postponed from the 2nd to the 12th instant, and that the meeting will be held at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the latter date (12th June) at the residence of Dr. K. A. Hamied, (of Okasa Company) at 7 Jassim House, Cuffe Parade, Colaba. The duly elected members of the Board, whose names have been announced are requested to attend the meeting.

NATIONAL KANNADA EDUCATION SOCIETY, MATUNGA

Kannadiga parents residing in the North of Bombay are informed that the above Society has been constituted with the object of conducting a Kannada School in Matunga. Ten life-members have joined the Society. The proposed Kannada School will be located in the Pearl Mansion (near Napoo Hall), Chandavarkar Road. The services of a trained school master, who has been in the profession for about 20 years, have been secured.

The school will be formally started on Sunday (11th inst.) at 8-30 a.m. The Hon. Mr. Latthe, Finance Minister of Bombay, will declare the school open publicly some time in the 3rd or 4th week of this month. The exact date will be intimated.

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Flying Down to Rio" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Mikado" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bari-Didi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Sant Tukaram" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Kick". Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Leather Face" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Premsagar" Daily at 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dushman". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"The Mill" Daily at 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"A Battle of Brandy". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Adhikar". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Baji Prabhu Deshpande". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Dodge City". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL LEAGUE OF RADICAL CONGRESSMEN

A conference of the radical Congressmen from Bombay and Suburbs will be held on the 17th and 18th June 1939, under the presidentship of Comrade Bhupendra Nath Sanyal, a member of A.I.C.C. from U.P. The place will be declared later on.

POSTAL NOTICE

As the East Gulf Mail Steamer s.s. "Varsova" is now due to sail on 8-6-39 after the arrival of English Mail Steamer s.s. 'Chitral' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 8-6-39 at 11-0 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G.P.O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregd. correspondence upto 6-30 p.m. on 8-6-39

Registered correspondence upto 5-0 p.m. on 7-6-39.

Parcels correspondence upto 5-0 p.m. on 7-6-39.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

ADULT EDUCATION AT VILE PARLE

An educational cinema show was held in the Goklibai High School Hall by the Vile Parle night school and Adult Education Association on Saturday last nearly three hundred persons attended. Harijans of Vile Parle Municipality, workers of various local factories and Christian farmers and fishermen were present in large numbers.

In the beginning a film depicting the Chinese and Japanese life in Manchukuo was shown. Another film showing the process of digestion followed. Both these films were accompanied with explanation and commentary by the school staff.

In the interval an interesting debate on prohibition took place in which many people took part.

The show terminated with a comic film and singing of Vande Matram.

Amateur Music Competition

The Bombay Students' Brotherhood intends to hold Music Competition for Amateurs shortly. In this connection, an advisory committee consisting of the following members has been formed; Mrs. S. A. Ahmed, Mr. Ramdas Khimji, Mrs. Welingkar, Mr. G. N. Joshi and Harindranath Chattopadhyaya. Gold medals, gramophone Records, books and certificates of merit will be awarded to deserving competitors.

The first meeting of the advisory committee will be held on Saturday, June 10, at 4-30 p.m. at the office of the Students' Call, 21, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

LIGHT SHOWERS IN CITY GIVE WELCOME BUT BRIEF RESPITE

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

Citizens of Bombay, who were in the grip of sultry weather for the last three days had a welcome respite this morning.

Sharp showers of rain fell in the northern part of the city and the suburbs shortly before day break, people sleeping on the pavements and in the compounds of buildings having to hustle back indoors with their beddings.

The first shower lasted for about five minutes and at sunrise, the sky appeared to be clear. Later however clouds again gathered and there was intermittent rain for about half-an-hour between 7-30 and 8 a.m.

Old umbrellas and water-proofs tucked away in some remote corner were brought out, but the precaution proved to be unnecessary as the weather cleared and Bombay was once again hot and sticky.

sticky. But again between 8 and 9 p.m. there was a fairly good shower for a few minutes. However in spite of a cloudy sky there seemed little hope of the Monsoon being in our midst so soon, and the city returned to sultry weather.

Future Of Solicitors' Articled Clerks

Mr. K. S. Vahia and others of Messrs. Crawford Baily and Co., write:—

We, the undersigned Articled Clerks, who are or will be candidates for the Articled Clerks' Examination in due course, consider that in view of the policy of the Bombay Government as recently announced by the Hon'ble Mr. K. M. Munshi of abolishing the dual system in the Bombay High Court some action must be taken by these persons who will be candidates for the said examination to ensure some measure of relief and concession from the hardship to which they will be put in view of the proposed abolition of the dual system and also to ensure some degree of certainty as to their own future in view of the present uncertain state of affairs.

In view of this we invite you to a meeting of all Articled Clerks who are or will be candidates for the said examination which is proposed to be held at the Alexandra Girls School, Opposite the Queen's Statue at the junction of Waudby Road and Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, on Saturday the 10th June 1939 at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.) We hope that you will attend the said meeting and give your whole-hearted support or express your views as to any representation or other action that those present may decide upon.

A Lahore correspondent writes:—

"The following telegram has been sent by Dewan Bahadur S. P. Singha, M.L.A., Chairman of the Provincial Executive Committee of the Punjab Indian Christian Association to the President, Indian Christian Association, Cawnpore, in connection with the Satyagraha by Indian Christians at Cawnpore protesting against the sale of Christian Church properties by the Missions:—"Supporting you with prayers if necessary can send jatha from Punjab."

'FORD' OFFICER FOUND GUILTY

Charge Of Rash Driving

Mr. H. Muir Hardinge, Publicity Officer of the Ford Motors, Ltd., was found guilty on a charge of rash and negligent driving by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150.

Part of the fine was ordered to be paid to three witnesses in the case as compensation.

Before the Magistrate passed orders, the accused pleaded that his licence should not be cancelled and gave an undertaking that in future he would be more careful.

The prosecution case was that the accused bumped thrice into a stationary car in front of the Film Exhibition Grounds and when the driver remonstrated, he was assaulted A dentist and a cashier, who were on the scene were also assaulted.

The accused pleading not guilty denied having driven the car in a rash and negligent manner and he only retaliated in self-defence.

On the evidence before the Court, the accused was found guilty and sentenced as above.

Posting Of Name As Defaulter Held To Be Not Defamation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Does the posting of the name of member of a club as defaulter on the notive board constitute defamation? This point was argued to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court. When the notice issued against Mr. A. A. Jasdanwala, Secretary of the Cricket Club of India came up forhearing.

The complainant is a Parsi lady, who filed a case of defamation against the Respondent on behalf of her minor son alleging that the Respondent as the secretary of the Cricket Club of India posted a notice stating that her minor son who was a life member of the Club, was a defaulter and that therefore he had ceased to be a member.

Mr. K. F. Nariman appearing for the complainant stated that respondent by publishing the name of his client's son as a defaulter had lowered him in the estimation of the public. He further contented that the boy had not to pay the amount given in the list. For most of the time, he was out of Bombay, being a student in Panchghani High School.

Mr. Barodawala, who appeared for the respondent said that his client by posting the name as a defaulter had not made any defamatory statement The name was posted for non-payment of legitimate dues which was allowed by the rules of the Club.

The magistrate was of the opinion that there was no defamation and added that he would discharge the respondent tomorrow, when he would give reasons for doing so.

"That HENNESSY saved my life"

Some people prefer the rains to the heat—but the monsoon brings its health-risks too . . . A thorough soaking, a chill and fever and—doctor's bills at the best. Keep off chills with the heartening glow of fine Hennessy Brandy—Hennessy, pure old cognac . . . the safe stimulant. *Always keep Hennessy handy.*

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TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Yesterday morning's shower of rain was a clear indication that Old Man Monsoon is now likely to make his long awaited appearance in a few days time.

In the Suburbs the coming of the monsoon is keenly looked forward to. By this time last year the Suburbs had quite a number of showers, while the delay this year has caused grave anxiety in Suburban areas where the public is dependent for their water supply on wells.

The fishing season at most of the fishing villages is now stopped and the boats are parked on the foreshores. A correspondent from Chimbai fishing village, which is just a small village surrounded by residential dwellings, writes about the parking of the boats and hopes the Municipality will move into this matter.

The correspondent writes "the fishermen in Chimbai are very obstinate and park their boats under the eaves of the houses and next to the doors and windows, so that both light and air is obstructed."

He continues there is plenty of space in the foreshore beyond the Chimbai "Gauthan" and the fishermen should be asked to park their boats there as the houses at that place are far away from the shore and their is no danger to life."

CATECHISM COMPETITION

The annual Bombay Suburban Catholic schools Catechism Competition is to be held this year on Sunday 18th June at St. Andrew's High School, Bandra, at 5-30 p.m.

This is a very popular function and Catholics from all parts of the Suburbs flock in large numbers. This competition is being held under the direction of Rev. P. E. Fernandes, Diocesan Inspector of Schools, Bombay Suburban District cum Thana District.

MATRICULATION RESULTS

The Suburbs have fared pretty well in their matriculation results.

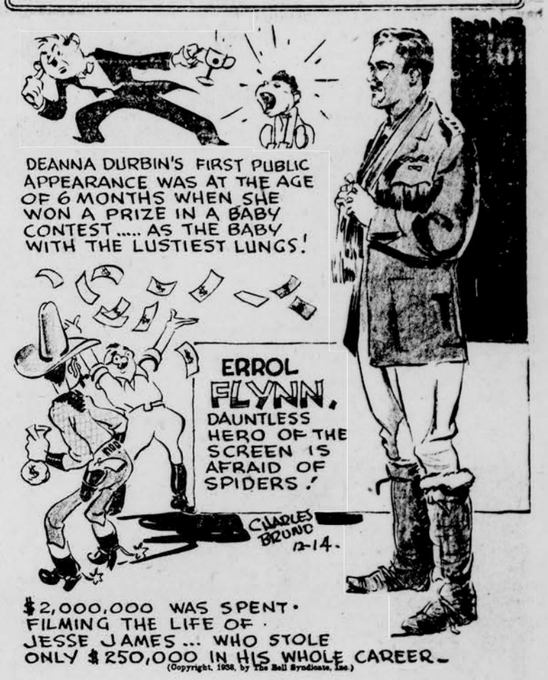
St. Andrew's High School, one of the oldest high schools of the Suburbs, has this year secured about 85 per cent results in the girls' schools and 75 per cent in the boys' school, which is a very creditable achievement.

VARIETY PROGRAMME AT VILE PARLE

Under the auspices of Vile Parle Gujarati Mandal and Upanagar Aryasamaj, an attractive programme of drill, garba, dialogues etc., by the girl students of Arya Kanya Mahavidyalaya, Baroda has been arranged at Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle to-day (Wednesday), at 8-0 p.m. All are cordially invited.

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO


DEANNA DURBIN'S FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCE WAS AT THE AGE OF 6 MONTHS WHEN SHE WON A PRIZE IN A BABY CONTEST..... AS THE BABY WITH THE LUSTIEST LUNGS!
ERROL FLYNN, DAUNTLESS HERO OF THE SCREEN IS AFRAID OF SPIDERS!
CHARLES BRUNO 12-14.
$2,000,000 WAS SPENT FILMING THE LIFE OF JESSE JAMES ... WHO STOLE ONLY $250,000 IN HIS WHOLE CAREER.
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MUMTAZ ALI, P. F. PITHAWALA, SAROJ BORKAR

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1939

GANDHIJI AND THE STATES—II

We considered yesterday those points in Gandhiji's statement on the States which dealt with the suspension of Satyagraha and the conditions of resuming it. To-day we shall consider his advice on the constitutional demands of the States' people and the initial method of urging them on the Rulers. On the first point his advice is that "our aim must remain what it is, but we must be prepared to negotiate for less than the whole, so long as it is unmistakably of the same kind, and has in it inherent possibility of expansion." He evidently makes a difference between the ultimate aim and the immediate demands. The ultimate aim everywhere must, of course, be "Poorna Swaraj" or complete responsible government, which cannot possibly be compromised. That is to say, the struggle cannot cease altogether till the goal is reached. As regards immediate demands, they must necessarily vary with the conditions in different States. Gandhiji does not suggest that these should be unduly lowered. But in view of several unexpected difficulties that have cropped up in various States like Rajkot, Travancore, Jaipur and Talcher, the States' people are advised by Gandhiji to "be prepared," if forced by circumstances to negotiate for something less than the whole, so long as what is conceded is genuine, even if partial, responsible government and possesses "inherent possibility of expansion."

Wise Caution

Some call this tactical concession a surrender, suggesting that the concession is not at all necessary. Gandhiji himself does not say it is necessary everywhere. But he fears it may be necessary in some places for various reasons. In the first place the Rulers in general and the Paramount Power seem to have combined to oppose the demand for full responsible government. Secondly, "the people themselves as a mass are nowhere prepared to pay the price." In these circumstances he fears that in many States the struggle may be so unequal and so injurious to the morale of the people that "in aiming beyond our capacity we are likely to lose all." On the other hand, he says, if only the States people get a real "reign of law" in place of the present arbitrary administration of the Ruler, it will be easy enough "to build up responsible government on that solid foundation." Stated in general terms, Gandhiji's caution is unexceptionable. He does not yet precisely state when and to what extent the demand for full responsible government needs to be lowered. If in any particular State his diagnosis of the peoples' unpreparedness for the fight for the whole demand is falsified, none will be happier than himself and he will cheerfully acknowledge his error.

The Last Resort

As for the method of pressing the peoples' demands on the Rulers, there is nothing abnormal about Gandhiji's advice. He only suggests that in the first instance the people should open direct friendly negotiations with the authorities on the assumption that the negotiations may at least minimise misunderstandings and postpone any direct action as long as possible There is nothing unreasonable in this suggestion. Satyagraha is the people's last resort and should never be undertaken till all conciliatory methods have been tried. Those who are anxious to start Satyagraha soon on Gandhian lines will do well to follow his advice scrupulously and cheerfully. They will never, never have cause to regret their faith in him. He knows best the technique of Satyagraha. His leadership has brought us all a large measure of success and promises a much larger measure hereafter. Those who are misguided enough to decry him do a greater disservice to themselves than to him. If, however, the people in any particular State feel convinced, from their presumably more intimate knowledge of local conditions, that Gandhiji's advice is overcautious, they are free to choose alternative methods of struggle under leaders of their own choice. So long as the methods are non-violent, Gandhiji will not oppose them. If, on the other hand, the methods are at all violent, both Gandhiji and the Congress will, of course, oppose the violent element, in the interests of the State people concerned and the rest of the country.

Yugo-Slavia

According to German official circles no "political agreement" of any sort has been concluded between Germany and Yugo-Slavia as a result of Prince Paul's visit to Berlin. The denial is quite correct verbally. Prince Paul has escaped the experience of a Hacha. He has, it is quite ...ly, not been forced to accept a formal amalgamation of Yugo-Slavia in the Axis. Much has happened all the same. The communique published from Berlin after Prince Paul's departure makes it amply plain that Yugo-Slavia has virtually passed into the sphere of Axis influence. The solidarity of Yugo-Slavia with Germany as well as Italy is openly emphasized and it is also announced that the Government concerned "are firmly determined to deepen their relations on this clear and firm basis in political, economic and cultural basis." It may be argued that the results should be judged rather by the stress on the appeasement of Europe and on the removal of political tension. But Yugo-Slavia has declared with Italy and Germany as against the anti-aggression States. And Italo-German ideas of what constitutes appeasement and of how political tension should be removed are only too well known.

Deliberate Misrepresentation

In his latest statement on the situation in Palestine, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald freely admitted that the Jews were opposed to the British decisions in general. But he went on with equal eagerness to announce that Arab opinion on the plan was "divided" and even to insinuate that but for fear of Arab "terrorists" some whole areas would be in favour of the plan. Facts, which only British Imperialism can have, and does have, the blatant audacity to deny, show clearly that Mr. MacDonald's view of Arab opinion is very far from honest. Arabs, with just a fractional exception, are opposed to the plan. The exception, of course, is the handful of Nashashibi "moderates" who were discovered and nursed, if not actually invented, by British Imperialism to serve its own purposes. Mr. MacDonald's blatant disregard of truth is not surprising. But it is noteworthy that, in the process, Mr. MacDonald completely ignored the Arab States and their opinion.

Economic Snapshot Of Yugoslavia

(By Victor Calencu, Our Balkan Correspondent).

The annexation of Czechoslovakia by Germany and of Albania by Italy places Yugoslavia in a dangerous military position Yugoslavia is particularly rich in metals—copper, zinc, lead, antimony and iron ore and as such is a tempting booty for the Nazis.

Before the intensified German trade drive in the Balkans the mines were principally exploited by British capital, which amounted to 50 per cent. of the foreign capital. Industrial interests are principally British and French. But during the last two years German interests have been supplanting the French, taking over the leading antimony mines (Lisanski) in 1937: after the Anschluss they also took over the Mexica lead mines from British interests.

The principal British interest concerned is the Trepca mines, which are controlled by Selection Trust, holding company of the Roan Antelope copper group, whose chairman is A. Chester Beatty, director of fourteen mining companies.

The German expansion has been led by Krupps and I.G. Farben. Krupps in particular having the monopoly of arms supply to Yugoslavia. These two concerns have been given the monopoly of buying iron mines for German interests (Jugoslawischer Kurier, 17-11-38). The principal interest in ore mining and extraction will be the Belgrade section of the Metallgesellschaft A. G. The latter company has two English directors (Capt. Oliver Lyttleton and Walter Gardner) who are directors of the Amalgamated Metal Corporation, which holds a considerable investment in Metallgesellschaft and has a closely co-ordinated working agreement with the German company. Metallgesellschaft is also linked indirectly with Rio Tinto, owning mines in Franco Spain, and whose chairman is Sir Auckland Geddes

This illustrates the tie-up of British and Nazi financial interests which lies behind the East European "policy of appeasement."

In Yugoslavia, as in Rumania, popular movements have been viciously suppressed. Nevertheless the people have signalised their pro-democratic anti-Nazi feelings by demonstrations in honour of any visitor from France. The Belgrade university students have been especially active in this direction.

PREPARING INDIA FOR WAR

(By The Hon. I Montagu)

On the Wednesday before Easter the Government introduced in the House of Lords a Bill to amend the Government of India Act, 1935. The purpose of this Bill is to give the Viceroy complete powers to suspend the Indian Constitution in the event of war and to organise India in such a way as to secure the highest degree of war potential in support of Britain.

The present Constitution, of course, gives the Viceroy all ultimate powers, but this Bill apparently was designed to enable him to scrap the Constitution entirely if war should necessitate this.

The Amending Bill seeks to confer on the Viceroy when he has declared a state of war time emergency: (1) power to give directions to provinces as to the manner in which the Executive Authority of the provinces shall be exercised: (2) power to confer and impose duties on all officials or to take over such functions and powers as are normally exercised by the provinces. This means that the partially democratic government in the provinces, in a majority of which Congress has power, could be entirely swept aside at the discretion of the Viceroy.

Muzafarabad Hall

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—One would like to know for what purpose, the Muzafarabad Hall at Grant Road is built? Is it built for the purpose of renting it to Daruwallas for carrying on their Campaign? It cannot be, because the Hall is built in the memory of a great Muslim and Muslims consider liquor as 'haram.'

Why then it is given to a section of the Parsi community for anti-prohibition dinner? Do the Trustees of the Hall know that this particular Hall is specially selected by the Parsis in order

(Continued on Page 9, col. 2)

Why Britain Holds Palestine

The Economic Background

From A Special Correspondent

Palestine is a point of key importance in the strategic position of the British Empire. It lies at the Eastern end of the Mediterranean on the direct route of British communications with India: it is an important naval, air and military base. The oil pipe-line from Iraq, which forms a sensitive and vital part of the Empire's anatomy, runs through Palestine, and reaches the sea at Haifa.

British Investment

Control of some sort over this territory is vital to the interests of the capitalist groups who control the Empire. Hence, having used the Arab national independence movement to oust the Turks from this area during the War, Britain took the country over as a mandate—in practice as a colony. British interests in Palestine itself, apart from its strategic value, are less important but still considerable. The total British capital invested is about £20 millions, with about £10 millions of American capital. Part of this, but only part, is capital subscribed by Jewish Zionist interests in Britain and America for opening up the country as a Jewish National Home.

The Iraq Petroleum Company, in which both the Anglo-Persian Oil and Shell interests are represented, has huge stores and refineries at Haifa. The valuable potash deposits of the Dead Sea, the largest in the Empire, are worked by the British company, Palestine Potash, Ltd., on a Government concession; the chairman is Lord Glenconner, of Mosul Oilfields and Hambros Bank. The Palestine Electric Corporation, a £2,800,000 concern, also under a Government concession, includes on the Board Lord Hirst, Chairman of the General Electric Co., Ltd., and President of the Federation of British Industries, and Lord Melchett, of Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., The Prudential Assurance Co., and Sun Life Assurance Co., have taken their share of profit from the recent speculative building boom and have £1 3/4 millions invested in building loans in Palestine.

Before the war there were some 660,000 Arabs in Palestine, who lived on peaceful terms with some 80,000 Jews, including the first Jewish communal settlers. To-day there are roughly a million Arabs and 400,000 Jews. The country is governed by a British High Commissioner: there is no Parliament.

Jews Hold Fertile Land

To-day Jews own some 314,000 acres of land in Palestine, and Arabs over 3,000,000. These figures are however, somewhat misleading. Most of the Jewish settlements are in the narrow coastal plain, from two to twenty miles wide, where the most fertile land is found and the orange industry is centred. Behind this plain lies hilly country, much of which, according to the Woodhead Commission, "affords little possibility of closer settlements" while the South and Jordan Valley could only support more people if the Government would undertake large-scale irrigation. In these areas nearly all the land is in Arab hands.

Apart from the large-scale enterprises mentioned, Palestine is principally an agricultural country, with few large towns. The principal exports are oranges, lemons and grapefruit; olives are also grown and soap manufactured. The country exported produce to the value of £3 1/2 millions in 1937, almost all to the United Kingdom.

British Help To Jews

The majority of the Arab peasants live by subsistence agriculture, which is still organised for the most part on a feudal basis, the land of a village being communally held and redivided among cultivators every two years. The rents paid are very heavy, and the peasant's lack of capital means that he is unable to introduce irrigation or modern methods, but still continues to use the wooden plough and other survivals from Biblical times.

There is a sharp contrast here with the Jewish agricultural settlements, which include about 100,000 people and are run largely on communal lines. Capital for purchase and development of land and training of settlers has been provided by the Jewish National Fund and other organisations, to the total of about £9 1/2 millions to date (largely raised by loans from Barclay's and other British banks). These settlements are thus able to develop modern agriculture, and greatly to increase the fertility of the land.

Land Hunger

There seems no doubt that there is a serious congestion of the growing Arab population on small land holdings. In 1930 it was estimated by a Government Commission on Economic conditions that a quarter of the peasants in the villages were landless (some 6,940 families) while the remainder had average holdings of only 18 3/4 acres—the minimum required for subsistence being 30 acres. The recent Woodhead report re-emphasises this:—

"Poverty is the root cause of much of the discontent in Palestine. An experienced witness said to us: 'the most serious problem in Palestine is land hunger'."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Czech Fascists

It is difficult to understand the meaning of the sudden outburst of demonstrations by Czech Fascists in Prague and their shouts of "Down with Government; Down with the Jews." The Government in Prague is worse than Fascist for the simple reason that it is a demoralised slave of Berlin, and the poor Jews are already down. But perhaps a clue is furnished by the recent speech of the Nazi State Secretary, Herr Frank, who "warned Czechs who openly or secretly sympathised with the policy of Dr. Benes and said their speculations about the recreation of the Czecho-Slovak State were doomed to disappointment." The Czechs, in spite of being suppressed, are evidently causing the Nazis anxiety. Is it because of this that the Nazis are instigating demonstrations to provide them with an excuse for formally annexing the protectorate and replacing the nominally Czech administration with German Nazis?

Consult Leaders

Col. Muirhead's reply to a question in the Commons confirms the report already current in this country that Lord Linlithgow has suggested to the Union Government a Round Table Conference on the question of the colour bar legislation in South Africa and that negotiations are going on in the matter. We do not know yet how far the negotiations have proceeded and what is to be the basis of the proposed R. T. Conference. If it involves conceding the principle of segregating Indians in South Africa, the Conference is futile. In any case it is necessary for the Viceroy to invite immediately an informal conference of party leaders in the Central Legislature and other leaders whose advice will be helpful in the discussion of the subject. The Government of India should realise that the Asiatic Bill, being a flagrant violation of the Capetown Agreement, compromises their own honour as well as that of the Indian people.

Medium Of Instruction In Hyderabad

The new proposals of the Hyderabad Government for the reorganisation of education in the State indicate some good features, such as increased attention to manual and vocational training and reducing the burden of examination. While girls will be allowed to choose their mother tongue as the medium in lower secondary schools, Urdu is to continue to be the only medium in high schools for girls and in all secondary schools for boys including even the lower secondary. Urdu being the official language of the State and of the Osmania University, it is necessary that its study must be compulsory at all stages. But, considering that Urdu is the mother tongue of less than 15 per cent. of the population of the State, its being made a compulsory medium for all girls in high schools and for boys even in lower secondary schools is educationally an unsound proposition and cannot be defended on any rational ground. In all free and progressive countries the mother tongue is the medium of instruction in all stages of education. Even in India, the mother tongue is, with very few exceptions, the exclusive medium in lower secondary schools and the main one in high schools. Even in colleges the ideal and the tendency are to make it the main, if not the sole, medium. It is no justification to say that the Urdu taught in the State is not far different from Hindustani, hailed by all as the national language. Hindustani, which rightly deserves to be the national language in the sense that every Indian should have working knowledge of it, is never meant to usurp the place of the mother tongue. Under all Congress Governments which strive to popularise Hindustani, the mother tongue is the main, if not the exclusive, medium in secondary schools. The position in Hyderabad is unnatural and educationally unsound. The question of medium of instruction in secondary schools is not a minor one. It affects the educational progress of millions in the State.

Literacy In Bombay

With a view to organizing literacy instruction in Bombay City on a permanent basis the Bombay Government have appointed the Bombay Adult Education Committee for the purpose with the Premier as its President and Mr. V. D. Ghate, Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, as its Secretary. Government propose that the Chairman and the Secretary of the Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation should be appointed 'ex-officio' on the Adult Education Committee and the approval of the Corporation to the proposed appointments is awaited. We trust the Corporation will wholeheartedly co-operate with the Government. Promotion of adult literacy is one of the foremost duties of both these bodies, particularly in view of the fact that Government have prescribed adult franchise for the elections to the Corporation with effect from 1942. The Corporation has always recognised its duty to promote elementary education among adults by giving the free use of its school premises and furniture for several night schools in the City and for the numerous literacy classes that were conducted in the month of May. Whatever success these classes achieved was due to the enthusiastic co-operation between Government, the Corporation and the public. We fervently hope co-operation will be continued in reorganizing the literacy work on a permanent basis.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Economy supplies old age with an easy chair.

The bow-legged man has an open gate of his own.

When you die the world will keep right on going around.

Fortunate is the young man who possesses a full set of good habits.

The average girl is a queer creature. She'll make fun of a young man one day and marry him the next.

In looking over your actions for the last year or so you'll be surprised at the number you would gladly overlook.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, June 5.

To-morrow will be a day of triumph for German and Italian volunteers who have returned home from Spain. A Berlin telegram says that is expected that some 18,000 men will goose-step past Herr Hitler to-morrow morning. Six Spanish generals will also be present.—Reuter.

* * * *

"The Maharaja of Patiala acted as a fire-fighter this week-end" says a Simla message.

How very thrilling?

And the fire surrendered too.

* * * *

"I am" declares the Education Minister of the Punjab, "determined to eradicate illiteracy from the Punjab."

And ignorance too?

* * * *

Addressing a Hindu Sabha Conference, Mr. V. D. Savarkar observed that "Nationalism had a limit."

We all agree, don't we?

* * * *

But wait.

"We are", declared the Mahasabha chief later in his speech, "we are out to fight it (Congress fear of Muslims) out. The Hindus will say that the Hindus alone have the right to rule India."

This, as you say, IS the limit anyway.

* * * *

'Petty Hindu States,' complained Mr. Savarkar, "were tormented on the pretext of "inner voices." The Hindu Mahasabha believed in 'outer voices.'

We were afraid of it. But we do hope the Mahasabha will yet recover.

* * *

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald admits "Jewish opposition to the Government's (Palestine) decision in general", but "on the Arab side the opinion about the Government's practical policy was divided."

How could Arab opinion be hostile in general let alone universally, when there were half a dozen Nashashibis to "divide" in two equal proportions with balance perhaps slightly in favour of the antis.

* * * *

But this slight different also, mind you, is due to fears of reprisals by terrorists."

Yes, we have the most reliable information that the Governments of the Arab States were shaking with fright lest they might be destroyed by the Grand Mufti and his band of "robbers, and murderers." That is why they were forced promptly to reject the British Government's practical proposals.

* * * *

The British Government, according to Sir John Simon, had been advised by the Law Officers that they could not legally prevent the surrender of Czech gold to Germans.

Was it the Law Officers who also advised the British Government to resort to evasive untruths when questioned on the subject a few days before the official admission of the surrender?

* * * *

Mr. Chamberlain has declared that the suggestion of a personal visit by him to Moscow will not serve "any useful purpose."

We agree. In fact, it would, on the contrary serve the harmfully useless purpose of removing barriers between Britain and Russia.

* * *

"LONDON, June 5.

The Bolivian Legation officially denies that a tin and rayon barter agreement has been concluded between Bolivia and Italy."—Reuter.

Since this is in spite of persistent Italian assertions Signor Mussolini is entitled to take drastic measures against Bolivia for the affront to Italy in denying an Italian lie.

* * * *

'What "nese" are you?' asked an American of an Oriental fellow-passenger on board ship.

'Japanese or Chinese?'

'I'll tell you,' retorted the yellow man, 'if you tell me what "key" you are—monkey, donkey or Yankee?'

No Prima Facie Case Made On Charge Of Wreckage Or Failure To Rescue

A PLEA FOR FURTHER PRECAUTIONS

LONDON, June 6.

THE Prime Minister's statement and promise of a public inquiry into the "Thetis" disaster is generally welcomed in the press.

"The Times" hopes that in the circumstances recrimination may observe a decent reticence that is customary when a case is "sub judice".

The paper adds "At present, it may be said with confidence that nothing like a 'prima facie' case relating either to the wreck or failure to rescue has been made out against anyone."

"The Times" thinks that the new facts communicated by the Prime Minister to Parliament should at least suspend suspicion that there was avoidable delay in reporting that the submarine was missing or in bringing help, and adds that further precautions of the kind demanded by those who maintain that the salvage equipment should have been instantly available, wherever 'Thetis' event would not necessarily have been reasonable.

"The fearful end of this voyage must not obscure the fact that submarines are working ships and 'Thetis' had undergone repeated searching trials by the builders before her acceptance for trials. Her loss is a very great disaster but there is as yet no evidence that it could conceivably have been foreseen."

MESSAGES OF CONDOLENCE STILL POUR IN

LONDON, June 6.

Messages of condolence for loss of life in the "Thetis" continue to be received at the Admiralty from all parts of the world including the Dukes of Gloucester and Connaught and the Governments of South Africa, Australia, New Zealand and the Kings of Denmark and Norway.

Messages of condolence were sent direct to the King by President Roosevelt, M. Daladier and the King of Egypt.—Reuter.

Donations To "Thetis" Fund

LONDON, June 5

Donations to the Lord Mayor's "Thetis" fund have been promised by Their Majesties Queen Mary, the Dukes of Gloucester, Kent and Connaught, the Princess Royal and Lord Harewood. Wires are already arriving in the Mansion House from the heads of civic authorities, who are opening funds in support of the Lord Mayor's appeal.—Reuter.

DAIL PASSES TREASON BILL

DUBLIN, June 6.

Eire's special code to deal with treason was completed to-day when the Dail passed offences against State Bill as amended by the Senate.

The Bill becomes law in five days and provides for wide powers to deal with sedition or activities of subversive organisations.—

SHALL I. R. A. BE BANNED?

Special civil courts without juries or military courts can be set up and powers to intern persons or ban organisations are also included.

There is much speculation whether the Irish Republican Army will be banned as the action of this body last December led to the introduction of the Bill and a sister-bill to deal with Treason, which is now law.—Reuter.

BRADDOCK TO MEET FARR

NEW YORK, June 6.

James Braddock fights Tommy Farr at Earls Court, London, on July 5.

Eric Boon meets Tony Canzoneri on same programme.—Reuter.

New Record For ¾ Mile

MANCHESTER, June 6.

Sydney Wooderson, holder of the world mile record, established a new record for three-quarters mile of 2 minutes 59.5 seconds. The previous best was American Wayne Rideout's 3 minutes 0.8 seconds. Wooderson is sailing for America on Wednesday to compete in the Princeton "Mile of Century" against America's best mile runners.—Reuter.

ATTEMPT TO LIFT 'THETIS"

Stanhope's Statement In Lords: Laird Contribution

LONDON, June 6.

Messrs. Cammell Laird are giving £5,000 towards Lord Mayor's 'Thetis" fund.

Lord Stanhope, giving the latest information regarding the "Thetis" in the House of Lords said that three lifting wires were now passed under the submarine and compressed air pontoons were in position. If fine weather continued it was probable a trial to lift will be made in about 48 hours.

DIFFICULTIES OF RESCUERS

Referring to the difficulties with which the divers were faced difficulties, which Lord Stanhope thought were not appreciated by the public. Lord Stanhope said the times were such that the divers were unable to keep feet under water except during short between tide periods. The sharp inclination of the "Thetis" made any foothold on smooth sides practically impossible. Undoubtedly these were the two factors, which caused what appeared to be no more than a serious mishap to become a great disaster.

From reports of survivors, who were now progressing favourably no longer under hospital treatment it was evident the bearing of the officers and men during the terrible period from the time of the accident was of the highest order and in accordance with the best traditions of service. The behaviour of all civilians aboard also was on equally high standard.

Lord Stanhope paid a tribute to the heroic behaviour of the relatives of those lost in the "Thetis."—Reuter.

Duchess Of Kent Shot At?

Suspect Arrested After Struggle

LONDON, June 6.

When the Duchess of Kent accompanied by Lady Portarlington was leaving her home to-night to visit a cinema a report apparently of a shot was heard.

The Duchess and Lady Portarlington were not injured and were not aware of the shot fired. They proceeded to cinema and were informed of the incident only after seeing the film.

A MAN WAS LATER DETAINED AND TAKEN TO POLICE STATION. WHEN THE SHOT WAS FIRED TWO POLICEMEN DASHED TOWARDS THE MAN WHO WAS STANDING NEAR. THERE WAS A SHORT STRUGGLE.

Later a sawn off shotgun was picked up near the Duchess's home. It was taken to police station for examination and it is understood it had contained only one cartridge.

The Duke of Kent, who was fulfilling a private engagement, did not hear of the incident until he returned home.

Prince Edward and Princess Alexandra are staying at their parent's home in Buckinghamshire.

After the incident a police guard of three officers mounted outside the Duke of Kent's home stopped everyone who approached the door. The man detained has hitherto not been charged and remained at the police station during the night.

The guard posted outside the Duke of Kent's home in Belgrave Square was reduced to one man this morning.

CHARGE AGAINST SUSPECT

Ledwedge Vincent Lawlor appeared in Westminster police court charged with having been in possession of firearm and ammunition with intent to endanger life or cause serious injury to property contrary to the Firearms Act of 1937.

EVIDENCE IN COURT

A sawnoff shotgun, about twelve inches long was shown to the Westminster Magistrate when the man, who is alleged to have fired a pistol at a car as the Duchess of Kent drove from home on her way to a cinema was produced.

The man, Ledwedge Vincent Lawlor, (45) a welder's assistant, living in Walworth was charged with having in possession at Belgrave Square a firearm and ammunition with intent to endanger life or cause serious injury to property.

A police officer stated that he heard a shot as the Duchess drove away and Lawlor, who was cycling away towards Victoria, was chased by a car and caught. It was alleged Lawlor said: "I did not hit anybody. Did I?" When he produced the pistol the officer seized it and Lawlor remarked: "There is no need for all this fuss."

Lawlor was remanded to custody for a week.—Reuter.

SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION EXECUTIVE

Group photo of the Managing Committee of the Silk Merchants' Association taken at the annual general meeting held on Saturda y last. Photo shows the members of the Committee with the new President, Rao Bahadur Narandas Pohoomull (seated 3rd from left) and Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, the retiring President (seated 4th from left).

German-Yugoslav Entente

Political, Economic And Cultural Co-operation

BERLIN, June 5.

A communique published after the departure of Prince Paul states that an exchange of views between the Yogoslav guests and authoritative German circles, which was held in a cordial and friendly spirit, covered all questions affecting the two countries.

Both the nations see in trusting friendship and close co-operation, which unites Yugoslavia with Germany and Italy, a positive element for appeasement of Europe and for the policy having real constructive work as its aim. Both the Governments are firmly determined to deepen their relations on this clear and firm basis in political, economic and cultural matters.

In full agreement with Italian Government they are convinced that with this clear policy they will serve the task of removing political tensions, now burdening Europe and securing a peaceful development which will guarantee the vital rights of nations.—Reuter.

7 BURNT TO DEATH

BAHRAICH, June 6.

Seven persons were burnt to death and many others sustained extensive burns in a devastating fire which broke out at Chapharia Bazar in Nanpara tehsil.

The loss is estimated at about Rs. 2,0),000.—United Prses.

NO FRESH MESSAGE FROM POPE

VATICAN CITY, June 6.

A Vatican statement issued tonight denies the reports that the Pope has sent fresh messages to European leaders, but adds that diplomatic peace activity initiated by the Pope some time ago is continuing "on the lines of the plan already indicated."—Reuter.

Princess Royal's House Windows Broken By Pellet

LONDON, June 6.

There was a slight incident in the Princess Royal's house in London yesterday morning when windows were broken by a pellet believed to be from an airgun or a catapult, but it is understood the police attach no importance to the matter.—Reuter.

Non-Aggression Pacts With Nazis

BERLIN, June 6.

The Non-Aggression Pact between Germany and Latvia and Esthonia respectively will be signed in Berlin to-morrow it is unofficially announced.—Reuter.

ROYAL TRAIN LINE TORN UP

Canadian Railway Engine Causes Trouble But Gangmen Repair It

STRATFORD (Ontario) June 6.

A section of the permanent way over which the royal train will pass to-day was torn up when a Canadian National Railway engine was derailed a mile from here Gangmen worked for four hours to clear the line.—Reuter.

KING "EN ROUTE" TO U. S.

TORONTO: June 6.

Their Majesties arrived at 13-13 local time and left thirty minutes later "en route" to the United States border at Niagara Falls, where they will arrive to-morrow night.

Members of the Toronto and North York Hunt in pink coats, galloped alongside the Royal Train in the wooded meadows just outside the city. A halt was only made for the purpose of washing the train, but large crowds gathered in the hope of seeing Their Majesties.—Reuter.

DR. PATTABHI ON "NEW TECHNIQUE"

(Continued from page 1.)

the humility for retracing his step even as he has the faith and the courage for marching onward. How often has he not said that he feels that we have not the strength to take Swaraj from the British. If in this vein he preaches us that we should aim lower and shoot aright, the arch must not be condemned as bad archery. He is the wise general who knows when to start and when to stop.

BEST FOR STATES' PEOPLES

"The conditions of individual or mass civil disobedience were clearly laid down in the Delhi resolution of November 1931. The States' people have had the great advantage of inheriting our experience but not our discipline. They have started where we in the Provinces have ended. But they have lacked the years of training, the lessons of those ups and downs in our march, which we had over two decades. They expect to reach their goal by a short cut but Gandhiji tells them to go by the longest path, because it is the shortest way home.

WHEN CALL COMES

Will the States people be true to the teachings of Mahatmaji and pass through the mill, take to the cult of the spinning wheel promote literacy and pursue the various items in constructive programme in a spirit of understanding and belief? Then the "indefinite" period for which Satyagraha was suspended will become considerably lessened. Mahama's indefiniteness may mean anything, from a moment to infinity. When the light dawns on him, he will summon one and all to the firing line. Political movements develop like natural cataclysms giving but little notice of the onset. Let no one despair. There is nothing humiliating in aiming lower than we have done, provided the possibilities of inherent expansion are there. Was it not Lord Irwin that said that the constitution of a country should be like the bark of tree that grows with the trunk and not like the habiliments of a person that must change with every year's growth. It is the absence of this principle in Federation that had led to its condemnation. Given this self-expanding capacity the States people should not feel it infra-dig to negotiate with their bosses for the time being and reach conclusions through easy arguments of love.

"If the Princes and their Dewans fail to make a suitable response to this humble appeal from Mahatmaji, now that they have got the long rope they will duly get the short shrift."

ROAD TRANSPORT SUSPENDED

Sequel To Jewish Outrage On Telaviv Outskirts

JERUSALEM, June 6.

Following the wounding of an Arab by Jews in the outskirts of Telaviv the military Commander of Southern District has suspended Jewish road transport entering or leaving the town from noon to-day until to-morrow evening.

It is stated other Jews fired on Arab passerby without hitting them.—Reuter.

King Acknowledges Sympathy For "Thetis"

SUDBURY (Ontario), June 6.

The King has acknowledged messages of sympathy on the "Thetis" disaster from the heads of States all over the world including M. Lebrun, President Roosevelt, Queen Wilhelmina and Herr Hitler.—Reuter.

HUGE CROWDS WILL GREET KING

WASHINGTON, June 6.

Thousands of visitors are pouring into the capital. It is confidently predicted that over 500,000 will line the route for Thursday's parade before Their Majesties in which troops, seven bands, detachments of cavalry, tanks and motor-cycle police will participate, while army bombers, pursuit planes in formation will fly overhead.

Steel cables will be stretched along the pavements to restrain the crowds along the royal route, which is already bedecked with bunting, banners and shields. Thorough protective measures have been taken for the royal visit by the secret service agents and the police.

The British Ambassador and Mr. Cordell Hull leave to-night for Niagra Falls.—Reuter.

AIR RAID WARNING TRYOUT

LONDON, June 6.

The traffic roar of London muffled air-raid warning sirens, which shrieked throughout the capital in the first complete tryout this morning. Businessmen, who were hurrying through the noisy streets heard the warnings only faintly but in the quieter streets and most of the buildings the high-pitched whirl was clearly audible.—Reuter.

ANTI-PROHIBITION DINNER

Muslim Press Condemns Action Of Trustees Of Muzzafarabad Hall

Strong feelings have been roused among Muslims in Bombay against the decision of the Trustees of the Muzzafarabad Hall permitting the use of the hall for holding an anti-Prohibition dinner where liquor would be served. These feelings have found expression in the comments of the Urdu dailies like the "Ajmal", "Inquilab" "Iqbal" and "Hilal." All of which vehemently condemn the action of the Trustees and urge them to withdraw the permission to use the Hall for an anti-Islamic purpose.

Change In Gandhiji's Programme

Will Leave For Shegaon To-day: Talks With Rajen Babu And Dr. Pattabhi

Mahatma Gandhi decided about his future programme just before he attended the evening prayers at the Birla House yesterday.

Approached by press representatives, Mr. Mahadev Desai said that Gandhiji had decided to leave for Shegaon for the present and return to Bombay for the Working Committee and the A.I.C.C. meetings. He will leave for Shegaon by the Nagpur Mail this evening. The visit to the North-West Frontier is, therefore, postponed for the present.

TALKS WITH RAJEN BABU

Gandhiji seems to have had a talk with Babu Rajendra Prasad, and others in this connection in the afternoon.

Congress activities during the last week of June will be of such importance that it has been felt in Congress circles that Gandhiji should be in Bombay during that period so that he could be consulted whenever necessary.

Gandhiji's programme after the month of June is not definite yet but in all likelihood he will go back to Shegaon. A visit to the North Western Frontier will be out of question then as the Frontier will be too hot.

BUSIEST DAY FOR GANDHIJI

Tuesday was probably the busiest day for Gandhiji after his arrival in Bombay, most of the time being taken up by a stream of visitors, two deputations, sittings of the Constitution Sub-Committee and correspondence.

DEPUTATIONS

In the morning Gandhiji received the Kolhapur Praja Parishad deputation and discussed with them matters connected with the political movement there for nearly an hour.

In the afternoon a deputation of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee led by Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande waited on Gandhiji for about an hour in connection with the happenings at Ramdurg. The Constitution Sub-Committee, which concluded its deliberations in the afternoon, also engaged the attention of Gandhiji for some time.

PATTABHI SEES GANDHIJI

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya was closeted with Gandhiji for over an hour before prayer time discussing questions connected with the Indian States.

Along the visitors to the Birla House were Dr. Syed Mohmud, Minister of Education, Bihar and Shaib Qureshi, Commerce Member of Bhopal State, who was for some time Editor of the "Young India." The Hon. Mr. Munshi and the Hon. Mr. Latthe also saw Mahatmaji the latter in connection with the Karnatak P.C.C.'s deputation.

There were quite a number of citizens who were waiting with flimsy excuses to get into Gandhiji's room and engage him in conversation. One was a forty-five year old man who had lost his job some time back and was wanting Gandhiji to exert his influence with the Viceroy and get him restored to the post. Armed with a sheaf of papers, he waited the whole day at the Birla House and made a frantic effort to reach Gandhiji as he was leaving his seat on the lawn after prayer time. Sentries who have been entrusted with the work of keeping out visitors who have nothing specific or worth while for Gandhiji's consideration, torpedoed all the plans of this tenacious citizen.

Forty Harijan students of the Sarvajanik Middle School at Mazagaon joined a congregation of over 300 citizens who attended the evening prayers at Birla House. Gandhiji came to the prayer ground leaning on his little grandson

DR. MAHMUD VISITS LITERACY CENTRES

Dr. Syed Mahmud, Minister for Education, Bihar, visited a number of literacy centres in Bombay on Monday night accompanied by the Special Literacy Officer appointed by the Government of Bombay. The Minister expressed appreciation of the Bombay Government's plans to fight illiteracy.

Dr. Syed Mahmud expects to be in Bombay till Friday.

WARSAW RAILWAY STATION ABLAZE

WARSAW, June 6.

The Central Railway station building is ablaze and there are fears that it may be completely destroyed. Several passengers were injured when part of the roo. collapsed but fortunately there were few people about. Firemen appeared to be getting the fire under control after it had raged for hours.—Reuter.

One Fireman Killed In Station Blaze

WARSAW, June 6.

One fireman was killed and four seriously injured in the station, blaze.—Reuter.

Agricultural Bill In Commons

LONDON: June 6.

The Agricultural Development Bill, published to-night, aims at securing farmers against low prices for oats, barley and sheep, encouraging farmers to produce goods, which the public want, restoring stability and confidence in agriculture and assisting national defence.

The Bill was given first reading in the House of Commons.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL OLYMPICS

Twenty-eight Countries Represented At London Meeting

LONDON, June 6.

Congress of International Olympic Committee was opened by the Duke of Gloucester at St. James Palace in the presence of representatives of 28 nations, many members of the Diplomatic Corps, and figures famous in the world of sport.

Speakers included Earl Delawarr, Minister for Education who said the Government had embarked in a programme of improving facilities for sport and recreation, which would involve expenditure of ten million pounds from voluntary and public sources.—Reuter.

Quiet In Sidhpur

BARODA, June 5.

Latest information from Sidhpur indicates that situation is calm and normal, both communities moving freely. Shops have been opened. Leaders of both communities met and appointed a committee of ten to restore harmonious relations between both communities.

Italian Legionaries' Parade

NAPLES, June 6.

The King took the salute at a parade of 23,000 returned Italian Legionaries from Spain. Three thousand Spaniards participated in the parade.—Reuter.

World Achievement

Barnacle Bill In The Thames

It is hardly true to say that Barnacle Bill was one of the sights of London. Visitors to the city did not rush to see him, and the printed guides did not devote pages to a description of him. The truth is that Barnacle Bill was sadly neglected. Indeed, he was purposefully neglected, for he was a ship (though 'he' ought to have been 'she') moored at Charing Cross Bridge, after having been left to suffer a sea change at Southampton.

But Barnacle Bill was more important than we might imagine, for he had been lying neglected year after year in order that experts may see for themselves what happened to the hull. He went to London so that the Admiralty might inspect his metal plates, and in order that a report may be made upon the amount of corrosion which has taken place.

For Barnacle Bill was built of a new metal known as navalium, said to be as strong as steel, but only one-third its weight. At present this astonishing metal costs nine times as much as steel, but if further tests should prove satisfactory and navalium should be considered suitable for ship-building, it is obvious that a revolution may take place in the shipping world. By the use of navalium, liners and warships might be driven by engines of a much smaller horsepower. They would have a greater carrying capacity, and speeds undreamed of at present might be achieved. A metal as strong as steel but only one third its weight must have great possibilities in the hands of shipping experts.

Kolhapur Leaders Wait On Mahatma

DEPUTATIONISTS ASK FOR GUIDANCE: LULL IN MOVEMENT

Bombay, Tuesday.

MAHATMA Gandhi received this morning a deputation of the Kolhapur Praja Parishad led by Mr. Ratnappa B. Kumbhar, General Secretary of the Parishad.

The deputationists, who included Mr. Nanasaheb D. Jagdale, Bhandappa S. Ghugre, Mr. Nemanna Ladge and Mr. Vishwanath H. Kodolikar, placed before Mahatmaji a brief history of the political movement in the State during the past few years and said that the Praja Parishad had as many as 75,000 members on its roll.

The deputationists assured Mahatmaji that those who participated in the political movement had always believed in principles of truth and non-violence. The Parishad had decided to undertake the fourfold constructive programme on which Gandhiji always laid great emphasis. The deputationists gave expression to a number of grievances of the State subjects against the State authorities.

After stating that there was a lull in the movement in the State due to absence of a clear cut plan of work, the deputationists asked for guidance.

Gandhiji gave a patient and sympathetic hearing to the deputationists.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya was also present during the interview.

The Kolhapur deputation will interview Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru later.

Time Has Come To Assert & Enforce National Demand

Sarat Bose On Serious Lack Of Vitality In Congress: 'Forward Bloc's' Task

PABNA, June 3.

The need for dynamic faith in the ideal of independence for India and effective self-assertion by genuine workers in the cause of the country in order to give the Congress proper direction to solve the manifold problems, was stressed by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of the Congress Party, in the Bengal Legislative Assembly, in the course of his presidential address at the Pabna District Political Conference to-day.

A plethora of problems was facing the Bengalis, Hindu or non-Hindu, said Mr. Bose, the problems of illiteracy and unemployment, of heavy debts and perpetual poverty. The problems of the people were as much problems of the Government, but for the last two years that the Government had been in power, it had been powerless to deal with these questions. The Government lacked the competence to deal with them effectively. They had not the wide and intelligent outlook, the energy, the sense of duty which would have galvanised them into ceaseless action. What was evident was the bureaucratic mentality of the Government. It had manifested itself in their handling of the question of release of political prisoners. The present Government had been nothing more than the old order in a new garb. It had the same undemocratic mentality, the same bureaucratic outlook.

CONGRESS AND FEDERATION.

Turning to the task before the Congress, Mr. Bose referred to Federation and maintained that he did not agree with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who wanted to relegate it to the dustheap of the past. The Congress was no doubt pledged to oppose the introduction of Federation, but the Congress High Command had publicly declared that the Congress had neither the power to stop its introduction by the British Government nor the strength to make them conform to the wishes of the Indian people. The Congress Ministries had been formed and had taken office in the different provinces to make the New Constitution ineffective. But that object of the Congress remained unfulfilled, and the leaders were under no delusion that they would be able to give effective opposition to Federation

If the Congress lacked power to oppose Federation who should entertain the hope of its giving any effective opposition to India's being dragged into the vortex of a world war if it broke out in the near future, asked Mr. Bose. The two ways by which the Congress could assert the desire of non-participation of its adherents were through the provincial administrative machineries and through civil disobedience. The Congress High Command, he said, had had hardly any faith in any of these means of self-assertion.

"All these are signs of a serious lack of vitality in the Congress. All these point to a want of self-confidence and courage. The acceptance of office might be responsible to a degree to the present state of affairs. Preoccupation with administrative niceties and intricacies have led the leaders away from the main objective of the Congress—its immediate work. Opportunists and self-seekers have found a happy hunting ground in the Congress fold".

FORWARD BLOC

In this connection Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose referred to the Forward Bloc, which promised to offer a common meeting ground for all progressive forces in the country. Refuting the arguments profered by the critics of the Forward Bloc, Mr. Bose said that personal difference of opinion or principles and policies did not actuate the formation of the Bloc. It was the paramount need for reorientation of the Congress machinery for infusing new blood and revolutionise the Congress methods that had led to its formation.

The lack of a programme of the Forward Bloc had been the butt of criticism in certain quarters, said Mr. Bose, stressing that the implementing of the Congress Election Manifesto was in itself a great task with which the Bloc could busy itself. But the important work before the Bloc was to prepare the country for enforcing its demand. The originators of the Bloc believed that the time had now come to assert its demand for independence. Such an opportunity did not present itself during the last fifty years. As a political organisation the Congress now occupied a unique position of power and prestige. There had been a new awakening among students and kisans, seeking to give a new shape to the body politic. On the other hand British Imperialism had many handicaps to contend with. This was the time, he said, the most opportune moment, to press the demand of the people and come to a final settlement which should give India a place in the polity of nations.

Concluding Mr. Bose urged that they should not allow this moment of self-assertion to slip away for lack of self-confidence and concerted action. If the leaders fail to give the proper lead to them, let the people inspire them to work" said Mr. Bose.—A. P.

A SHORT STORY

"BLUE BOY"

By KARL GRAYSON

When Ben Massey heard Mrs. Spencer's voice over the phone he experienced a surge of triumph. Mrs Spencer was Linwood's leading social light. She was giving a cocktail party on Friday. She wondered whether Ben could attend.

"My niece from Washington is to be here. I'm sure you'll enjoy meeting her."

"I'm sure I will," Ben said with nicely gauged enthusiasm.

After Mrs Spencer hung up Ben sat for awhile thinking. It was quite a feather in his cap to be invited to a Spencer party. Everyone who was anybody would be there. And this niece from Washington. What had she said her name was? Helen Hopkins. The Hopkins' of Washington. Worth millions.

Ben rose and strolled across the room and looked into the mirror above the bureau. His face lighted with a pleased smile as he turned his head first this way and then that, catching every angle of the reflection. He was handsome. There was no use being falsely modest and denying it. He was not only handsome, but personable. You could say what you wanted about family background, if a man had nerve enough he could meet even the most aristocratic on their own ground and make them look like suckers. Ben had gone far and would go farther.

If he had given the matter any thought at all he probably would have pictured Helen Hopkins as a plain and oldish female, looking ridiculous in expensive, ill-fitting clothes, whose eyes regarded every man hungrily. He was therefore not only amazed, but delighted when Mrs. Spencer presented him to her niece.

Helen Hopkins was blonde and small and adorable. She had a warm smile and a friendly manner, and you knew after talking with her five minutes that a great part of her beauty came from within.

Ben Massey, who had expected to be bored at the Spencer party, found himself highly entertained. He was not surprised that Helen Hopkins quite obviously found him interesting and attractive. All women did. But for the first time in his life he knew a curious little thrill because of her adulation.

He was delighted to learn that

"No, I won't marry you, now or ever," she said.

she was remaining with her aunt for a fortnight. The next day, against instincts which told him it was unwise to appear too eager he called her by phone and was thrilled when she agreed to let him call.

They spent the afternoon visiting an art museum, because Helen expressed a desire to see certain paintings that were on exhibition that week. Ben, who wouldn't know a Rembrandt from a comic cartoon, talked fluently, taking his cue from Helen, who appeared to know all there was to know about everything on display.

"Don't you simply adore Van Gogh's 'Blue Boy'!" she exclaimed as they were about to leave.

"I think it's his very best work," Ben replied. "By the way, where is it hanging now?"

She looked at him quickly. "In Pasadena, of course."

It was on the tip of Ben's tongue to remark that he didn't know anything had ever been "hung" in California except Billy the Kid and he wasn't sure of that, but he decided that that particular type of humour might escape his charming companion.

That night when Ben returned home he found himself seriously contemplating the question of whether or not there were more advantages in being married to a charmingly wealthy girl or in remaining single and popular. Perhaps, he thought, it might be possible to do both, in effect, of course.

During the next week Ben Massey experienced the pangs of miserable wretchedness brought about by uncertainty. It was an entirely new experience to him and he suffered all the more. There were moments when he was quite sure Helen Hopkins would have collapsed blissfully into his arms at the mere mention of marriage, and there were moments when he was positive she would have laughed at him in high amusement. There were times when his soul burned with fierce jealousy at the sight of Helen being nice to some other man, and there were times when his soul basked in the warmth of her intimate smiles.

Before the fortnight was up Ben was practically a wreck. The thought of her going away turned his blood to ice. He decided all of a sudden to abandon all the work and firm resolutions of the bachelorhood that had been his career, admit everything to Helen and agree to marry her.

Thus decided he lost no time, but poured out his heart that night in the romantic moonlight on the Spencer garden.

Helen stared at him in amazement. "Good heavens." she exclaimed. "You can't mean it?"

"I do mean it," declared Ben. "I will marry you."

Helen bit her lip. "Then Aunt Edith was right. She said there was a young man down here who was becoming difficult and a nuisance and didn't know his place, and she wanted me to come down and see what I could do about it. I thought at first she must be mistaken. It didn't seem possible that a man with your—er—social graces could be false. Van Gogh showed me how wrong I was."

"Oh, so you are interested in some other man?" Ben cried fiercely. "Who the devil's Van Gogh? Never heard of him."

Helen laughed lightly. "I became quite aware of that that day at the museum. Also that you never heard of Mr. Gainsborough." She sighed. "Dear me. There seems to be only one laughage a man like you can understand. No, I won't marry you, now or ever, because I think you're an ignorant, conceited boor. Do you understand that?"

Ben did. Mr. Gainsborough's "Blue Boy" couldn't have been any bluer.

EINSTEIN WARNS JEWS

"No Greater Calamity Than Permanent Discord Between Us And Arab People"

(From Our Own Correspondent)

NEW YORK (By Mail).

A warning to the Jews not to lose patience with Britain in their disappointment over the latest plan for Palestine was uttered on Saturday night by Prof. Albert Einstein in a broadcast address.

"Remember, in the midst of your justified embitterment," he said, "that Britain's opponents are also our bitterest enemies. In spite of everything, the maintenance of Britain's position is of the utmost importance to us. It is in the vital interest of the Arab world, too, that Britain's power should not be shattered by the Totalitarian adventurers' hysterical lust for conquest. This elementary fact must and will soon penetrate into the consciousness of the Arabs. They must have been led into their suicidal uprising by terror and foreign agitation.

"But they, too, will after a while recognise logic and facts, especially when we will have learned that our own future depends on our ability to arrive at some mode of honest co-operation with them. There could be no greater calamity than permanent discord between us and the Arab people."

Prof. Einstein insisted that though Britain had "in part ignored her sacred pledge," she had given it in a dire hour, and was now acting in similar circumstances. "We must strive," he insisted," to see that in our ranks reason should prevail over a disappointment and embitterment.'

Bombay Radical Congressmen's Conference

BOMBAY, June 6.

A conference of radical Congress from Bombay and suburbs will be held on the 17th and 18th June 1939, under the presidentship of Mr. Bhupendra Nath Sanyal, a member of the A.I.C.C. from U.P.

The venue of the Conference will be declared later on.—United Press.

Dahisar Panchayat Election

The election of the Sarpanch of the village Panchayat, Dahisar, took place at Dahisar on Sunday, the 4th inst., and Mr. Y. R. Tawde was declared elected as Sarpanch.

All the members of the Village Panchayat were present for the election.

BAN ON FALSE RUMOURS

Sequel To Kidnapping Scare And Its Reaction In Delhi

NEW DELHI, June 6.

The District Magistrate of Delhi has promulgated Section 505—I. P. C. prohibiting people from making, publishing or circulating any statement, rumour or report likely to cause fear or alarm or to incite any class or community of persons to commit any offence against any other class or community. Any person found committing a breach of this order shall be liable to imprisonment, which may extend to two years or to fine or to both.

This step has been taken following the spreading of false rumours that children of one community are being kidnapped by members of another community, resulting in several stray assaults, including two fatal outrages.—A. P.

Parel Post Office

As a temporary measure the Parel Post Office will be shifted from the present building to the new building, known as "Hussein Chambers", standing on Plot No. 219 B, King Edward Road, Parel, Bombay, on Thursday, the 8th inst. and will commence work in the new premises from Friday, the 9th inst.

MUTT AND JEFF—Aladdin and His Lamp Had Nothing on This Little Fairy

By BUD FISHER

IF A LITTLE FAIRY CAME TO YOU AND TOLD YOU THAT YOU COULD HAVE WHATEVER YOU WISHED FOR, BUT WHATEVER YOU GOT, I'D GET TWICE AS MUCH WHAT WOULD YOU WISH FOR?
A LITTLE FAIRY, EH?
DO YOU MEAN THAT IF I ASKED FOR A MILLION BUCKS YOU'D GET TWO MILLION?
THASS RIGHT!
AND IF I'D ASK THE LITTLE FAIRY FOR TWO MILLION YOU'D GET FOUR?
CORRECT! WHATEVER YOU'D WISH FOR I'D GET TWICE AS MUCH!
OH, DEAR LITTLE FAIRY, I WISH I WAS HALF DEAD!
?
NOW THAT'S FUNNY--- I NEVER BELIEVED IN FAIRIES!

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PLEASURE CRUISES

Weather permitting our S.L "LAKSHMI" will leave on a pleasure cruise in the harbour on THURSDAY, 8th June (Public Holiday) as under:—

"ROUND DUFFERIN" at 6-15 p.m. from Apollo Bunder.

There will also be an excursion steamer to Elephanta leaving Ferry Wharf at 9 a.m.

100, Frere Road, Bombay, 6th June, 1939.
Tel. No. 25061.
Alexandra Dock Office.
Tel. No. 25303.

KILLICK NIXON & CO., Agents.

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Build up your nervous system with a course of PHOSFERINE. There are times of nervous tension for all, and no one can entirely escape the strain which modern life imposes on us.

PHOSFERINE is indispensable in times like these because it restores exhausted nerves to their full functioning and so improves your general health.

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Influenza, Lassitude, Brain Fag, Gastric Pains, Debility, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Exhaustion, Nerve Shock, Rheumatism, Headache, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Maternity Weakness, Anæmia

If you have the slightest difficulty in obtaining PHOSFERINE locally, send to Symonds & Co., Bombay. No charge for postage will be made.

Tropical

THE NAME THAT STANDS OUT TO SATISFY INSURANCE NEEDS!

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GASTINE

saves 30% petrol consumption, eliminates carbon, increases power, ensures easier starting, lubricates cylinders, rings and valve stems.

Re. 1-4

Just slip two tablets into your petrol tank with your next gallon of petrol and watch the difference. You'll get more m.p.g. and even greater speeds. 100 tablets cost only Re. 1-4. V.P. charges extra. The only cost; and by this you will reduce your petrol bill by as much as Rs. 20.

RANE Ltd. Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi & Secunderabad Dn.

(Props. of EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES, New Queen's Road, BOMBAY).

Trust your dentist he says KOLYNOS

Because of its unusual, scientific, safe cleansing action.

Use Kolynos and have sparkling teeth and a flashing smile.

BRIGHTEN your SMILE with KOLYNOS

KOLYNOS DENTAL CREAM

Safely Rely on AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

Don't Let PYORRHEA ROB YOU OF YOUR SMILE

Dread pyorrhea strikes 4 people out of 5. Don't *you* become its victim. Start today to guard your gums while you brush your teeth with FORHAN'S.

Forhan's is *different* from ordinary toothpastes. It does BOTH jobs . . . cleans teeth . . . saves gums, because it contains a special ingredient for the gums. Don't wait. Buy a tube *now!*

Representatives: Post Box No. 106, BOMBAY.

Forhan's DOES BOTH JOBS Cleans Teeth · Saves Gums R.J. Forhan D.D.S.

There is no need to cough. Take Pulmovigor. It kills the most troublesome cough immediately. It stops the cough from attacking the lungs. That's how lung diseases start . . . a slight cough . . . neglected . . . reaches the lungs . . . and then anything may happen—pneumonia, consumption. . . . Save your health—avoid costly doctors' bills by taking Pulmovigor at the first sign of a cough.

PULMO VIGOR

A TONIC ANTISEPTIC AND REMEDY FOR ALL TROUBLES IN THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS GRIPPE BRONCHITIS LARYNGITIS PLEURISY

Pulmovigor is particularly efficacious, because it has a *threefold* effect. It is antiseptic—stops cough from reaching lungs. An ideal tonic—restores you to normal health quickly. And gives immediate relief. Any chemist sells Pulmovigor.

Malgham Bros., 26, Old Custom House Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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Established in Bombay, 1919.

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.

Branches:—177/79, Kalbadevi Road, near Cotton Exchange, Bombay, Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay, Rajkot (Civil Station).

CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 39,90,000.
RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,75,000.
DIVIDEND EQUALISATION FUND Rs. 25,000

Directors:—

Sir Hormusjee C. Dinshaw Adenwala, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E., (Chairman).

Lachhmandas Harkhchand Daga, Esq., M. S. Captain, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhavdas Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at ½ per cent, per annum on daily balances upto Rupees one lakh.

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B. M. BHARGAVA. Secretary.

AUTONOMOUS AUDIT PROFESSIONAL

Improving Professional Morale

The recent announcement by the Government of India calling for nominations for election to the Indian Accountancy Board is the first step towards future autonomous audit profession.

The Board will consist of 20 members of whom 12 will be elected, one nominated by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi, one by the Associated Chambers of Commerce of India, Calcutta, and four by Government. The Secretary, Commerce Department, who will also be 'ex officio' chairman, and the Auditor General of India, will represent the Government of India.

It will be recalled that the Indian Accountancy Board was established as a scheme under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, so that the audit of the companies registered under the said Act could be made by well qualified persons. The first Board was brought into existence in 1932 and the second in 1935. Both were wholly nominated bodies. But the policy of the Government of India was to bring into existence an institution to keep in check the harmful tendencies and at the same time to promote the interests of the profession more or less on the lines of the Bar Councils and other bodies controlling various other professions in other countries. A tentative scheme for the introduction of elective principle into the Accountancy Board was circulated to all the Chambers of Commerce, various Societies of Registered Accountants in India and the Provincial Governments for eliciting opinion.

ELECTION OF BOARD ON JUNE 19.

On the basis of several criticisms and recommendations, rules were drafted and published for comments. The final scheme which has come out of this is being put into practice in the election of the next Board. The election will take place on June 19 1939, by ballot; all Registered Accountants enrolled on the Register of Accountants on or before July 1, 1938, can vote out the nomination for election to the Accountancy Board are limited to Approved Accountants only, who are authorised to train articled clerks under the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932. The nominations were called for to reach the Commerce Department by May 15, 1939, after which a week was allowed for withdrawals of any names, if so desired. Ballot papers have now been issued, according to the system of collective voting.

The scheme for the registration and certification of Accountants on all all-India basis came into force on April 1, 1932. The number of persons enrolled on the Register of Accountants stood at 254 at the end of the first year's working. By the end of 1938-39 it had increased to 705. Originally all practising Accountants who were entitled immediately before the commencement of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1930 (XIX of 1930) by reason of certificate granted by Provincial Governments or declaration made by the Governor-General in Council, to be appointed and to act as auditors of companies throughout British India, were entitled, on payment of the necessary fees, to be enrolled on the Register. Future enrolment was, however, restricted to persons who had attained the age of 21 and had satisfied the tests prescribed in part II of the Auditor's Certificates Rules.

Fourteen Accountants were approved during 1938-39 by the Central Government for the purpose of taking in articled clerks. The total number of Approved Accountants stood at 136 at the end of the year and the number of articled clerks who were receiving training during that period, at 270.

A definite improvement in the position of the profession has been noticeable since the establishment of the Accountancy Board. Its functions are to advise the Central Government in all matters relating to the working of the scheme for the registration and certification of Accountants and to assist in maintaining the standard of qualification and conduct of persons enrolled on the Register.

FORCED LANDING OF 'PLANE

Dust Storm Affects Hadi Khan's Flight

LAHORE, June 6.

Further enquiries show that the 'plane of Mr. Hadikhan of the Northern India Flying Club had a forced landing in the fields near Amarsidhu, ten miles from Lahore, and is reported to have been damaged. Mr. Khan arrived here this morning unhurt.

Due to a severe dust storm last night, Mr. Hadikhan, who had gone on a cross-country flight Jhelum along with another 'plane, failed to land at the aerodrome, the visibility being almost nil, with the result the 'plane drifted and had a forced landing due to the failure of oil supply.

The other 'plane piloted by Mr. Shiv Dev Singh just escaped from being crashed when it landed at sunset at the aerodrome within 20 yards of a tea party which was then in progress. He was extricated unhurt from the 'plane by the guests who had assembled there.—United Press.

Nemani's Bust Unveiled

Rajendra Prasad's Tribute To His Munificence

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The bust of the late Seth Shivnarayan Nemani, J. P., was unveiled by Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President at the Cotton Exchange, Marwadi Bazar today.

The hall of the exchange was crowded to capacity and all the balconies were fully packed by the mercantile and business community of the city.

The bust which is to the left of the main door was draped in red and was surrounded by a group of red-robed Desh-Sevikas.

Babu Rajendra Prasad entered the premises exactly at 5-30, accompanied by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Miss Maniben Patel and Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas. Their entrance was greeted by concerted cheering and clapping of the hands.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai arrived a little later and were greeted by the people with immense enthusiasm and continued cheering.

Sir Purshottamdas, who is the President of the East India Cotton Association made a short speech in which he dwelt on the life and character of the late Mr. Nemani. He said that Mr. Nemani was gratefully remembered by all his friends, for his kindness and good nature and he was therefore popularly called "Bapuji."

Babu Rajendra Prasad, in unveiling the bust, said that Mr. Nemani, was born of humble parents; but by character and integrity, he had won fame and riches.

He not only knew how to amass wealth, but he knew the more difficult art of how to spend it wisely and judiciously. In life, he distributed large sums of money for deserving charities, even in death he did not forget them, and many institutions and temples benefited by his generosity.

The sum of one lakh and ten thousand which he gave away to the workers of the cotton bazar was gratefully remembered by the benificiaries.

Mr. Prasad appealed to the businessmen not to forget the welfare of the country at any time.

Among others present were, the Mayor of Bombay, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mr. Mathuradas Tricumjee and Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia.

The gathering dispersed after the singing of "Vande Mataram."

DEFINITION OF "KHADI"

The attention of the public is invited to Government Notification of March 22, 1938, published in the Bombay Government Gazette Part IV-A of March 24, 1938, under which Section 2 of the Khaddar (Name Protection) Act, 1934, has been put into force in the province of Bombay. The section provides:—

"The words 'Khaddar' and 'Khadi', whether in English or in any Indian vernacular language, when applied to any woven material shall be deemed to be a trade description within the meaning of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889, indicating that such material is cloth woven on hand-looms in India from cotton yarn spun by hand in India".

Muzafarabad Hall

(Continued from page 6)

to show to the Government that the Muslims are at one with them in their crusade against prohibition?

Will the Trustees of the Hall reply?—Yours, etc.,

R. D. BALIWALA.

Bandra.

ALL-ROUND IMPROVEMENT IN REVENUE ACCOUNT

United India Makes Appreciable Increase In Investments

(From A Correspondent.)

The United India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., can very well claim to be one of the soundest and strongest of India's Life Offices and by far the largest insurance concern in Southern India. Established in 1906, it has progressed by leaps and bounds during the 33 years of its existence. Under the able efficient management it now enjoys, it has been extending its activities to new areas abroad and intensifying its efforts in areas where its Offices and Representatives are already working. The resources of the Company and its steady growth of business justify the expenditure incurred in developing its organisation not only on a national scale but also on an international scale.

During the year 1938, 10,185 Proposals were received for Assurances amounting to Rs. 1,92,70,796 as against 10,658 Proposals for Assurances aggregating to Rs. 1,70,85,750 in the previous year.

The total amount of claims paid during the year amounted to Rs. 6,06,582-11-9. Since the Company was established a sum of Rs. 42,72,976-9-7 has been paid in satisfaction of claims.

INVESTMENT POLICY

The investment policy of the Company is an outstanding feature of the Report and it is a pleasing sign that the average rate of interest realised has been uniformly satisfactory during the past few years. The expense ratio stands at a fairly reasonable level. The Revenue Account annexed to the Balance Sheet indicates an alround improvement.

There has been an appreciable increase in investments represented by Government Securities, a major portion of this increase being accounted for by a reduction in Fixed Deposits with Banks. This step taken by the Company is really wise and profitable in as much as higher interest consistent with better security is expected to result therefrom. The value of the securities in which credit is taken in the Balance Sheet as at 31st December 1938 is about Rs. 80 Lakhs, lower than the market values ascertained from public quotations.

UNIQUE ACHIEVEMENT.

For a Company which is 33 years old to command a total assurance of about Rs. 6 Crores and to have paid within this period Rs. 42,72,796-9-7 in satisfaction of claims must indeed be taken as a unique achievement. An increase of more than Rs. 30 Lakhs in the new business for 1938 over that of 1937 indicates a noteworthy accomplishment.

WANTED ELECTED ELEMENT ON COMMITTEE

Janjira People Dissatisfied With Nawab's Announcement

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A meeting of Janjira State people was held under the auspices of Janjira State People Union, on Sunday evening at Kitte Bhandari Hall, Durga Devi Road, Bombay, when Rao Bahadur Bole, presided. The President speaking at length, stressed the causes of acute economic distress in which the Jangira State subjects are living at present and requested H. H. The Nawabsaheb of Janjira to redress the outstanding grievances of his subjects immediately arising from heavy land assessment, undue restrictions in respect of grazing lands, jungles etc. and grant his people the civil liberties for their own uplift and in the interest of the State also, of which they are deprived there for the last twelve years.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously at the meeting, after Sardar Sidhi Mahomood and Messrs. Dighe, Patil, Mahomed Hussein, Surve and others had spoken in their support:—

(1) This meeting of the Janjira State subjects held on 4th June 1939 in Bombay, expresses its loyalty to H. H. The Nawabsaheb of Janjira and wishes him long life and prosperity.

(2) The meeting records with appreciation the noble sentiments expressed by H. H. The Nawabsaheb in the Janjira Durbar Extra Ordinary Gazette on 27th May 1939 for his subjects. However it expresses its disappointment with the exclusion of elected public representatives on the reforms Committee and requests His Highness to reconstitute the Committee with a majority of the elected representatives of the people.

(b) It is also sorry to note that the said Gazette prompted with such noble sentiments should fail to make any reference to immediate and crying grievances of the people and demands made through the Janjira State People Union.

(b) The meeting therefore resolves to carry on a campaign by legitimate and peaceful means through Janjira State People Union until all their grievances are redressed and demands granted.

(3) This meeting authorises the President to forward the copies of the above resolutions to His Excellency the Viceroy, to the Agent to The Governor General South Indian State and to His Highness the Nawabsaheb of Janjira.

KATHIAWAR PRINCES' MEETING IN BOMBAY

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, June 6.

On the way to Bombay, the Jamsaheb visited Rajkot this morning and directly motored to the residency, where he had prolonged discussions with Resident Gibson. Discussions are understood to have centred round the questions which arose at the meeting recently held in Jamnagar. He had lunch with the Resident Gibson and then left for Bombay by mail to attend the conference of Rulers and Ministers being held on coming Saturday. The Thakore of Dhrol also left for Bombay by mail this noon. The rulers of Dhrangadhra and Porbandar will also leave on Thursday and Wankaner has already reached Bombay. The Maharaja of Morvi is unable to go owing to illhealth.

AVAILABLE for 15 DAYS

SUKH-SAHULAT (HAPPINESS WITH CHEAPNESS)

ZONE TICKETS

from JULY 1ST to 20TH

TRAVEL-AS-OFTEN-AS-YOU-LIKE

THERE ARE NINE ZONES

FULL PARTICULARS FROM ANY STATION

B.B.&C.I.Ry

THE ECONOMY TIN

LARGE SIZE (8oz.) Rs.1/4
(Contains as much as large bottle)
HANDY SIZE (4oz.) As.11

Why Pay More?

THE health-giving virtues of pleasant-tasting Andrews in the Economy Tin are improved, and you save 6 annas on the large (8 oz.) size and 5 annas on the handy (4 oz.) size. The former bottle-prices were Rs. 1.10 and Re. 1. Unique in formula, Andrews banishes the dangers of constipation, improves the digestive organs, overcomes acidity and generally tones and invigorates from top to toe.

Start well—take one or two teaspoonfuls of Andrews every morning for a week—to keep well, take Andrews regularly.

Andrews has a slow, continuous effervescence quite different from that of other salines. This slow effervescence releases carbon-dioxide which has a markedly soothing effect on the linings of stomach and bowel.

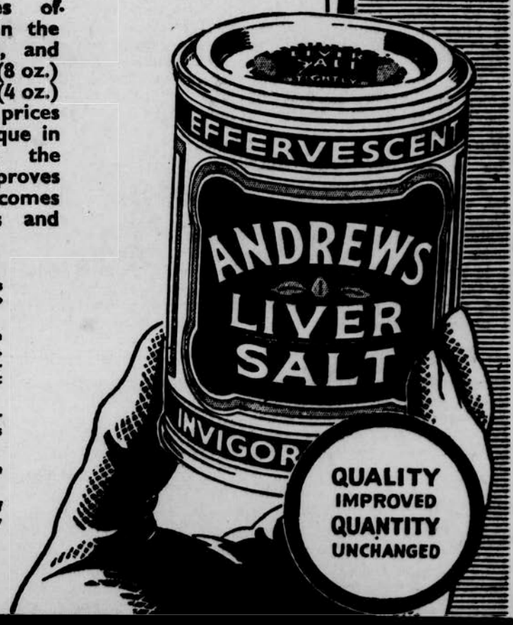
To get the best results from Andrews Liver Salt, put one or two teaspoonfuls into a glass of water and stir—drink while effervescing.

The tins contain the same quantity as the bottles, but cost you less!

Andrews Liver Salt has the largest sale of any effervescing salt in the world and is untouched by hand during manufacture.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

654A



ANDREWS LIVER SALT for Inner Cleanliness

Mainly About Motion Pictures

Studio Spy's Filmiscellany

HOLYWOODITES IN BOMBAY TO-DAY

'The Mill" At Last!...Male Stars In Ascendence...New Film Journal

Two interesting visitors will be in Bombay to-day—if only for a few hours! They are Film Director William Keighley and his film star bride, Genevieve Tobin, both of Warner Brothers, who are on their way to Egypt per s.s. "Victoria". Immediately on the arrival of the steamer they will meet the press and then drive round the city to see the sights of Bombay.

Creator Of "Robin Hood"

William Keighley came to be a film director after considerable theatre experience. On the New York stage, while [illegible] "Penny Arcade," he discovered James Cagney and Joan Blondell. When Warner Brothers bought the play, Keighley went with it. Since then he has directed about twenty pictures including "Varsity Show", "Prince and The Pauper", "Green Pastures," and "Adventures of Robin Hood."

Genevieve Tobin is still on the way to Stardom. Her recent notable achievement was in "Yes, My Darling Daughter."

An Invitation

While welcoming the two Hollywoodites to urbs prima in India, even for a few hours, I cannot help regretting that more Hollywood people don't come oftener to India for their holidays. If some of them now and then come here to spend some time amongst us, they would not be producing pictures like "Gunga-din" (Not that I suspect Mr. Keighley of being capable of producing such a silly film!)

MADHURI,
the Ranjit Star, as she appears in "Thokar" (at West End). Her next film is "Pagal."

"The Mill"

The release of "The Mill," the Ajanta production at Imperial, provokes melancholy reflections.

Having been banned by the Censors for a long time the film is now released several years after the death of Munshi Premchand, the great Indian novelist and short-story writer who wrote the story of this film. Thanks, presumably, to the present Congress regime we are now enabled to see this film.

It was directed and produced by Mr. Bhavnani who, since the banning of "The Mill," has been producing stunt and jungle films

Three Males

The glamour Girls have monopolized screen fame so completely that it is a relief to note that more males are now coming up. The Stellar honours in three of the outstanding current releases go to men. To unfold this brief roll of honour—

SANYAL—Hitherto regarded as a chronic singer—and no more—he suddenly rises to the heights of histrionic achievement in New Theatres' "Bari Didi" (at Roxy).

MAVLANKAR—In "Brandichi Batli" (Huns picture at Majestic) he proves that even ugly people can be heroes and arouse your sympathy and admiration.

SHAIKH—The discovery of Director Mahbub, this literally 'big' actor makes an impressive debut in "The Only Way" (Sagar film at Pathe).

"The Lighthouse"

A new film weekly has made its appearance—or rather "The Lighthouse" shines again after a lapse of eight months, under (we are assured) "an entirely different management." It is "controlled" by (Mama) B. V. Warerkar, the well-known playwright, and Mr. Vasant Marathe who, we believe, is connected with publicity department of a film distributing concern. It is edited and published by Mr. Ram L. Gogatay.

Printed on a modest format, "The Lighthouse" seeks to review, week by week both foreign and Indian Pictures. A welcome feature is a review of the Short Films of the week, an important part of Cinema programmes which is usually ignored by the press.

"Illiterates, Particularly Mohamedans"!

We welcome "The Lighthouse", for we respect the veteran Mama's talent and admire Mr. Gogtay's enthusiasm. We are also glad to read that the reviews in this journal will be "free from the undesirable influence of advertising." It is not unnatural that "Ourselves" should try to boost the paper. But we think there is no justification for such sweeping remarks as "there is not one among them (film journals in India) which reviews current films in an impartial manner" or that the "dailies do not treat the film as an industry except to receive advertisements."

We frankly admire the independent tone of the reviews in "The Lighthouse"—though no two critics should be expected to agree with each other in toto. By the way, should a paper "controlled" by a nationalist like Mama Warerker make such a remark as we quote below from the review of "Leather Face."

"In the result the picture can have entertainment value only to the illiterate people, particularly Mahomedans, who revel in the rule of the rod."

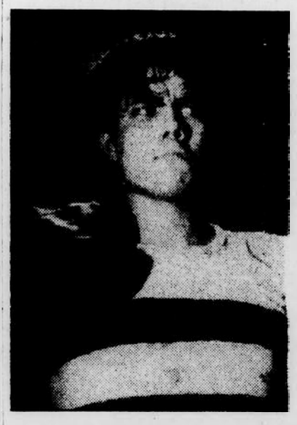
A scene from "Prem Sagar," Madras United Artistes' Corporation film, now running at Minerva.

INDUMATI MISTRY,
in Prabha Pictures' mythological film "Mayabazar," coming to Central on Saturday.

PT. NEHRU TO INAUGURATE CZECH FILM

"Janosik" a Czechoslovakian film will be shortly released in Bombay by the China Aid Progressive Film Committee, at one of the prominent local cinemas. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will inaugurate the picture proceeds from which will go to the China Relief Fund and a part for the relief of Czechoslovakian refugees.

"Janosik", one of the most outstanding continental productions, should have particular appeal to India as it depicts the rising of Czech peasants against foreign overlords.



SHAIKH,
the literally 'big' actor, who makes an impressive 'debut in "The Only Way," Sagar film at Pathe.

A TRIANGULAR DEBATE ON

Crime Pictures

Baburao Patel Replies

On Mr. Kikubhai Desai's letter being referred to Mr. Baburao Patel, the latter replies as under:—

I am not surprised that Mr. Kikubhai Desai, himself a wholesale producer of "crime" pictures, has taken courage in his two hands and taken up the pen to defend his own creations.

I have yet to meet the producer who has honestly admitted that what he produced was all wrong and should not have seen the light of day. And I have been fifteen years in this industry.

THOSE EXPERTS

Those experts of criminology who according to Kikubhai, state

BABURAO PATEL
gives his rejoinder and restates his case against crime pictures.

that a criminal is born and not made, have, like Kikubhai again, to sell their books on crime.

Even assuming, for sake of argument, that a criminal is born, does it behove the Indian producers to provide a further training in crime by producing crime pictures?

I would willingly support the "Crime Does Not Pay" series produced by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. This is real anti-crime work as these 'shorts' generally begin after the crime is committed and while condemning the criminal acts, expose and glorify methods of detection of crime. They never stress how crime is actually committed. Besides, in all these shorts, the fear of being caught and punished is so much exploited by making the criminal run about for shelter from place to place, hiding in stables and garages, penniless and begging for bread that it completes one significant psychological effect in the minds of the onlookers that the life of a criminal is miserable and unfortunate.

Do Kikubhai's pictures produce that effect? I doubt!

I still state that crime pictures, as they are at present produced in India, propagate and glorify crime and it is a poor argument to say that crime was committed even before such pictures were produced in India.

INTELLIGENCE NEEDED

What I object to is More Crime which the producers unwittingly sponsor with their crime school of production.

It is high time that our producers recognize the social significance of a picture and use this all powerful instrument for the good of the Society.

We are being disciplined into a nation of non-violent non-co-operators while on the screen we are being trained to use "dummy" revolvers.

I admit that it needs intelligence to produce better pictures than the crime variety and that, indeed, seems to be the only reason why certain producers continue to produce crime pictures.

CASE FOR THE DEFENCE

Mr. Kikubhai Desai, Proprietor, Paramount Film Co., writes:—

Mr. Baburao Patel, under the title "It is a Crime" has written an article in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 3rd instant. As the said article is likely to spread wrong notions

KIKUBHAI DESAI
defends production of crime films in India.

regarding an essential type of our Indian Pictures I beg leave to write a few words in refutation of its contentions.

Crime here needs definition—or rather 'Crime Pictures' does.

But why name them perversely why not call them what they rightly are, Anti-Crime Pictures.

Such pictures depict the heroism of a male or a female lead or both against a criminal or a gang of criminals—Good pitted against the forces of Evil and triumphant in the end. What is bad in that? Showing the evil doings of a criminal or a gang of criminals and punishing their misdeeds with proper severity leaves no ground for adverse impressions.

FIRE AND ELECTRICITY!

You can't prohibit mentioning about fire and electricity merely because they, by nature, burn and kill. You must teach your children the harmful as well as the beneficial functions of them even at risk of a mischievous brain catching the hint the other way and injuring himself.

Leaving out very insignificant cases of some diseased minds getting hints of stealing or robbing from pictures, I don't think our youngsters are so very unhealthy-minded that they would be tempted to commit crime even after seeing severe punishment being meted out to the criminal.

I must differ from Mr. Baburao in what he writes about criminals being not born. And majority of those who have made crimino-

(Continued on page 11, column 3.)

CONGRESS PRESIDENT AT ROXY

To See "Reception" Topical

Babu Rajendra Prasad, President, Indian National Congress accompanied by prominent Congress workers will attend special show of the recent topical film, made by the Bombay Talkies of the rousing reception and the gorgeous procession of the Congress President, at 9-30 a.m. to-day at the Roxy Talkies.

By way of entertainment to the guests, Bombay Talkies' "Bhabi' will also be shown along with the topical.

Evidence From America

Writing under the caption of "Crime School" in the May 13th issue of "Harrison's Reports" Mr. Pete Harrison, a well-known American film critic, reproduces extracts from "Filmindia" on the subject of crime films and adds his own comments, extracts from which we publish below:—

It is peculiar that types of pictures that go in cycles are not confined to the United States alone; the whole world seems to be affected.

For several months there has been an outcry in the United States against the fact that the number of crime pictures that are produced are too many. And

PETE S. HARRISON,
well-known American film critic, supports Baburao Patel's case from New York.

there has been an outcry against the same thing in India.

The advice that Baburao Patel has given to the Indian producers applies with equal force to the American producers. For several years the number of crime pictures produced by them has been altogether out of proportion to the other types. Some companies have based more than one-half of their product on crime stories.

ARE THEY HARMFUL?

Of course, not all of them are demoralizing—perhaps about one-third of this number are harmless; but when one takes into consideration the extraordinarily high percentage of vicious crime pictures, one wonders whether the Hollywood producers realize what the outcome may be.

Are crime pictures harmful?

While in Detroit, attending the National Convention of the Variety Club, I was told by an exhibitor that, the following day after the opening of "Huckleberry Finn" at his theatre, twenty corn-cob pipes disappeared from the neighbourhood drug store; the boys who stole these pipes were influenced by Mickey Rooney's smoking.

I have been informed that there is a definite boycott against pictures of this type in many parts of the United States, carried on by the Parents Teachers Association and by the Women's Clubs, and, judging by the poor reception these crime pictures are receiving, I would not be surprised if this boycott is national. Do you wonder, then, why the picture business has been shot to pieces?

Some pictures show the criminals brave and fearless and reckless. That impresses the minds of the young more than the punishment the criminal receives in the end.

Gentlemen-producers! You had better clean up your house before it is cleaned up for you.

By Our Film Critic

MADRAS THREATENS OUR SUPREMACY

"Thyaga Bhoomi", A Creditable Tamil Production At Plaza

I do not know how the impression has gained currency that South Indian films are hopelessly backward even when compared with pictures produced in Bombay. "Thyaga Bhoomi," produced by the Madras United Artistes Corporation now showing at Plaza Cinema, Dadar, is a production of which most studies in India would have been proud.

It is a picture which no Tamil-knowing South Indian in Bombay can afford to miss.

PRISONERS.

The story of the film has a realistic pattern, every day domestic, social and political happenings having been woven into it. It starts as the personal problem of a girl married to an irresponsible philanderer, thrown by circumstances on her own resources, revolting against conventional servility which was her lot and, having come into a lot of money by one of those miracles of melodrama, finding in charitable work the means for self-expression. Interwoven is the life of her father, a simple old composer of music who is ostracised in the village for giving shelter to Harijans in storm and cannot get employment in the city because no one seems to appreciate his classical music, as also the captivating career of her little daughter, Charu, brought up in the slums by her grandfather. From the personal problems of this family the story, towards the end, emerges upon a higher plane when the errant husband and the resurgent wife meet at last—in prison, along with thousands of others who went to jail for the nation's cause.

VERSATILE SUBBULUXMI.

It is rather a marathon story though the author, the well-known Tamil writer, "Kalki," has worked into it many diverting and dramatic elements. The competent and intelligent direction of Mr. K. Subramaniam, has manifestly enlivened it.

The all-important leading role of Savitri is played by S. D. Subbulaxmi, the well-known South Indian artiste. Though no glamour girl, she is a versatile actress with a wide range of expressions at her command. Her singing is also an asset.

A CHILD WITH A FUTURE.

Next to her alone, the most notable performer is Saroja, the little girl with the big future. As Charu, she is the very picture of intelligent, if slightly precocious childhood. Her interpretations of Bharat Natya and Kathak dances display talent which holds in it the promise of developing into artistry of the highest order.

Papanasam Sivan's songs will delight lovers of the classic South Indian music.

The general level of music in this picture is definitely higher than an average Bombay or Calcutta picture. Obviously the South Indian public has a more developed musical taste for most of the songs are not what one may call "popular." Also, from our standards there are far too many songs, prolonging the film to the inordinate length of over 18,000 feet! But, they tell me, such lengthy films are appreciated in South India. Anyway, after seeing "Thyaga Bhoomi," one can cheerfully face the ordeal of seeing our own 13 thousand feet films!

Technically this picture is much better than the average Bombay film. The supremacy which our city has hitherto enjoyed in film production is now definitely threatened by Madras.

K. A. ABBAS.

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

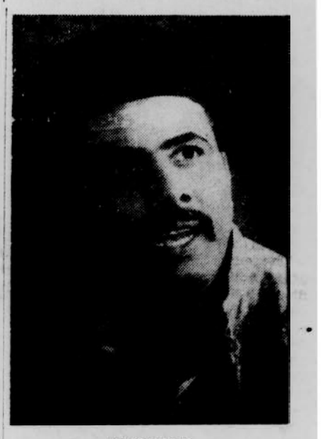
CAPITOL: Old Favourites Revived: "Sant Tukaram," Prabhat's famous picture. From Saturday, "Mother India".

CENTRAL: "Baji Prabhu Deshpande" historical film in Marathi, featuring Balasaheb Yadav, Ganpat, Bakre, Sharda, Nurjehan etc. (Third and Last Week).

IMPERIAL: "Mill," Ajanta production, hitherto banned, story by Premchand, the famous Hindustani writer, starring Bibbo, Jairaj and Nyampally.

KRISHNA: "Dushman," New Theatres fine film, starring Saigal, Leela Desai and Najmal Husain. Outstanding current release. Fine songs by Saigal. (16th Week.)

LAMINGTON: "Jungle King," Wadia's "Jungle Thriller" featuring Pramila and John Cavas.



WINAYAK,
the Huns' Director, who plays the lead in Hindi version of "Brandy Bottle."

(Tenth week). Also topical newsreel of Gandhiji in Delhi.

MAJESTIC: "Brandichi Batli," Huns picture in Marathi Starring Minakshi and Malvankar. Amusing. Instructive. Well-produced. (Fourth Week.)

PATHE: "The Only Way," Sagar film, introducing potential stars in Shaikh, Arun and Anuradha. A notable production. (Third Week.)

OPERA HOUSE:: "Mother India" second Indian colour film, glorifying Indian motherhood. Sentimental appeal for women. Featuring Sharifa, Ghulam Mohd. Pramila, Sushila, etc. (20th Week.)

ROXY: New Theatres' "Bari Didi". Fine drama. Splendid acting by Sanyal and Molina. Must be seen by every intelligent filmgoer. (Fourth Week.)

WEST END: "Thokar," Ranjit new film starring Kumar, Madhuri, Ishwarlal, etc. Good Sentimental story with popular appeal. Good acting by principal players. (Fifth Week.)

SANYAL in a scene from "Bari Didi," the New Theatres' fine film at Roxy.

TRAVELLING GOVT. FOR AUNDH STATE!

Ministers Move From Village To Village To Solve Rural Problems

(From Our Correspondent.)

AUNDH. (By Mail).

The Prime Minister of the Aundh State has laid down the policy of the Government at the first meeting of the Aundh State Legislative Assembly on June 1st.

The constitution is so far ahead of all similar reforms in other States and provides such unlimited scope for progress, both cultural and economic, that many years of hard work cannot exhaust all the inherent possibilities.

In administration the utmost effort will be made to reduce the cost of collecting and administration of revenue. Sweeping overhaul of the administrative machinery is already decided upon and top limits of expenditure under different heads are laid down and submitted to the Legislative Assembly. They involve reduction of the cost of administration to one third of its present figure. A reorganisation of services and simplification of procedure will increase the efficiency and flexibility of the administration in spite of the reduced expenditure.

A notable feature of the administrative reform is the system of a travelling government. The ministers with their office will move from Taluka to Taluka and from village to village according to a pre-arranged schedule and all the matters will be despatched on the spot avoiding all correspondence and collection of information. A constant and intimate touch with the villages, a close insight into their troubles and difficulties and personal attendance to the problems facing the village panchayats in their attempts at rural reconstruction will make the Government truly of the people and by the people.

In spite of sweeping reductions in the cost of administration all efforts will be made not to dismiss the superfluous staff but to direct them to other lines of work, mainly to village education and rural uplift.

EDUCATIONAL POLICY.

The educational policy of the State will be based on the Wardha scheme of Education. A 100 per cent literacy drive for children and adults involving an increase of expenditure for education absorbing about one third of the State revenue and providing for a sixfold increase of the number of village teachers is decided upon although its complete realisation may take a couple of years. Arrangements for training teachers for the literacy drive are being made. As soon as the drive shows reasonable progress, the Wardha scheme of self-sufficiency in education will be gradually substituted for the present system of simple three R's. The entire change over may take about five years.

A village University is proposed for training teachers and instructors and for all experimental and demonstration work connected with rural uplift.

A judicial reform is contemplated, which will make the villages self-dependent for administration of justice in practically all day-to-day matters. The bill is under preparation and will be submitted to the Legislative Assembly at its next session.

The villages will be urged to organise themselves as self-dependent, self-reliant and close knit units, bound by a solidarity of interests and mutual helpfulness.

The organisation and education of the panchayats and the reawakening of a civic consciousness in the villages will be one of the main cares of the Government, and the main purpose of the personal touch with the village.

A system of village voluntary guards will be introduced to improve the safety and sanitary conditions in the village.

FINANCIAL POLICY.

In matters of financial policy, the Government intends to redistribute the burden of taxation by reducing the land assessments to the level prevailing in British India, by revision of all assessments, by taking non-agricultural income and exploiting all possible sources of revenue so as to relieve the peasant. Several institutions like press, electric and water supplies. High School etc. are to be reorganised so as to become fully self-supporting.

The Government proposes to take all credit operations under strict Government Control. A debt consolidation bill is under preparation. A scheme for cheap and for certain purposes, interest-free credit for peasants is under preparation.

The State debts will be converted and a special autonomous State Reserve Fund instituted for the service of State debts and pensions with reserved sources of income.

In honour of the first Legislative Assembly the ruler has granted a general amnesty for all prisoners in state jail.

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A PLAN OF PROVINCIAL RECONSTRUCTION IN INDIA

Dr. Syed Mahmud's Book

(From A Correspondent)

The recently published book entitled "A plan of Provincial Reconstruction" written by the Hon. Dr. Syed Mahmud, Ph.D. Bar-at-Law, Minister of Education, Development and Employment, Bihar, gives the lie direct to the accusation which was levelled against the Congress party that a party which was wedded to a policy of destruction would ever be able to bend its energies to constructive endeavour when called upon to do so. The short period during which the Congress Ministry has worked gives ample proof of its capacity for constructive statesmanship by undertaking many beneficient measures designed to do lasting good to the people. The author of this book is a very well-known figure in All-India politics, having been for many years a General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, and thus was in the forefront of our political life when he was called upon to shoulder the burdens of administration in Bihar. He brought to bear to this work his profound scholarship, powers of clear thinking and ripe and rich experience and all these have gone to enrich the book under review and give us a comprehensive and clear-cut plan of reconstructing our socio-economic organisation, intensely practical and capable of being realised within a reasonable period of time inspite of the constitutional limitations, and fetters which have been placed on the Provincial Governments. Although the plan has been written for the Province of Bihar, the basic problems are much the same all over India; hence the plan may be applied and executed in other Provinces as well, with suitable modifications. The value of this book has been enhanced all the more by the fact that the author combines wide theoretical knowledge with first-hand experience and study of many of the economic problems discussed in the book. The credit of tackling the difficult problems connected with the rationalisation of the sugar and lac industries, adult education, educational reconstruction, agricultural development, etc., with great success goes to him. Unlike similar books, this book takes note of the realities of the situation and gives concrete and definite suggestions which defines the scope of work and clarify the issues for the practical statesman and administrator. The book starts with the national balance-sheet of economic assets and liabilities which mirrors faithfully the economic and social disintegration of the present day and indicates the deficiencies which have to be made good before the economic regeneration of the people can be assurred. Almost all the burning topics which are engaging the anxious consideration of the administrator, e.g., reorganisation of land revenue system, reorganisation of education, rural indebtedness and agricultural finance, development of large medium and cottage industries, agrarian reconstruction and the baffling problem of unemployment have all been dealt with exhaustively and eminently practical suggestions given for their solution. Rastrapati Rajendra Prasad, in the course of a thought-provoking foreword to this book, has rightly observed that "If our Ministry is able to carry into execution even a part of the plan adumbrated in the book it will have served the Province well."

CRIME PICTURES — CASE FOR THE DEFENCE

(Continued from page 10)

logy their life-study also say the same thing. One can be tutored in crime even as in anything else. But crime that is anything approaching genius is always in the blood or in the brain, in the form of some mental abberration.

We will all welcome Mr. Patel urging the producers to make the "Crime" pictures more rational, more educative and more moral, than they are to-day, instead of seeing him condemn them wholesale, misname and defame them.

SHORT-LIVED MEMORY?

The memory of the pictures on the screen is so very short-lived that it is simply impossible for a normal mind to imbibe bad hints from them and especially when anything even distantly suggestive has been clipped off by the film censors, especially of Bombay, who are, as a rule, very critical and conscientious in the case of pictures depicting gangs and gangsters.

So careful, would Mr. Baburao Patel wipe away from the face of the earth all Arthur Conan Doyle Novels, consign Edgar Wallaces to the waste-paper basket and prohibit all newspapers from publishing crime news, in the interest of the coming generation, or, pursuing his peculiar way of reasoning ascribe a vein of criminality to all the great writers and publishers of crime and detection literature.

THOSE YAWNING PITS!

When a crime is committed, the papers give the happening a wide publicity so that the public be warned against such crime and its authors and be better fitted to defend against a second attack of this nature.

Can you cover your eyes in the face of the yawning pits of sin and crime around? Don't you think the coming generation needs enlightenment on the psychology and the methods of crime and the ways and means of combating it. Weapons of defence and death such as Repeat guns, asphixiating gases and gas-masks can be sources of danger to the public and knowledge about their uses must be taboo if we must obey Mr. Patel, but the world is acquirin gall sorts of dangerous knowledge at a great speed and India too must of necessity be ready to learn it if she is to stand prepared for the defence of her land in the event of war.

"CRIME DOESN'T PAY"

There is a series of shorts issued by the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer under the title "Crime Doesn't Pay" and they are classed under Educational pictures. They teach the public how crooks deceive and rob us and how we should round them up and bring them to justice. They equip us with the knowledge to safeguard ourselves and check criminal tendencies in us by showing us graphically on the screen what dire punishment crime brings in its trail. They are highly entertaining too, for the fact that they depict the matching of the sharp wits of the investigator and the criminal.

To describe such beneficent attempts as "Crime" pictures and attribute all the evil of the world to them is absolutely unfair on the part of such an intelligent and well-informed journalist as Baburao.

To quote instances of juvenile theft and larceny as he has done, were as easily possible in the times when no 'crime' pictures were being made in India or even when no pictures at all were being produced. Young lads stole even then and jail prisoners tried to escape. Penal code, too, was in existence long before the film industry began.

FRANKNESS AND FREEDOM

In these days of frankness and freedom, one dare not be a cad or a coward. One must acquire a thorough knowledge of both the good and the bad of the world so that the good be pursued avidly and the bad given a wide berth to or manfully combatted against when face to face with it.

All unbiased readers would admit the incontrovertible truth contained in my remarks and would agree that pictures of this nature are a vital necessity of a large section of the city populace. After being engaged in body-wrecking labours all day, it doth need some rousing entertainment and what could better serve its purpose than a vigorous, breezy hit-and-smash picture of this type by one of our companies here.

Such pictures are made to check crime and correct the criminal-minded by giving him a visual proof of crime suffering a sad and sorrowful end, not to increase crime and turn the flowers of future hopes into criminals and crocks.

"VIGOROUS TYPE OF PICTURES"

Theft and robbery, crowbar and the revolver, alone do not constitute crime. There may be worse crimes depicted in many a social picture than in the so-called "Crime" pictures. Giving away child daughters in marriage or making an offering of them as Devdasis to the indifference of the stone-gods and the lust of the wicked priests, to sell daughters, to kill daughters, to ill-treat wives or desert them, to become drones and over-burden society, to exploit the poor and the needy, are they not all worse crimes than sheer theft or robbery or gangsterism?

Then, why such false differentiation, such biased reasoning, such a wholesale and unreasonable condemnation of this vigorous type of pictures at a time when holy vows are being taken to make sincere efforts towards building up of the industry higher and not snapping viciously at what few bricks have been diligently laid up in the structure.

ALLEGED MURDER OF WIFE

Session Judge Sends Case To High Court

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, June 6.

"I am of the opinion that this case is one which it was not possible for people not trained to judicial work to arrive at a correct decision. At the same time the conduct of the villagers of Telange is such that this case should not be left at this stage by me accepting the jury's verdict" with these words the Additional Sessions Judge, Thana Mr. S. M. Kaikini, disagreeing with the unanimous "not guilty" verdict by the jury on the count of murder charge, referred the case to the Bombay High Court.

The accused in this case, one Bhiku Mahadu of Telange Kolaba District was committed to the Thana Session by the Mahad First Class Magistrate on charges of murder and destruction of evidence inasmuch as the accused was alleged to have beaten to death his wife and caused her body to be buried later on, to save himself from the clutches of law. The assessor's verdict of "not guilty" on a minor charge was accepted by the Judge who ordered his acquittal but referred the case to the High Court so far as murded charge was concerned.

Messrs. A. V. Chitre Public Prosecutor Kolaba and S. A. Deshmukh pleader, Mangaon appeared for the crown and defence respectively.

Indians In U. S. A.

Petition For Grant Of Citizenship Rights

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail).

A committee representing the India Welfare League arrived at the Capital this morning to confer with Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalisation J. L. Houghteling regarding the possibilities of amending present laws to permit Indians to become American citizens.

The committee brought with them 5,000 signatures to petitions supporting their cause which will be accepted by Mr. Houghteling on behalf of Miss Frances Perkins, the Secretary of Labour. They will be presented by Mr. Mubarek Ali Khan, President of the League who heads the committee including Ramlal Bajpai, chairman of the board, who will act as spokesman of the delegation, Abdul Tahid, vice-president, Milton G. Winston, counsel, and Mr. Mohammed Yusef Khan, member of the advisory committee.

Following the conference M. Y. Khan will leave for San Francisco to obtain additional support for the campaign from Indians residing in Western U. S. 'En route" he will visit Father Flanagan, who conducts a home for boys in Boys Town, Nebraska, and present him with a donation from the League.

SOCIALISTS SUFFER REVERSES

Allahabad City Congress Committee Elections

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, June 5.

Socialists suffered reverses in the election of office-bearers of the New City Congress Committee held last night. Nearly all offices have been captured by Gandhiites.

Muhammad Shahid Fakhri has been elected President of the Committee. Muslims received good support in the election of office-bearers. They captured as many as four out of nine offices in the City Congress Committee. Several old office-bearers who have been holding office for a number of years have been thrown overboard. The election of representatives of City Congress Committee on the District Congress Committee was also held last night.

Mr. R. N. Basu, Chairman, Allahabad Municipal Board has decided to resign. He will make a statement at the meeting of the Board to be held on June 9.

The reason appears to be that Mr. Basu is a members of the Congress Party which has been recently reduced to minority by the defection of some members of the Party. It appears, he has been advised by Party leaders to resign as he can't very well function as Chairman when Congress Party has been reduced to minority.

Probably an attempt will be made to request Mr. Basu to withdraw his resignation by non-Congress members.

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Drive Against Indians In Ceylon

Attempt To Segregate Estate Labour: Retaliation Will Alone Stay Govt.'s Hands

(From A Correspondent)

COLOMBO, May 31.

The fate of 8,000 Indians is sealed. The ministers with their mere weight of numbers have been able to carry the day in regard to this important question. It should be remembered that the ministers through their nominee, the member for Balapitya were pleased to get the closure of the motion passed in the Council even before the two of the three Indian members spoke on the subject. I have already intimated to you the position of the Indian members in the State Council is rather unenviable. They are not generally given a hearing and when opportunity occurs they are prevented from speaking on some flimsy cause. The question of the 8,000 Indian workers is a matter affecting the Indian vitally and in the middle of the speech of the member for Kandy just after the tea interval closure of the debate was moved and carried through by the Sinhalese members. In the present case excepting the two Indian members who have not spoken all the other minority members have not even entered the Chamber from the tea rooms. Before anybody could protest at the twinkling of an eye the question was put and the debate closed. Next day when it was the question of the Kandians the closure motion was defeated. From this one could understand what justice we could get at the hands of the majority community. Indians are trying to gather forces in order to fight their cause, but I do not know how far they would succeed. Unless the Indian leaders and the Government of India back them up it will be a lost cause.

CONTEMPLATED ANTI-INDIAN MOVE

I am hereunder giving an extract from the minutes of the Board of Ministers held on the 14th March 1939.

"The question of immigration into Ceylon was fully discussed and the following decisions were reached:—

(1) There should be no refusal of entry of any person into Ceylon, except in the interest of health or public tranquillity or on the ground of lack of means.

(2) At the time of entry into Ceylon every non-Ceylonese should be required to complete a form indicating the purpose of his entry into Ceylon and the period for which he is likely to stay in Ceylon.

(3) Non-Ceylonese without passports will be given identification cards carrying their finger prints, a duplicate being kept by the Immigration authority.

(4) No non-Ceylonese will be allowed to stay in Ceylon more than three months without a permit.

(5) Persons with indentification cards must report monthly during their first three months in Ceylon.

(6) A permit to stay in Ceylon for more than three months will not be granted to persons desiring to carry on a business or profession or to be employed in Ceylon, unless Immigration authority is satisfied:—

(a) in the case of a business or profession that the business or profession is in the interests of Ceylon and will not compete unduly with Ceylonese businesses; and

(b) in the case of employment, that no suitable Ceylonese is available for the post.

The Minister of Local Administration asked that in addition details should be obtained of restrictions of entry in force in Australia, Java, South Africa, etc., before final decision is taken.

The above six clauses will not apply in full to Estate labourers. They will be given identification cards marked specially "Estate Labour," and will be precluded from taking up any other occupation without first obtaining a permit under (6). Their employer must keep track of them and notify the Immigration authority whenever they change their addresses.

Power should be taken to fix a quota for each class of employment whereby no employer in Ceylon may employ more than the fixed proportion of non-Ceylonese appropriate to his class.

Every person in Ceylon employing a non-Ceylonese should pay a special tax, which should vary with the class of employment, the tax being fixed in each class at a level which will provide a definite inducement to employers to substitute Ceylonese for non-Ceylonese.

It was further agreed that the Chief Secretary and the Minister of Labour, industry and Commerce should submit for the consideration of the Board a memorandum embodying the above decisions and also a practical scheme for putting them into effect."

You will find there is every attempt made to segregate the estate population from the Ceylonese as well as from the urban Indian population. You will find from the above minutes that the Sinhalese ministers are not guided purely from the economic standpoint of their own country, but are guided by the Anti-Indian legislation in other parts of the world.

The Indian leaders should take into consideration the fact that there is an increase in population to the extent of 12,000 in the planting area amongst the Indians. If the estate population is going to be segregated and not allowed into the merging of the general population of the country, I do not know what is really in store for this unfortunate community in this country.

CEYLON GOVERNMENT, THE RICE IMPORTER

Everything seems to point to the future of the Indian rice importer being displaced by the Ceylon Government. During the last rice crisis the Ceylon Government lost several millions due to the ignorance of the trade. The Labour Committee is considering the motion of Dr. N. M. Perera advocating that the Government should become the importer of Rice. Added to this the Government is now faced with the question of purchasing of and financing for the Reserve Stock under the Essential Commodities Ordinance. The experience which they are likely to get in the present control will be of help to them. Then comes the Agricultural Quota Bill which gives the Government a right to interfere in the rice import. Considering the present Anti-Indian feeling and the various proposals connected with the Immigration and Trade one is compelled to think that the Government tries to step into the shoes of the Indian rice merchant. That should naturally be the second step which the Government would take after sending away the urban labourer more or less under compulsion. Compelling the employers to employ 75 per cent of their staff from amongst the Ceylonese would give some training and incite into the various businesses in which the Indians are engaged. Nor do these Sinhalese leaders keep quiet without expressing the above ideas. There was a demonstration by the Trade Union Congress under the leadership of Mr. Gunasinha when Gunasinha said that by the introduction of quota in the employees of Pettah they would be able to convert the business of A. S. S. Pillai into a Simon at an early date. This clearly shows the mentality of the Sinhalese politicians of the day.

There is some fear amongst some Sinhalese leaders that there is likely to be some retaliation from the Government of India affecting the coconut trade. A responsible member of the Sinhalese community connected with some trade organisation told the Minister that he feared that India would insult the members of any trade delegation which goes to Simla instead of talking to them in a friendly manner due to the various Anti-Indian moves of the Board of Ministers. It is also rumoured that the Ceylon trade representative at Bombay is asked to come to Ceylon for ascertaining what the feeling in Bombay is like after the Anti-Indian moves of the Sinhalese ministers. The Indian community is determined to fight to the last man on these questions in Ceylon and it is hoped that the Indian leaders in Bombay and other places would show their resentment at the way in which their brethren in this country are treated. I would go to the extent of suggesting that Ceylon representative in Bombay should be told in so many words what they think about the action of his Government.

Govt. Give Preference To Anglo-Indians

M. & S. M. Rly. Employees Union Secretary Condemns Attitude

The Secretary of the M. & S. M. Rly. Employees Union writes:—

A General Body Meeting of the above Union was held on May 29 in Mr. Kulkarni's field, under the Chairmanship of Mr. Dadabhoy.

Mr. Chalgeri, Secretary of the Branch, in opening the meeting garlanded Messrs. Dadabhoy and Parsaram Yamaji.

For the staunch and faithful services rendered to the Union by them during the tenure of their offices as members of the Executive Committee Union which they are now retiring.

Then Mr. Imamsab Kasimsab of Smithy shop and Mr. Ramrao Huddar of copper Smithy were elected in places of the retired Executive Committee members and requested that the newly elected members would render similar help to this Organisation.

Finally he stressed the audience to strengthen the Union.

Concluding Mr. Chalgeri condemned the attitude of the Government in supporting only the one class (Anglo-Indians) by considering their minimum wage to be Rs. 55 per month, at the same time neglecting the majority of workers who are at the verge of starvation and whose minimum of living wage has not at all been considered even after persistent demands. Further he stressed that this would create a good deal of dissatisfaction amongst the majority of the wor-

REMOVE MISUNDERSTANDING AMONG PEOPLE

Sanatanists' Suggestion To Maintain World Peace

The Secretary of Bharat Dharma Mandal of Benares issues the following appeal:—

Every one agrees that the world is in a distracted condition. War which seems almost unavoidable will put civilization to an end.

Let us ponder a while and try to trace the condition which lead to such a situation. There are so many theories on it but no such formula has yet been advanced as may command even general acceptance as a preventive of the impending catastrophe.

The state of universal helplessness that prevails indicates that to avert the expected calamity human efforts can not much avail for the moment. Europe is running the danger of a colossal clash of arms—Japan is ruthlessly overrunning China.

India though not faced with imminent destrutcion is hoplessly disunited and torn by internal dissensions. Hindu and Muslim brethren are cutting each other's throat. In the States there is enough of unrest. Land owning classes are experiencing a lot of botheration and trials. Disruptive forces have crept into the Congress. Thus our country is passing through one of the most anxious periods in its history.

It is, therefore, the sacred duty of all of us to implore for Divine mercy to rescue humanity from misery and sufferings. The Bharat Dharma Mahamandal, the All-India representative Society of the Sanatanists, hereby appeals to Hindu brethren to pray individually and collectively to the Almighty Father to send grace to Nations, Communities and people so that all differences amongst may be settled without a resort to internecine or international quarrels. The Sanatan Dharma Sabhas are requested to arrange for special meetings at which congregational prayers may be offered.

CONGRESSMAN FASTING FOR 21 DAYS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, June 6

Brijmohan Goyal, a Congress volunteer and resident of the cantonment has been on hungerstrike for the past 21 days. The objects of his fast are a purge of Congress corruption and bring about reform in cantonment administration. Prior to commencing his fast unto death, Goyal wrote a letter to Gandhiji. He also made his intention known to local and provincial Congress leaders; but nobody seems to have taken serious notice of his fast. He started his fast on May 17. Now it has been discovered that Goyal's condition has become very dangerous and if Congress leaders don't intervene his fast might end fatally. The new President of the city Congress Committee, Mr. Mohid Shahid Fakhri who was elected only a couple of days ago however, lost no time in wiring to Gandhiji and Babu Rajendra Prasad about Mr. Goyal's very dangerous condition and praying for their intervention.

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LTD
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as Sole Distributors for:-
OLDSMOBILE CARS & OLDSMOBILE TRUCKS
for
GUJARAT

BLOCKADES, ONE OF WORST FORMS OF 'HIMSA'

(Continued from Page 16).

would have gone on and the Management of the Company would not have been forced to declare a lock-out as noted above. The legal and moral issues involved in the affair are the following:—

(a) Whether or not obstruction and prevention of work as described above constitute an offence under the criminal law of the land and does not the same call for stern action on the part of those responsible for preservation of law and order to clear out gateways and passages from all unlawful human blockades?

(b) Whether or not picketing and obstruction of the nature described above are in keeping with the principles of 'Satya-and 'Ahimsa,' dear as life itself to all Congressmen in the country?

Absolutely Illegal

With regard to Issue (a) above, the best legal opinion in the country will undoubtedly regard obstruction, etc., practised by the strikers as an offence calling for stern action on the part of the authorities concerned.

In this connection one can well assert that in case the creation of human blockades did not constitute an offence could the injury caused by crossing over or clearance of he same during the course of the exercise of ordinary rights of passage by peace-loving persons be termed as an offence.

The Hon'ble Mr.. Raja Gopalachariar, Premier of Madras, has declared obstruction, etc., of the above nature as absolutely illegal and unlawful. The Congress Government of Bombay have also expressed likewise in the matter.

Worst Form Of Violence

With regard to issue (b) above, the blockades practised would be regarded by all right-thinking Congressmen as one of the worst forms of 'Himsa'. As against this a little further thought would, no doubt, take us to the conclusion that the clearance of the blockades by peace-loving persons in the exercise of the normal rights of passage by owners of properties would be regarded as absolutely in keeping with the principles of 'Ahimsa'.

In this connection, it would be pertinent to refer to the opinions expressed on various occasions by Mahatma Gandhi and other highly placed Congressmen in the country.

Government Must Intervene

It is expected that the Congress Ministry in a province like the Central Provinces notorious, for its backwardness as compared with other leading Indian Provinces like those of Madras and Bombay ruled by like Congress Ministries, take stock of the situation and stop at once this growing nuisance and menace to our humble and yet growing industrial life by adopting suitable legislation and pending enactment by issuing necessary instructions to local Administrative and Police authorities all over the province.

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Kills Toxins
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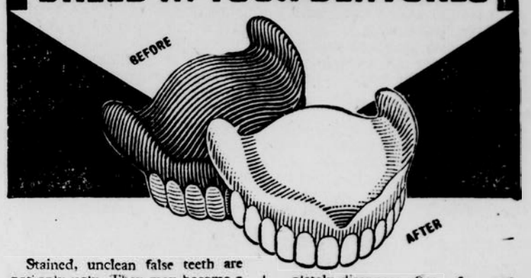
! Safe to use and quick to heal !

DON'T LET GERMS BREED IN YOUR DENTURES



Stained, unclean false teeth are not only ugly. They may become a breeding ground for germs. Small particles of food lodged between the teeth and under the plate will decompose and give off a stale odour. Brushing alone will not kill germs and clean false teeth thoroughly. Use 'STERADENT' powder — recommended by 10,000 dentists.

'STERADENT' is very easy to use. Add a little to warm water, stir well and leave your teeth in it for 20 minutes while you dress or overnight. In the morning rinse them and they will be spotlessly clean and free of germs. No matter how badly your teeth may be stained 'STERADENT' will make them white and fresh. Even blackest tobacco or betel-nut stains will completely disappear after a few treatments.

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LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

SON'S HEROIC DASH TO END FATHER'S FEVER

"A severe malaria attack left me completely exhausted", writes Mr. K. V. Iyer from Madras.

"Food nauseated me. My family despaired of my recovery. Though the nearest doctor lived 15 miles away my son went to him for advice. He returned next night with a large bottle of Horlicks. Within 3 days I felt stronger. I gained weight, my appetite returned. Thanks to my son and Horlicks I am to-day a man full of vitality and energy".

Mr. K. V. Iyer,
Madras.

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If you want a child USE CONCEPTO
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AHMEDABAD:- Chandulal Premchand, Three Gates
BARODA:- A. Roy & Co. Ranmara Road

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. have issued the following report dated London, May 17:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes on May 10th was £226,160,005 at 148/5d. per fine ounce showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

In the open market about £2,000,000 of bar gold changed hands at the daily fixing during the past week. There was some general selling, but a good proportion of the supplies was furnished by the authorities; offerings appear to have been secured mostly for shipment to New York.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold, registered from midday on the 8th inst. to midday on the 15th inst.:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Union of South Africa	1,995,545
Southern Rhodesia	78,932
British East Africa	26,812
British India	274,593
British Guiana	16,773
Canada	5,113
Channel Islands	120,000
Egypt	16,577
Soviet Union	1,202,894
Germany	428,519
Netherlands	2,621,508
France	39,360
Switzerland	661,896
Poland	115,234
Other Countries	11,176
	£7,614,932

EXPORTS.

	£
United States of Americt	12,722,766
Canada	6,174,087
Union of South Africa	6,045
Central and South America	11,221
Syria	26,730
Netherlands	71,836
France	13,611
Swetzerland	11,681
Other Countries	10,819
	£19,048,795

The s/s "Hoegh Silver Star" left Bombay during the week with gold to the value of about £56,000 consigned to San Francisco.

The following are the details of United Kingdom imports and exports of gold for the month of April 1939:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Union of South Africa	1,646,603
British West Africa	643,104
British East Africa	148,424
Southern Rhodesia	414,373
British India	1,034,946
Australia	—
New Zealand	7,019
Bermuda	—
British West India Islands and British Guiana	21,706
Eire	—
Canada	—
United States of America	5,667
Central and South America	—
Finland	—
Sweden	—
Poland	46,100
Germany	6,124
Netherlands	4,391,239
Belgium	37,699,195
France	10,907
Switzerland	15,855,443
Egypt	8,922
Morocco	—
Palestine	—
Syria	—
Other Countries	31,242
	£61,871,014

EXPORTS.

	£
Union of South Africa	—
British West Africa	—
British East Africa	—
Southern Rhodesia	—
British India	8,451
Australia	9,830
New Zealand	—
Bermuda	35,266
British West India Islands and British Guiana	—
Eire	501,813
Canada	9,822,001
United States of America	76,390,187
Central and South America	31,168
Finland	11,837
Sweden	93,466
Poland	380
Germany	—
Netherlands	296,718
Belgium	—
France	316,741
Switzerland	174,546
Egypt	17,857
Morocco	10,567
Palestine	37,178
Syria	85,578
Other Countries	19,479
	£87,863,063

SILVER.

The market continued to show a very steady tone and during the past week the variation in both the cash and two months' quotations was only 1/16d.

Demand from India was again a feature and further support was provided by bear covering; sellers proved somewhat reluctant and offerings consisted to a large extent of resales. At the moment the market presents a quietly steady appearance, with no indication of any wide change in the immediate future.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Silver, registered from midday on the 8th inst. to midday on the 15th inst.:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Japan	22,547
Australia	15,011
Belgium	24,877
France	9,140
Germany	8,624
Norway	4,400
Iraq	10,185
Aden and Dependencies	3,300
Other Countries	4,482
	£102,666

EXPORTS.

United States of America	22,625
Canada	1,250
British India	33,105
Germany	18,180
Switzerland	74,763
France	1,475
Channel Islands	3,000
Aden and Dependencies	3,420
Sweden	4,050
Poland	2,684
Other Countries	2,039
	£166,591

LONDON RUBBER REVIEW

Slightly Better Feeling

LONDON, May 24.

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following report:—

Since our last Report the Market has again been rather inactive but this week there has been a slightly better tone and more enquiry. On Thursday and Friday there was very little activity but on Monday there were a few orders in the Market for nearby Rubber for consumers' account and some demand for the forward positions, part of which may have been of a speculative nature. On Tuesday there was a good demand from European factory buyers, both British and Continental, and this again centred on near Rubber. This morning, following on a small rise in New York overnight and a slight appreciation in the Singapore price his morning, the Market here opened fully steady at last night's closing prices with a certain amount of demand from European buyers still in evidence.

The lowest price at which business has been done in Standard Sheet on the Spot during the period under review was 8d. per lb. done on Friday and the highest 8-1/8d. done yesterday. At the time of writing the buyers' price of Standard Sheet on the Spot is 8-1/16d. per lb. and on the week prices are unchanged to 1/16d. higher.

WORLD STOCKS

We have now been able to put together our table of stocks outside the regulated area at the end of April and give below the figures for 30th April and 31st December, 1938 and for the past three months:—

	1938 31st Dec.	1939 28 Feb.	1939 31st Mar.	1939 30th Apl.
	tons	tons	tons	tons
Stocks in Singapore and Penang	40,628	27099	28,569	23,269	22,445
Stocks in U. K. (Public Warehouses) ...	82,573	86,680	75,096	71,764	68,502
Stocks in U. K. (Manufacturers')	54,439	15,631	17,130	19,369	19,369
Stocks' in U.S.A. (D'lrs and M'frs)	303,901	231,500	217,475	205,843	190,896
Stock Afloat	114,000	80,000	106,000	102,000	110,000
	566,541	440,910	444,270	422,245	411,212

As at 31st March, the end April figure is not yet available.

We referred last week to the alteration in the American stock figure and have since received from the United States, Department of Commerce, Rubber Division, Washington, the details of the corrections made in various figures following on the annual review of these figures by the Department.

The monthly figures for consumption during 1938 and are in each case raised considerably, the total increase over the previously published figures amounting in round figures to 26,000 tons. The figure of stocks at the end of the year was amended by a reduction of 14,000 tons. We have used the corrected figures of stock throughout in the above table.

We also mentioned in our report last week the fact that considerable quantities of Rubber are now going to America via Cape. We have arrived at our figure of Afloat in the usual manner, namely by taking the shipments for the month plus one-third of those for the preceding month and to the figure thus arrived at we have made an arbitrary addition of 10,000 tons which we think should cover the extra quantity at present afloat to the U.S.A. by the longer route.

COTTON BARTER SCHEME.

Cables from America on Monday stated that tentative agreement had been reached on this subject between Great Britain and the U.S.A. This however is denied in authoritative quarters on this side.

Wall Street comment appearing in the press yesterday morning appears to doubt whether the scheme is possible at all. It is pointed out that whereas America are in possession of Cotton Great Britain would have to specially produce the Rubber and the further question is raised as to what is to become of these stocks in the event of there being no war.

To our minds and we know that many of those on the Rubber Market,—including Producers who might derive a temporary benefit from it,—agree with us unreservedly, the scheme is entirely one sided. America gets all the benefits in exchange for nothing at all. Let us look at the position.

America over a period of years has bolstered up the price of Cotton by a system of loans instead of taking the only really effective means, namely the limitation of output. This by the way in the case of Cotton, which is a crop replanted year by year, should be much more easily managed than with an article like Rubber which is produced from trees which take seven years to come to maturity and have an increasing annual output.

Owing to their loan policy the American Government now find themselves the possessors of about 11-1/2 million bales of Cotton which they are finding it difficult to dispose of. According to the particulars which have so far appeared in the press the proposal is that that Great Britain-should take, million of these surplus bales off America's hands at a price satisfactory to their Government and in exchange should specially produce between 130,000 and 140,000 tons of Rubber to be handed over at a price which as at present indicated would not be particularly remunerative or satisfactory to producers.

In order to achieve this the carefully evolved provisions of the existing Regulation Scheme have got to be upset to such an extent as to run the risk of destroying the Scheme altogether and in the end America finds herself in possession of a sufficient stock to enable her practically to dominate the Rubber Market for some years to come. It is at least ironical that this proposal should be put forward just at the point when after about five years of effort World Rubber stocks appear to be within a measurable distance of being reduced to manageable proportions

Apparently the only return which Great Britain can possibly expect for these sacrifices is a promise of America's moral support in the event of military attacks being made upon her. We would ourselves have thought that the British case was good enough for her to be entitled to the moral support of America or of any other nation professing democratic principles without the need for heavy commerical sacrifices as a sort of bribe.

JAMSHEDPUR STEEL PRODUCTION

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production for Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of May, 1939 was:—

		Tons.
Pig Iron		84,000
Steel Ingots		77,400
Finished Steel		
Semis for sale	12,300	
Finished	51,900	
		64,200

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, June 5

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	86 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	99 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	105 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	68 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	95 1/8
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	107 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	36/10 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 5

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	73 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	86 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£68 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£95 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	95 1/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	107 7/8
Victory Bonds	107 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	7 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	86
National Bank of India	30 7/8

LONDON SEEDS

London, June 5

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. per ton June sellers	£12-0-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. per ton June sellers	£13-3-9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton June sellers	13-12-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull Cont c.i.f. per ton June July sellers	£12-10-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. per ton June July sellers	£11-12-6

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, June 5

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality Sellers	5 1/8

UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

March-End Profits Rs. 3,32,646

The following report issued by the Directors of the Union Bank of India Ltd. will be placed before the 20th ordinary general meeting to be held on the 22nd inst.

The profits for the year March 1939 amount to Rs. 3,32,646 as compared with Rs. 3,03,124 in the previous year: Dividend at 5 5/8 per cent on the paid up value of Rs. 5 per share has been maintained, Rs. 50,000 have been placed to Reserve Fund against Rs. 25,000 in the preceding year and Rs. 25000 have been placed to the Dividend Equalisation Fund started last year with a similar amount. The report is as under:—

The net profit for the year including the sum of Rs. 1,02,300-11-10 brought forward from 1st year's account amounts to Rs. 4,34,947-10-9. This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
To pay a dividend of annas four and pies six per share (free of Income-tax) on 7,98,000 shares ...	2,24,437	8	0
To write down the Premises Account	10,000	0	0
To set aside for Income-tax and Super-tax for the year	20,000	0	0
To place to Reserve Fund	50,000	0	0
To place to Dividend Equalisation Fund	25,000	0	0
To carry forward the balance to next year's account	1,05,510	2	9
	Rs. 4,34,947	10	9

The Directors place on record their deep regret at the death of Hon'ble Sir Phiroze Sethna, the Managing Director of the Bank, in September last. He was connected with the Bank since 1923 and had always shown keen interest in its welfare By his passing away the Bank has suffered a great loss.

In March last a local Branch of the Bank was opened at Katha Bazaar, Mandvi.

The Bank also opened a Safe Deposit Vault in the basement of the East India Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road, on 22nd April, 1939. This Safe Deposit Vault has been specially constructed according to the latest methods of construction of such vaults and is one of the biggest and strongest vaults. The lockers have been manufatured by Messrs. Godrej and Boyce Mfg. Co., Ltd., according to the latest devices for safety against fire and burglary. The vault is situated in the heart of the city—the very hub of its commercial and financial life.

24 SENTENCED FOR RIOTING

FYZABAD, June 6.

Twenty-four Muslims were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and fourteen persons were acquitted by Mr. Alark, Magistrate of Fyzabad, who delivered judgment in the Tanda riot case.

It will be recalled that in this riot firing was ordered and subsequently an inquiry was set up by the U. P. Government on representation by Muslims.

The trial began in December last and 38 Muslims were prosecuted for rioting.—United Press.

MADRAS, June, 5

The Madras District Congress Committee has appointed a subcommittee to take necessary steps for starting a volunteer corps for the city. While spreading the message of the Congress, this volunteer organisation will counteract misleading and often villifying propaganda against the Congress. —United Press.

ABRUPT DECLINE IN INDIAN IRONS

Jute Shares Very Erratic

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co., have issued the following report dated Calcutta, June 2:—

The Calcutta Stock Exchange exhibited a lively appearance in Steel section up to the mid-week after which there was an abrupt decline owing to labour trouble at Kulti, but at the close of the period under review there was a slight recovery. Indian Iron and Steel receded from the highest level price of Rs. 26/4 to Rs. 24/12 but gradually improved to Rs. 25/6. Steel Corporation of Bengal registered a sharp decline and rise during the period Rs. 12 and 13/2 being the low and high levels. The close was in the region of Rs. 12/14. Unless there is clarification of the labour situation the market will witness both sided fluctuations. The undertone is however steady in view of the improvement in the political situation, and the consequent improvement in [illegible] section remained absolutely neglected. There are unaccountable acti[illegible] was fluctuations in manufactured goods and raw jute markets. Nine Porter Hessians moving up to Rs. 9/6 dropped back abruptly to Rs. 9, Raw Jute recorded a rise of about Rs. 2, during the period under review Rs. 52 and 54 were the ruling prices of ready bales. The forward raw jute market is about 10 lower than the ready market price. It is said that the personal element in the minds of big operators plays a prominent part in the erratic fluctuations in the cognate markets.

JUTE.

As indicated above the prices in Cognate markets were very erratic hence there was little doing in Jute section. If at all prices showed some little recession. Howrah in spite of sagging tendencies in hessians prices maintained a steady price around Rs. 53/2 the highest price touched during the week being 53/10 Ex. Dividend. As far as trading in Investment issues were concerned there was hardly any change worth recording. Anglo-India were marked at 317, Baranagore 149, Fort William 213, Kamarhatty 468, Kankinarrah 370, Clive were done at Rs. 25, Adamjee changed hands at Rs. 10/8, National at 21/4, Presidency at Rs. 3/8. Nuddea found sellers at Rs. 42.

COTTON.

The section was distinctly easier. A deal in Dunbar ord. was recorded at Rs. 143, Kesoram Cotton found sellers at Rs. 4/13.

COAL.

There was not much activity in this section but prices were more or less well maintained. Bengal Coal were priced at 310, Equitable were good at 31/5, Burrakur were done at 12/4, Dhemo Main at 12/2, New Beerbhoom found buyers at 17/6, Bokaro-Ramgarh changed hands at Rs. 14, Mundulpore were done at 7/12, Talchar were barely steady at Rs. 1, Jainty Central were in request at Rs. 1/8. Burra Dhemo found sellers at Rs. 3/13.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The outstanding features in the Engineering group were a marked rise in the price of Steel Corporation of Bengal which soared as high as Rs. 13/2 from Rs. 12, the closing being in the region of Rs. 12/14. Indian Iron moving upto Rs. 26/3 fell back to Rs. 24/12 but subsequently recovered to Rs. 25/10 the close being in the region of Rs. 25/6. Burn and Co., remained firm at 270. Kumardhubi Engineering dropped back to Rs. 3/4. In mining issues Burma Corporation were steady at 5/12, Indian Copper at Rs. 1/1[illegible] Ex. Div. Consolidated Tin were steady at Rs. 6/1. There was a great stir in Dalmia issues the ordinaries going as high as Rs. 12/8, Deferreds to Rs. 3/9. B. I. C. remained unaltered at Rs. 2/9. Midnapore Zemindary registered a sharp fall to Rs. 60, from 65. B. B. Petroleum were in demand at Rs. 3/8. Dunlop Rubber ord. hardened to Rs. 15/12, Bengal Telephone ord. were again in request at Rs. 17/14, while the Preference issues were a shade easier at Rs. 13, Calcutta Trams were done at Rs. 16/7 Ex. Div. Indian Paper Pulp were marked at Rs. 97; India General Navigation at Rs. 89. Reserve Bank hovered round Rs. 110.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, June 5

Rozario Santa Fe June sellers	20/10 1/2
Barletta Russo June sellers	23/3
South Australian June sellers	23/9

LINSEED OILS

London, June 5

Linseed oil naked London per cwt June sellers	25/3
Linseed oil naked London per cwt July Aug sellers	25/3

LONDON RUBBER

London, June 5

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	8 3/8

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON ELEVEN POINTS DOWN

Moderate Activity In London Markets: Tendency Better

GRADUAL IMPROVEMENT IN STERLING

BOMBAY: June 6.

NEW YORK COTTON

The New York Cotton derived some encouragement from Liverpool. but in absence of any constructive developments abroad, the market continued quietly steady. Traders are adopting waiting attitude.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

After early hesitation markets developed better tendency, but business was moderate.

Home Industrials were steady to firm, but Oils were dull.

Gilt-edged Securities after being easier turned firmer.

LONDON EXCHANGE

The Sterling received good support from speculative sources and advanced to 4,68.68 after opening at 4.68.62.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, June 6.

Previous closing	8.33
To-day's opening	8.31
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	8.22
Difference	—.11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939

Liverpool, June 6.

Previous closing	4.62
To-day's opening	4.66
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	4.57
Difference	+.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August 1939	Rs. 172-8
April May 1940	Rs. 163-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 6.

The trading in October commenced at 8.31 i.e. two points lower than the last closing.

Prices eased under scattered selling and liquidation while later further recession occurred on renewed selling and liquidation with Oct. easing to 8.26.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, June 6.

The local cotton market was closed to-night.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 6.

Following are the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July (9.07/9.07) 9.18/9.18
October (8.28/8.28) 8.32/8.31
December (8.03/8.03) 8.10/8.10

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, June 6.

American July (4.95) 5.01
American October (4.60) 4.66
Giza July (6.53) 6.46
Giza October (6.55) 6.60

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, June 6.

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 3/4) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6) 1-6

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop June July (£25 7/8 sellers) £26 1/8 sellers
Dunlop August (£28 1/2) £28 1/2 sellers
Lightning August (£26 1/2) £26 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (8 5/16 paid and sellers) 8 1/4 paid and buyers
Forward October December (8 1/2 paid and sellers) 8 7/16 paid and value.

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay June July (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata June (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 3/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata June (£12 sellers) £12 1/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£12 5/16 paid) £12 5/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£226 1/4 buyers £226 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £225 1/2 buyers £225 3/4 sellers. Barely steady.
Lead (£14 1/2 buyers £14 9/16 sellers. Barely steady.) £14 5/16 buyers £14 3/8 sellers. Barely steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£48 1/2 to £46) £47 3/4 to £48 3/4
Iron (102) 102

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 6.

Previous closing	4.68 5/8
To-day's opening	4.68 3/4
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 6.

Previous closing	4.68.51
To-day's opening	4.68.52
To-day's closing	4.68.59

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, June 6.

Previous closing	176.73
To-day's opening	176.73
To-day's closing	176.76

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 6.

London Exchanges opened with a sterling dollar at 4.68 62 on good support from speculative sources and advanced further to 4.68.68 on further purchases.

Franc opened at 176.73 and then eased slightly to 176.75 subsequent movements being uninteresting.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 7/8 sellers) 1-5 7/8 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.157) 13.161
New York on Bombay (34.90) 34.92
Berlin on Milan (0.87) 0.87
London on Milan (89.05) 89.10
London on Shanghai (0-8 7/32 nominal) 0-8 7/32 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (Nil) Nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-4 1/2) £7-8-4
Silver (20d) 20d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent
4 months (3/4 to 3/4 per cent) 3/4 to 3/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, June 6.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Speculators bought. Little American trade demand. Buyers satisfied."

LONDON SILVER

London, June 6.

Spot	(20d.) 20d. nil
Forward	(19 13/16d) 19 13/16d nil

LONDON GOLD

London, June 6.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-4 1/2) £7-8-4

WHEAT AND LINSEED
Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 6.

Wheat September	3 3 9
Wheat January	3 7 9
Linseed September	5 10 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, June 6.

Liverpool wheat opened easy with July at 50d. Prices fell under scattered selling and liquidation with the trend becoming subsequently downward.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, June 6.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.76. The trading was quiet but steady, the absence of any fresh developments restricting operations.

BOMBAY BULLION
Latest Quotation

Bombay, June 6.

SILVER

Silver ready	52 11 0
Silver Jeth	52 11 0
Silver Ashad	52 10 0

GOLD

Gold ready	37 1 6
Gold Jeth	37 1 9
Gold Ashad	37 2 0
Sovereign	23 10 6

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, June 6.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £86 1/2

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Thursday, May 25, £86 3/4
Friday, May 26, £86 1/2
Tuesday, May 30, £86 3/4
Wednesday, May 31, £87
Thursday, June 1, £86 3/4 Ex Div.
Friday, June 2, £86 3/4
Monday, June 5 £86 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 6.
3-30 p.m.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£96 3/4) £97
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£86 3/4) £86 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-58 (£104) £104
5 per cent 1942-47 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£99) £99

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£103 1/4) £102 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£68 7/8) £68 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£95 7/8) £95 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/4 £102 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£108) £107 7/8
5 1/2 per cent War Loan (£95 1/4) £95 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds £107 5/8) £107 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 6.

The London Stock Exchange developed somewhat better tendency but business was slow.

Giltedged securities attracted less interest with the activity somewhat restrained, three and half per cent was quoted at £86 3/4 i.e. unchanged from the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (18-0) 18-0
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (59-6 Ex Div) 59-6
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/4) dol 4 1/4
Elec Music Industry (11-1 1/2) 10-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (25-0) 25-0
Imperial Chemical (32-0) 32-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£19 3/4) £22
Dunlop Rubber (29-0) 29-0
Unilever Ordinary (38-0) 38-0
Ford Motors (17-6) 17-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£55 1/2) £55 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (100-0 Ex Div) £100
Carreas 'A' (£6 5/8) £6 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (134-4 1/2) 134-4 1/2
P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (21-7 1/2) 21-7 1/2
Distillers (95-3) 95-6
British Celanese (5-4 1/2) 5-4 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 35-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-0) 3-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-3) 20-3
Inter Nickels (dol 52 1/2) dol 52 1/2
Indian Iron (36-10 1/2) 36-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (18-0) 18-0
Donaro Tea (29-4 1/2) 30-0
Empire of India (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 3/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2
Gula Kelampong (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2
Hubber Plant Inv Trust (28-6) 28-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (31-3) 31-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (50-7 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£15 3/8) £15 3/8
Associated Portland Cement (73-9) 73-9
Trinidad Leasehold (90-0) 89-4 1/2
Sub Nigel (£11 3/8) £11 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-0) 30-0
Union Corporation (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-0) 25-0
Anglo Iranian (81-3) 81-10 1/2
Burma Oil (76-3) 75-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2
Shell Transport (87-6 ex div) 87-6
Royal Dutch (£36 1/4) £36 1/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£36 1/2) £36 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£16) £16 £16
London North Eastern Def (£3 1/8) £3 1/8
London Southern Def (£18 1/8) £17 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£117 1/2) £117
London Transport 'C' (£80) £80

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 6.

The following are the opening rates:

General Motors (dol 44 3/8) dol 44 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 24 3/4
U S Common New Stock (dol 49 1/8) dol 49
U S Steel Preference (dol 107 3/4) dol 107

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Undertone Fully Steady

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 6.

On the Stock Exchange in the absence of any fresh buying interest prices generally tended to drift downward though the undertone remained fully steady. Brazilian bonds provided the day's feature by recording sharp advances on renewed hopes of resumption of debt service. Elsewhere, the markets were generally quiet apart from occasional buying of Kaffirs

Foreign Exchanges:—Sterling was firm with exchange fund intervening to keep the pounds appreciation in terms of dollars on even keel

Wall Street opened very quiet.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 6.

Jutes ruled steady but business was somewhat limited. Coals: Only a few isolated deals were reported at more or less quotation price. In teas more enquiry was evidenced and fair business was put through at gradually advancing rates. Miscellaneous speculative issues were practically remained unaltered while British Burma petrol continued in fair request.

Government Securities: 3 1/2 per cent Govt. paper 96/14, 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/ 50 104, 5 per cent loan 1940/43 103/13 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 114/2 small lot.

Banks: Imperial Conty 387, Reserve 111.

Cotton: Kesoram pref 120.

Coals: Bengal 306 small lot Ct. Bansra 2/12, Bhalgora 3/12, Burrakur 12/4, Dhemo Main 12/4, New Beerbhoom 17/12, Ondal pref 109, West Jamuria 27/12 ct.

Jutes: Anglo-India pref 147/4, Birla 14/8, Chitavalasah 11/4 small lot, Clive 25/8, Gourepore 549 small lot, National 21/14 small lots, Ditto pref 147, Naihati 298, Northbrook 31/12, Ditto pref 131, C div, Presidency 3/10.

Miscellaneous: Burma corpn 5/13, Indian copper 1/12, Rhodesia copper 1/4, Associated cement 136/8, Bengal Potteries 3, Dalmia cement [illegible], Benares elec 13/1, Bengal telephone 18/2 Mozafforpore elec 10/4, ex div Burn and Co., ord 167/8, Hukumchand steel ord 6/4, Indian iron 25/6, Indian St. Wagon ordy 42/12 Kumardhubi eng 3/7, Marshalls 1/9, Saran eng. 5/5, Steel corpn. ord 12/14 ditto pref 94/8, Ruby General Insurance 5/6 small lot. B. I. corpn. pref 146/8, Publicity society 6/12 British Burma petrol 4/2, Moola oil 1/5, Orient paper ord 5/11, Midnapore zemindary 61, Cawnpore ord 15/12, Ramnugger cane and sugar 7/8, Baza sugar 11/8.

Teas: Amluckie 45, Baghmari 3/8, Bateli 3/2 ex div, Bishnauth 21/12, Borpukhari 7/8, Dufflaghur 8/8, Eastern Cachar 7/8, Hansqua 8/14, Hasimare 35 s lots Hattikhara 16/4 odd lots North Western Cachar 188 ex div; Patrakala ord 202/8, Ditto pref 130, Sarugaon 7/12, Sapoi 7/8 ex div, Teen Ali 10/8, Tezpore ord 6 ex div, Ditto pref 1/4 ex div, Tumsong 7.—A. P.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, June 6.

The Liverpool wheat market closed with July at 50 1/4d.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 6th June 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,81,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 65 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. Two Crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-15-9 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Monday, the 12th June 1939. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 16th June 1939. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 2nd June 1939, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,35,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

KISAN COUNCIL TO MEET IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, June 6.

The "United Press" is authorised by Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha, to announce that the Central Kisan Council and the All-India Kisan Committee will meet in Bombay on June 22 and 23 to consider the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee, provincial legislation concerning the Kisans, political situation in the country and other matters relating to the rights and progress of the Kisans.—United Press.

SECURITY DEMANDED FROM "AKALI"

Sequel To Publication Of Kitchlew's Speech

LAHORE, June 6.

A security of Rs. 1,000 has been demanded by the Punjab Government from "Akali", a local Gurmukhi paper. in connection with the publication of comments made by Dr. S. D. Kitchlew, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, on Government policy about military recruitment, at the Jhelum Political Conference. A similar security has also been demanded from Jagjit Press where the paper is published.—United Press.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, June 6.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station.	Temperature. Max	Min.	Rainfall. Last 24 Hours	Total Since 1st June	Difference to normal
Agra	111	88	—	—	—
Amraoti	104	84	—	—	—0.7
Akola	104	84	—	—	—0.5
Ahmedabad	103	82	—	—	—
Ajmer	103	82	—	—	—0.1
Ahmednagar	99	73	0.2	0.2	—0.7
Ambala	109	81	—	—	—
Bareilly	111	83	—	—	—0.3
BOMBAY	93	83	T	—	—1.7
Bangalore	88	68	—	0.1	—0.9
Bhopal	101	80	0.1	0.1	—
Baroda	101	81	—	—	—
Belgaum	90	71	—	—	—1.4
Bijapur	98	77	—	—	—0.8
Bellary	96	79	T	—	—0.5
Bhavnagar	104	82	—	—	—0.3
Chittagong	89	78	—	1.1	—2.5
Cuttack	114	80	—	—	—0.3
Cawnpore	112	82	0.1	0.1	—0.1
Calicut	91	73	4.4	4.5	—0.8
Colombo	85	75	1.0	1.3	—1.0
Cocanada	108	86	—	—	—0.5
Cochin	85	73	4.1	7.9	+2.9
Dehra Dun	104	77	—	—	—0.3
Delhi	109	87	—	—	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	114	80	—	—	—0.1
Desa	101	80	—	—	—0.1
Dalhousie	—	—	—	—	—0.5
Fort Sandeman	100	69	—	0.1	—
Hyderabad (Dn.)	100	76	0.2	0.2	—0.7
Hyderabad (Sd.)	103	81	—	—	—
Indore	99	78	—	0.2	—0.2
Jhansi	108	83	0.1	0.1	+0.1
Jubbulpore	105	84	—	—	—
Jacobabad	115	83	—	—	—
Jaipur	106	88	—	—	—0.1
Kodaikanal	65	54	0.9	1.6	+0.5
Khandwa	104	82	—	—	—0.3
Ludhiana	114	88	—	—	—0.1
Lahore	111	84	—	—	—0.1
Lyallpur	112	87	—	0.7	+0.7
Multan	109	87	—	—	—
Mysore	88	69	—	—	—0.8
Madras	100	81	—	—	—0.4
Marmagoa	83	77	0.4	1.4	—
Malegaon	102	78	—	—	—0.7
Mussoorie	84	62	—	—	—0.2
Mahableshwar	76	64	—	1.0	—0.6
Murree	84	64	—	—	—0.4
Mount Abu	84	66	—	—	—
Masulipatam	107	86	—	—	—0.7
Mangalore	90	72	2.4	2.8	—2.8
Meerut	—	—	—	—	—0.1
Mercara	77	64	0.1	0.2	—2.9
Nagpur	105	81	—	—	—1.0
Ootacamund	67	53	1.9	3.4	+1.7
Peshawar	108	83	—	—	—0.1
Poona	95	76	—	—	—0.8
Pachmarh	93	72	T	—	—0.3
Port Blair	82	71	2.3	6.9	+2.2
Rawalpindi	108	73	—	—	—0.2
Ratnagiri	85	81	—	3.5	—0.3
Rajkot	101	80	—	—	—
Sialkot	113	82	—	—	—
Srinagar	84	52	—	—	—0.2
Sholapur	99	78	—	0.3	—0.7
Shillong	76	61	0.3	2.9	+0.2
Simla	82	64	—	—	—0.6
Surat	94	82	—	—	—0.2
Salem	92	75	—	1.5	+0.7
Trichinopoly	97	75	0.5	1.8	+1.5
Vizagapatam	104	86	—	—	—0.8

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING IN KONKAN

Dust-storms In The Punjab

POONA, June 6.

In the Arabian Sea branch, monsoon is strong in Malabar where widespread heavy rain occurred. In the bay branch, monsoon is fairly active and caused widespread rain and local rain in Bengal. Local thunder rain occurred in Konkan, Mysore, East United Provinces and Bihar while a few falls are also reported from East Rajputana, Central India, West United Provinces, Chota Nagpur, South Deccan and South-east Madras. Fairly widespread dust or thunderstorms occurred in East and North Punjab. Day temperatures were markedly above normal in North Madras Coast, Orissa and East Central Provinces.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Calicut and Cochin four inches, Port Blair Mangalore Ootacamund and Gorakhpur two inches, Berhampore, Dhubri and Kotah one and half; Dinajpur, Madura and Kodaikanal one inch, Jalpaiguri and Gadag threequarters of an inch, tezpur Narayanganj, Naya Dumka, Honavar, Marmagao and Trichinopoly half an inch, Mainpuri, Nowgong and Gulmarg quarter of an inch.

Heavy rainfall warning.—Locally heavy rain will occur in Malabar during the next forty-eight hours.

Monsoon forecast for 1939:—Indications of forecasting factors are conflicting and all that can be said is that very probably the total monsoon rainfall will lie between 81 per cent and 111 per cent. of normal in the Peninsula and between 68 per cent. and 118 per cent. of normal in North-west India.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 6-6-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.014 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 86.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 93.2 degrees 3.6 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 82.9 degrees 3.8 (above nomrmal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 76 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 97 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 18 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 5

Rain in 24 hours 0.00 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.01 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 0.02 inches.

Weather Remark—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 6-6-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 88.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.76 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay June 6.

Anglo Iranian Oil Tanker British Integrity of 4940 reg tons Capt A J Akers arrived from Abadan with cargo petroleum

Anglo Siam Corporation s.s. Ardent of 1101 reg tons Capt E Kroger arrived from Bangkok via Penang and Sabang with cargo of rice.

SAILED

James Finlay s.s. Clan Macinnes of 2826 reg tons Capt H S Pengelly sailed for Bedi Bunder Navlakhi and Cochin with same bottom cargo

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 6-6-39

S S Victoria (LT) for Europe and American Ports

S S Chitral (MM) for Colombo Singapore and China Japan Ports

S S Nissan Maru (O S K) for Karachi Singapore and China Japan Ports

S S Bamora (MM) for Karachi Kathiawar and Persian Gulf Ports

S S Dalgoma (MM) for Karachi Kathiawar Europe American Ports

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, June 6.

1 Deebank 3001 Calcutta 7-6 F F Campbell,
4 Britannia 5276 Karachi 11-6 Anchor Line
6 Lahore 3161 Japan 7-6 M M
7 Bangalore 2875 London 8-6 M M
8 Wolfsburg 3827 Bremen 18-6 L Edwards
9 Clan Macinnes 2826 Bedi Bunder 6-6 J Finlay
12 City of Barcelona 3524 Karachi 8-6 K Nixon.
14 Karanja 4646 Durban 7-6 M M
15 Durenda 4454 Middlesbroug 7-6 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Ardent 1101 NF 7-6 Anglo-Siam Corporation
4 Varsova 1955 Busra 8-6 M M
5 Oostcappelle 348 M Coast 7-6 Merchant S N
9 Leana 2915 Tuticorin 10-3 Scindia S N
14 Bandra 1893 P Gulf 7-6 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

D/R Hudiksvall 425 M Coast 6-6 Malabar S N
D/E Jalatang 1464 Rangoon Scindia S N
F Hashemi 298 Malabar Coast 7-6 S Hassum
H Revati 232 NF NF Malabar Steamship
H O/S Shrivati 250 N F N F Malabar S
L Jaladuta 3089 N F N F, Scindia S N.
M Kalavati 677 Bedi Bunder 7-6 B S N
P Varela 1926 NF NF M M
Q Odda 470 N F N F S Hassum

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Canton 6-7-39 P and O S N
Dalgoma 7-6-39 M M
Chitral 8-6-39 P and O S N
Mooltan 15-6-39 P and O S N
Corfu 22-6-39 P and O S N
Strathallan 29-6-39 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Morrison 9-6-39 J Finlay
City of Hongkong 12-6-39 K Nixon
Circassia 16-6-39 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Neuenfels 8-6-39 L Edwards
Lichtenfels 16-6-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Hayes 15-6-39 F F Campbell
Crown City 10-6-39 L Edgard
Pres. Polk 29-6-39 F F Campbell
Silveray 8-6-39 Volkart Bros.
Silverfir 4-6-39 Volkart Bros

FROM OSLO

Nagara 17-6-39 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 26-6-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Mauly 6-6-39 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 12-6-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Bangalore 6-6-39 P and O S N
Nissan Maru 8-6-39 O S Kaisha
Azuma Maru 11-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Brisbane Maru 17-6-39 O S Kaisha
Zinzan Maru 14-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Victoria 7-6-39 L Triestino
Shikisan Maru 7-6-39 M B Kaisha
Ginyo Maru 28-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Ranchi 23-6-39 P and O S N
Rajputana 9-6-39 P and O S N
Conte Verde 22-6-39 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Bankura 8-6-39 M M
Vita 10-6-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Cathay 18-6-39 P and O S N

FROM ABADAN

British Justice 13-6-39 Anglo Ira Oil

FROM BASSEIN

Hatarana 10-6-39 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 24-6-39 M M
Tairea 10-6-39 M M
Benfield 13-6-39 M M

FROM KARACHI

Braunfels 7-6-30 L Edwards
Tango Maru 9-6-39 N Y Kaisha

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathmore 1-7-39 P and O S N
Bangalore 9-6-39 M M
Rajputana 10-6-39 P and O S N
Cathay 17-6-39 P and O S N
Ranchi 24-6-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Hongkong 6-7-39 K Nixon
Britannia 16-6-39 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Wolfsburg 18-6-39 L Edwards
Bruenfels 14-6-39 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 1-7-39 F F Campbell
Pres. Hayes 17-6-39 F F Campbell
Deebank 6-6-39 F F Campbell
Silveray 10-6-39 Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 22-6-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 7-6-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Ryufuku Maru 10-6-39 O S K Kaisya
Lahore 7-6-39 P and O S N
Burdwan 20-6-39 P and O S N
Tango Maru 15-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 12-6-39 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 4-6-39 N Y Kaisha
Corfu 22-6-39 P and O S N
Chitral 8-6-39 P and O S N
Nissan Maru 23-6-39 O S Kaisha
Conte Rosso 26-6-39 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Mooltan 15-6-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bandra 7-6-39 M M
Varsova 8-6-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 21-6-39 M M
Karanja 7-6-39 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 15-6-39 T Morrison

FOR MAURITIUS

Khosrou 12-6-39 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Orna 3-7-39 M M

FOR KARACHI

Britannia 11-6-39 Anchor Line
Zinzan Maru 17-6-39 N Y Kaisha
City of Barcelona 8-6-39 K Nixon

B P T GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Clan Macinnes 3-6-39
S S Toyama Maru 3-6-39
S S Durenda 3-6-39
S S Nowshera 3-6-39
S S Simia 5-6-39
S S Comorin (boats) 5-6-39
S S Parvati 5-6-39
S S Kalavati 5-6-39
S S Vasna 5-6-39
S S Oostcappelle 5-6-39

EXPORTS

Bombay, June 6.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 105 bags bone meal A Burjor; 556 bags mowrah meal A Burjor; 700 bags gr nut oil cake exp F H Kassam; 76 bags old leather pickers Gokaldas and Sons; 25 dms castor oil A Hargovindas; 11 csks condiments M Poonjajee and Sons.

For Manchester: 100 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros, 50 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal; 150 dms castor oil A Hargovindas

For Glasgow: 1333 bags gr nut oil cake exp M Bhuta

S S Deebank for New York: 60 bags kamala powder Cox and Kings (Agents)

For Halifax: 100 bags gr nut kernels M Bhuta

For Philadelphia: 75 bales wool raw C Lister.

For Montreal: 25 cases castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills; 25 dms castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills

S S Ryuhuku Maru for Osaka: 1080 bdls tin clippings The National Transport.

For Shanghai: 1900 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 600 bales raw cotton V Morarjee; 1600 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 100 bales raw cotton L Ramji; 200 bales raw cotton Sapt T Products (India); 1921 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 500 bales raw cotton Podar Trading; 200 bales raw cotton K M Nathoo; 200 bales raw cotton Bruel; 100 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 1000 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 200 bales raw cotton A Khimji; 1900 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros

S Victoria for Genoa: 70 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

S S Lahore for Shanghai: 50 bags dandalwood S Nawroji; 100 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan.

For Yokkaichi: 31 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 100 bales raw cotton K Vishram and Sons

For Osaka: 34 tons tin clipping M Edris; 300 bales raw cotton T M Kaisya; 100 bales raw cotton N Nagshi; 50 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 400 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton Ramnarain & Sons; 100 bales raw cotton Podar Trading; 100 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha; 180 bales raw cotton Pehlavi Cotton; 143 tons scrap iron M G Abdulhusain; 100 bales cotton raw N Manilal; 100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 100 bales cotton raw N Futehally

For Sarpsbarg: 1000 bags gr nut oil cake meal K Prasad

For Helsinki: 12 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal

For Copenhagen: 56 bales cotton twist Champaklal

For Vejle: 110 bales raw cotton The Bombay

IMPORTS

S S Pasha Agent Turner Morrison from Calcutta: 4002 tons coal; 105 bales gunnies; 50 bales b twills; 4630 pcs c i pipes; 1360 pcs cut pipes; 5975 pcs c i fittings; 84 cases biscuits; 379 pcs m s squares

From Vizagapatam: 1700 bags niger seeds

From Madras: 82 bags turmeric; 116 cases chlorate of potash

From Cochin: 470 bdls coir yarn; 79 bdls coir rope

From Nagapatam: 260 bags gun metal borings.

M S Orna Agent M Mackenzie from Calcutta: 3759 tons coal; 1306 bags rice; 174 bales h cloth; 55 bdls umbrella sticks; 136 bales gunny bags 187 chests tea; 50 cases milk; 100 pcs w g channels, 1433 bags betel nuts; 112 cases gramophone goods; 1250 pcs c i fittings; 99 pkgs motor tyres and tubes; 58 bdls canes; 145 nongs empty drums; 57 bdls umbrella handles; 395 pkgs paint; 630 pkgs d b linseed oil; 100 bags felsper stones; 100 dms white lead moist; 725 pkgs lubg grease; 500 cases cut pieces pipes 3246 pcs c i pipes; 76 pcs c i valves, 1254 bags dry chillies; 102 bags urid dall; 60 bdls c i pans; 54 pkgs soap and chemical.

U. S. Government Cotton Corner Tells On Prices

EXPORT SUBSIDY LOSING GROUND

Heavy Short Covering And Commission House Buying In New York

BOMBAY, June 6.

For the first time in the history of American Cotton, the virtual corner by the Government under loans is telling on prices which are steadily looking.

The last successful corner was attempted in the owing to shortage of crop and previous to that a similar corner was engineered in 1902.

At present the U. S. A. Government is holding large quantities of cotton under loans which are only available at full cost of carrying charges. There is acute shortage of cotton as well as contracts in New York and the recent large sales of cotton goods are inducing more demand. The export subsidy plan is losing ground.

So far no news is received from Washington regarding yesterday's proposed Conference Committee regarding export subsidy but it is generally observed that the decision will be taken soon. The New York cotton market was comparatively bright under Bombay buying distants while week-end showers were unfavourable with the possibility of increased weevil intestation.

The market opened barely steady. Trade covering in nears and Bombay buying of distants met foreign hedging and Liverpool straddle selling. New July high level attracted liquidation but Spot house buying supported the quiet market. Finally local support appeared with the Session ending steady.

In view of large open interest in July and improved demand for Spot cotton as a result of large textile sales and somewhat unfavourable weather, cotton prices are expected to improve further in the feature. However, the export subsidy is losing ground but much depends upon the final decision.

NEW YORK PRICES

At the opening July was quoted 4 points up at 9.07 on higher Liverpool advices, but prices reacted 2 points from the opening level and July was quoted 9.05 which was the lowest level. Later on there was improved demand and July advanced to 9.18 which was a new high level. There was good buying even for distant deliveries and the market closed at a net rise of 14 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 14 points at 9.92c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly firm and closed at a rise of 10 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 9.40c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 10 points with October 4.62. The market was steady under the leadership of nears and on reports that majority conferees appear to be opposed to export subsidy which caused scattered general and trade buying. Offerings were light. Later on there was trade calling and contracts were scarce and hedges were lifted from nears and were placed in distant months. The market closed at a net gain of 13 to 6 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 9 points at 5.58d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was slightly better enquiry for Egyptian cotton and Giza futures advanced 12 to 9 points and Uppers improved 9 points. The Alexandria cotton market was also very steady and Sakels futures closed at a rise of 9 to 13 points. Ashmouni futures gained 12 to 16 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (3 p.m.)	9.13+15
New York July lowest (10-55 a.m.)	9.05+02
Liverpool October highest	4.64+12
Liverpool October lowest	4.59+07

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Advance owing to very little offering the covering of bear sales the market discredits subsidy straddles are buying in Liverpool and selling in New York.

New York: Spot houses buying July fixing on buyers call scarcity of contracts causes buyers to bid prices up to fill orders foreign buying of distant months in which moderate hedge selling dry warm weather is needed.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have received the following cable:—

Cotton rapidly declining. American stocks in Europe passing active bidding for June July shipment.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market advanced on feeling that export subsidy is losing ground. Expecting further advance.

Notwithstanding more favourable weather report in Eastern Belt, market advanced owing to very little offering and the covering of 'bear' sales. The market discredits subsidy. Straddlers are buying in Liverpool and selling in New York.

New York: Market advanced on trade and commission houses buying.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:—

'Strength due expectation subsidy decision likely be delayed until September cotton conference. General buying disclosed acute shortage contracts.'

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Subsidy outlook uncertain Decision expected quickly. Crop trend unfavourable due rains. Domestic mills better Domestic business gains. Commodities steady. Repossessions loan cotton continue. Parity price still 15.60.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, June 5

July	9.17+14
October	8.53+08
December	8.13+11
January	8.07+12
March	8.06+11
May	7.96+10
Middling Spot	9.92+14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, June 5

July	9.23+10
October	8.49+10
December	8.23+10
Middling Spot	9.40

NEW YORK
New York, June 5

11 A.M. RANGES

July	9.07/9.07
October	8.28/8.28
December	8.03 8.03

NOON CALL

July	9.05
October	8.28
December	8.05

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, June 5

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	4,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 5

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
American Power and Light Common	4
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. pfd	27
Electric Bond and Share Common	8 1/8
American Telephone and Telegraph	164
Western Union Telegraph	23 1/2
New York Central Railroad	15 1/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	77
Amrex Corporation	24
Texas Corporation	39 1/8
Great Northern Pfd	21
Liggette Myers 'B'	105
United States Steel	48 7/8
Crucible Steel	29
Republic Steel	17
United States Smelting	51
Int. Nickel of Canada	49
Anaconda Copper Mining XD	24 5/8
	70
General Motors	44 1/8
G...	35 1/2
S...	11 7/8
Consolidated Oil	7 5/8
National City Bank of New York	25 1/4

Turnover 250,000 shares. Feel market should improve. Steel production 54.2 per cent against 52.2 per cent last week.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, June 5

T T London on:	
New York	4.68.51
Paris	176.73
Berlin	11.67 3/4
Madrid	42 25
Montreal	4.69 1/16
Amsterdam	8.79 5/8
Brussels	27.51 3/4
Milan	85.09
Berne	20.74 3/4

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach J/A New York July Rs. 42
Broach J/A Liverpool July Rs. 45 1/4
Broach J/A New York October Rs. 27
Broach J/A Liverpool October Rs. 29
Broach A/M 1940 New York May 30 1/2 Broach
Broach A/M Liverpool May Rs. 35 1/2
New York Liverpool: July 63 October 68 December 67 January 73 March 82 May 93

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, June 5

SAKELS—	
July	11.77+09
November	12.23+13
ASHMOUNI—	
June	9.77+22
August	9.79+19
October	9.79+18
December	9.83+18
February	9.90+15
April	9.95+17
GIZA—	
July	11.71+23
November	11.88+20
January	11.93+18
March	12.02+19

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, June 5

GIZA 2—	
Spot	6.73+6
July	6.53+12
October	6.55+11
November	6.58+11
January	6.60+9
March	6.62+9
May	6.63+9
OTHERS—	
Spot	5.90+5
July	5.71+9
October	5.68+9
November	5.67+9
January	5.69+9
March	5.71+9
May	5.72+9

BOMBAY COTTON

Active Buying And Realising

Bombay, June 6

The local cotton market firm during the early part of the day and prices reached new high levels. Under the influence of strong American advices, local prices are advancing. Some time it was feared that closing down of night shifts by Indian Mills will have a depressing effect on prices but acute shortage of good cotton in America is pushing up prices and we are having indirect influence. It is to be looked whether the rise in cotton prices will be followed by demand for piecegoods in this country!

It seems that in the near future prices may improve for old crop months but as regards new crop, we see no sound reason to buy around present prices when we look to heavy discounts of distant months in foreign cotton prices.

Following a rise of 14 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened steady at Rs. 173 for Broach J/A delivery and under active covering prices advanced to Rs. 174/12. At this level there was fairly large realising and prices eased off to Rs. 173. New Broach A/M delivery also opened at Rs 161 but the support being feeble advanced to Rs. 161/12 but later increased profit-taking depressed prices to Rs. 160/12

The local market closed at 2 p.m. as under:

F G M G—	
Broach J/A	173 10 0
Broach A/M	160 14 0
Fine M G—	
Oomra July	166 4 0
Oomra D/J	146 8 0
F G M G—	
Bengal July	127 12 0
Bengal D/J	122 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, June 6.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U.P.	136	133	130	127
Punjab	136	133	130	127
Rajputana	138	135	132	129
Oomra No. 3	170	168	166	164
C. P. No. 1	180	178	176	174
C. P. No. 2	173	171	169	167
Broach No. 2	181	179	177	175
Punjab-Ame.	205	203	201	199
Surat	221	219	217	215
Rajpipla	218	216	214	212
Navsari	230	228	226	224

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, June 6.

Bengal Superfine	134/35
Bengal Fine	130/32
Bengal F.G.	128/29
C. P. 1	174/76
C. P. 2	170/71
Arvi	171/72
Amraoti	164/68
Ellichpur	170/71
Berar	167/68
Malkapur	164/66
Khandesh	151/58
Jalna/Sailu	160/62
Burwah/Sanavad	166/68
Khandwa	166/68
Mathia F.G.	136/41
Broach	180/81
Punjab 4 F.	189/94
Punjab 289F.	219/24
Sindh N.T.	199/201
Ankleshwar/Jaghadia	209/11
Surat	214/15
Navsari	224/26
Western Farm	189/94

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, June 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		38,646	53,353
Central India	283	219,021	42,950
Barsi and Nagar	403	82,090	148,083
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,401	40,015
Berar		161,891	323,382
Central Provinces		37,984	76,127
Total Oomras	686	543,943	680,920
Gholera	7,368	253,868	115,626
N.-W. Provinces	50	5,873	2,803
Rajputana	301	69,331	15,581
Sind-Punjab	246	322,412	511,353
Broach	101	413,940	260,520
Coompta and Dharwar	1,478	103,562	46,730
Westerns-Northerns	1,685	67,878	21,316
Cocoanada		93	19
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,629	3,052
American		3,487	177,711
Egyptian, African and Sudan	1,416	315,726	437,152
Comilla, Burma and other ports		95	1,171
Total	13,331	2,102,837	2,273,855
Arrived by road to 1st June 39		366,231	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 1st June.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	241	259,635	246,585
Japan and China	3,450	957,202	583,475
Coast Ports		30,500	54,944
Up-country by Rail		219,259	301,250
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		23,851	3,384
Total	3,691	1,490,448	1,189,689

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 5-6-39	3762000	7679000
Receipts Yesterday 5-6-39	4000	4000
Exports to date 5-6-39	3321000	5565000
Stock at Ports 2-6-39	1989000	2608000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-6-39	2633000	2164000
Stock at Liverpool 2-6-39	782000	1173000
Visible Supply 2-6-39	5259000	6259000
Quantity in sight 2-6-39	8893000	13242000
Quantity out of sight 2-6-39	3333000	3864000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 6

Yesterday London prices declined 1/2d to £7-8-4 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176.73. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.68.51 at London and 4.68 5/8 at New York. London silver prices advanced 1/16d. at 20d. for Spot and forward position was also quoted 1/16d. higher at 19 13/16d. There was little Indian and American trade buying and offerings were small. Later on the market was quiet and buyers were satisfied. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 8/8. London Bombay Spot parity was Rs. 52-11-3 and forward was Rs. 52-4-6. In the local market there was a fair turnover and the tone of the market was steady. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-11-0. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	37 1 9
Jeth delivery	37 2 0
Ashad delivery	37 2 3
Shrawan delivery	37 2 3

SILVER

Ready	52 11 0
Jeth delivery	52 11 0
Ashad delivery	52 10 0
Shrawan delivery	52 8 0

LONDON SILVER
London, June 5

Spot	20
Forward	19 13/16

LONDON GOLD
London, June 5

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-4 1/2

WEATHER OVER U.S.A. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, June 6.

Slightly warmer, continued rains in Western Belt, gettting too much rain. Forecast Entire Belt partly cloudy, scattered showers.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, June 5.

July	£12-7-6.
August	£12-7-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 6.

Castorseeds Sept.—	
Opening	30 14 0
Highest	31 3 0
Lowest	30 13 0
Closing	30 13 0
Groundnuts August.—	
Opening	34 5 0
Highest	34 6 6
Lowest	33 13 0
Closing	33 14 0
Cottonseeds Sept —	
Opening	27 1 3
Highest	27 3 3
Lowest	27 0 9
Closing	27 1 3

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, June 6.

Ready Javas	15 12 0
Shipment June	6 3 6
Shipment July	6 3 0
Shipment August	6 2 0
Shipment September	5 13 0

Java Spot F. E.20 (Nominal).

New York Sugar

New York, June 5.

September	2.00.
November	2.06.
January	1.98.
March	2.01.

LONDON SUGAR

London, June 5

August	sh. 6 9d.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, June 5

June	5.10+13
July	4.97+13
August	4.77+13
September	4.68+12
October	4.62+10
November	4.51+08
December	4.51+08
January	4.51+07
February	4.51+06
March	4.52+06
April	4.53+06
May	4.54+06
June	4.51+06
Middling Spot	5.58+13

10-12 a.m. quotations

July	4.93
October	4.59

LONDON METALS

London, June 5

Copper	£42 12 6
Spelter	£14 5 0
Lead	£14 13 9
Tin	£224 0 0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, June 5.

July	50 5/8d.
October	53 5/8d.
December	55d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, June 5.

July	dol 0.75 3/4.
September	dol 0.75 5/8.
December	dol 0.76 3/4.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, June 6.

Wheat	9,790 cwts.
Linseed	9,318 cwts.
Groundnuts	5,371 cwts.
Castorseed	1,280 cwts.
Rice	13,202 cwts.
Myrabollams	2,381 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,656 cwts.
Mowraseed	84 cwts.
Gram	935 cwts.
Joowar	55 cwts.
Barley	258 cwts.
Bajree	660 cwts.
Indian Sugar	1,158 cwts.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 6

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	97
2 3/4 per cent 1948	62 98/14
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	100
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/2
3 per cent 1947/55	97/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	104
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	115
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	100/6
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	103/12

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55	114/3
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1972 B P T	108
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	118
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	107
6 per cent M Deb 1954	127
6 per cent K P T 1956	127

Tone: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, June 6

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 13/16 to December

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 27/32
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 31/32 to Aug. 1/6 Sept. April

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 287 1/2
Bank's buying T T 285 1/8
Bank's buying D D 284 3/8

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,305
Bank's buying T T 1,325

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 3/4
Bank's buying T T 77 5/8
Bank's buying 60 days 77 1/8

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 64 7/8

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 64 3/

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 84 5/8

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 47

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 85 7/8

CROSS RATES—
Hongkong London 1/2 29/32 6th instant
Shanghai London 0/8 1/4 6th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 6th instant
Java London 8.78 6th instant
New York London 4.68.52 5th instant
London New York 4.68.51 5th instant
London Paris 176.73 5th instant
London Italy 89.09 5th instant
London Belgium 27.51 3/4 5th instant
London Switzerland 20.74 3/4 5th instant
London Berlin 11.67 3/4 5th instant
London Stockholm 19.41 5th instant
London Amsterdam 8.80 1/4 5th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-8-5 3rd instant
Gold £7-8-4 1/2 5th instant
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 3rd instant
Silver London Ready 20 5th instant
Silver London Forward 19 3/4 3rd instant
Silver London Forward 19 13/16 5th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 3rd instant
Silver New York Ready 43 5th instant
London discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 3rd instant
London discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 5th instant
London discounts 6 months 1/8 per cent 3rd instant
London discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent 5th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 per cent
6 months 1 per cent
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent paper	96/13
4 per cent 1960/70	111/3
5 per cent 1945/55	114/3

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	111/4
Bank of Hindusthan	27/12
Bank of India	144
Central Bank	33/5
Imperial Bank F P	1560
Imperial Bank P P	383/12
Indian Overseas Bank	4/8
Reserve Bank	112/12
Union Bank	6/2/6

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles	357/8
Ambica	273/2
Arun	222/8
Arvind	1110
Asok	19/
Bharatkhand	2000
Bombay Dyeing	780
Buckingham and Carnatics	173
Calico	569/6
Central India	217/8
Century	218/2
Colaba	130
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	480
Elgin	102/8
Gokak	135/10
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	36/4
Jupbilee	204/6
Khatau Makanji	81/14
Kohinoor	230/10
Laxmi Cotton	127/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	78/12
Morarji	114/6
Mysore	86/14
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	197/8
Raipur	605
Rajnagar	177/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	64
Sholapur	2800
Simplex	73/12
Swadeshi	213/12
Vishnu	1032/8

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1480
Tata Hydro Ord	153/2
Tata Power Ord	1307/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	143/12
Ajmer Electrics	11/4
Amalgamated	11/4
Bombay Suburban	145
Bombay Tram	130
Lahore Electrics	445
Surat Electrics	146/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	345
Associated Cements	137
Belapur	180
Bombay Burma New	158/12
Bombay Burma Old	490
Bombay Steam	241/4
Bombay Telephone	89
Br B Petrol	4/2
Burma Corporation	5/31/6
Dalmia Cement	12
Indian Bleaching	98/2
Industrial Investment Tr	44
Indian Radio Ord	307/8
Indian Radio Defd	301/4
Indian Copper	1/12
Indian Iron	25/6
Mysore Sugar	30/12
Port Canning	71/8
Premier Construction	73/8
Rohtas Industries	22/11
Scindia Steam	18
Shivraipur	297
Tata Oil	28
Tata Steel Ordy	296
Tata Steel Defd	1420
Bengal Steel Corp	12/15

JUTES

Birla Jute	16
Howrah	53/4
Hukumchand	4/8
Kamarhatty	486
Kankinarrah	372
Lawrence	335
Reliance	57

Tata Steel Shares Look Up

ACTIVE COVERING AND IMPROVED BUYING

Cement And Steamer Shares Firm

BOMBAY, June 6.

As anticipated, prices on the local Stock Exchange were pushed up to new high levels and the market displayed lively appearance.

The idea of arbitration in connection with Jamshedpur labour question seems to have been dropped and it is heard that some important members of Tata Steel Co. have explained the whole situation to the Congress President. It is generally believed that some satisfactory solution will be arrived at.

In all speculative markets, generally higher prices induce some profit-taking and the local Share Bazar is no exception to this theory It was noticed that whenever Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted above Rs. 1,400 level, there always appeared realising and the offerings were being absorbed by ardent bulls. In this process of adjustment, when long liquidation ceased to-day at the aforesaid level, prices moved up to new high levels and some brokers had to bid up prices to fulfil orders on hand.

The undertone of the market was very good and the market was cheerful. Outside speculative interest is limited and the technical position of the market is fairly healthy, favouring further improvement.

The rise is becoming of a general character and it appears that steel shares are now leading the market.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market was quiet but steady and with a small turnover prices ruled steady. U.S. Steel shares improved 1/8 at 48 7/8 while Anaconda Coppers declined 1/8 at 24 5/8. U.S. Steel activity is also improved to 54.2 per cent. from 52.2 per cent. in the previous week.

In the local market Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,392 and after declining to Rs. 1,390 there was steady buying and prices ruled steady around Rs. 1,405. Later on it was reported that agreement with labour was reached and prices jumped up to Rs. 1,432 and finally closed at Rs. 1,425. Ordinary shares also after opening at Rs. 291 advanced to Rs. 296-8. There was fairly active buying in Cement Shares while Cotton Mill shares also maintained upward march. Bombay Steams also received more attention.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, June 6.

100 Ahmed. Advance	255 0
100 BOM. DYEING	781 4
100 CENTURY	218 8
100 CENTRAL INDIA	217 8
100 COLABA	130 0
100 Coorla	83 2
250 David	25 0
250 Dawn	280 0
1 E. D. Sassoon	0 4
100 Finlay	96 8
100 GOKAK	137 0
1,000 Hindustan	1675 0
100 Indore	36 4
100 Khatau	82 0
100 KOHINOOR	231 0
200 Laxmi	422 8
250 Madras United	25 0
100 MORARJI	114 8
250 Model	42 0
50 MYSORE	87 8
100 NEW GREAT	199 0
100 Osmanshahi	41 0
100 PHOENIX	205 0
25 Sassoon Silk	67 0
1,000 Sholapur	2,725 0
50 SIMPLEX	74 0
1,000 SWADESHI	XD 214 0
100 SWAN	92 0
500 Vishnu	1032 8
1,000 Westerns	860 0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda	111 4
25-500 CENTRAL	33 5
500 Imperial	1552 8
125-500 Imp. Conty	383 12
50-100 India	144 0
100 Reserve Bank	112 12
5 Union	6-2-6

CEMENTS

500 Associated	137 8

INSURANCE

100 Empire	660 0
15-100 Jupiter	13 0
20 Mercantile	53 8
17-75 New India	39 0
200 Oriental	4,375 0
10-50 Vulcan	7 4

ELECTRIC

100 Ahd Old	146 70
10 Amalgamated	12 0
1,000 Andhra Valley	1460 0
10 Ajmer	11 4
50 Bombay Tram	130 4
100 Bombay Suburban	147 8
10 Broach	10 0
100 Karachi	191 0
100 Poona	190 0
100 Surat	149 6
100 TATA HYDRO	153 4
1,000 Tata Powers	1308 12

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	995 0
100 C Province	102 0
100 Dh Baramati	101 8
100 Gujarat	98 8
100 Mandra Bhon	100 8
100 Pachora Jamner	87 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 6

Bombay Dyeing (777/8) 780 778 781 776 780 781
Century (216) 216 218 217 219 218/8
Central India (216) 216 217 215 217 217/8
Kohinoor (229/8) 230 232 230 231
New Great (198) 199 197 201 197 199
Simplex (73) 73/4 74/4 73/12 74
Swadeshi (213/8) 213 215 213 214
Associated Cement (133/4) 133 132/12 134/4 135/8 137 138 136/8 137/8
Andhra (1460) 1460
Tram Ord (130) 130/8 130/4
Tata Hydro (154/8) 154 153/4
Tata Power (1305) 1306 1305 1306 1308
T Steel Defd (1391/4) 1392 1400 1390 1407 1400 1402 1390 1410 1432 1422 1425
T Steel Ord (291/8) 291 293 291 293 290 294 297 296/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (160) 160
Bellapur (181/8) 183 180/8 180
B Steam (240) 244 243 242
B Burma (487) 487 490 487 488 491

100 Sara Serajganj	102 0
500 Tapti Valley	772 8

MININGS

9 Burma Corp.	5 13
2sh Indian Copper	1 12
2sh. Indian Iron	25 4
10 Shivrajpur	39 8
30 TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1425 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	296 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK	345 8
10 Air Services	7 12
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	180 0
200 Bombay Safe Dep.	740 0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	242 0
125 B. BURMA	491 0
50 B. BURMA CONT.	167 8
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	4 2
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	89 0
100 IND. BLEACHING	98 8
50 Ind. Invest. Trust	44 0
100 I. Radio Defd.	325 0
100 I. Radio Ord	325 0
100 Port Canning	71 8
30 Premier Con.	73 8
10 Scindia	17 14
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	38 0

PREFERENCE

5-1/2 p.c. Amalgamated (T.F.)	103 0
7 p. c Andra Valley	1442 8
6 p.c Bombay Steam	295 0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	79 4
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	557 8
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	105 0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	96 12
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	144 1
7½ p. c. Tata Power	1547 8
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	207 8
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	160 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	680 0

DEBENTURES

3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 12
6 p.c Andhra Valley	105 10
7 p.c Bombay Telephone	89 12
7 p.c Sholapur	77 8
8 p.c Tata Hydro	105 8

(Capital letters indicate Shares on Forward List)

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 6.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—	
June	100 0 0
August	100 0 0
October	100 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—	
June	115 0 0
August	114 0 0
October	114 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—	
June	142 8 0
August	143 0 0
October	143 8 0
Yarn No. 40s.—	
June	218 0 0
August	218 0 0
October	218 0 0

BOMBAY MARKETS

Bombay June 6.

London Market:—
Standard copper cash (buyers) £42-10-0
Standard copper 3 months £42-15-0
Electrolytic copper £49-0-0
Bombay Market—
Yellow metal sheets Rs. 490-0-0
Copper sheets Rs. 49-0-0
Tone:—Steady.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1939

War Against Radio Pirates

LUCKNOW, June 3.

War against Radio Pirates, the "Associated Press" understands, will soon be renewed by the Wireless Investigating Staff in the United Provinces during the months of June and July.

The country-wide campaign launched against radio pirates during the months of January, February and March, 1939, has had a salutary effect as is evident from a considerable rise in the number of licences. Following the last anti-piracy campaign over a hundred radio pirates were prosecuted by the Posts and Telegraphs Department and were convicted accordingly. Among the Radio Pirates detected in the United Provinces were some of the well-known "Raises" of the Provinces. They were convicted and sentenced to pay fines ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 30.

It is revealed that Radio Pirates do not generally belong to that lower strata of society from which other pirates come. They are mostly well-to-do or even "Raises." Their conviction does not offer much difficulty. In most of the cases they plead "guilty" or advance the plea of ignorance, which is ruled out.

The means of effectively checking piracy were discussed at the Station Directors' Conference at Bombay.—A. P.

1,700 SCHOOLS TO IMPART BASIC EDUCATION IN U. P.

LUCKNOW, (By Mail).

From the next session in July about 1.700 schools in the province will have started education according to the basic scheme. It is to prepare the teachers of these schools that the Government have started training centres at the headquarters of each of the seven circles.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sampurnanand, Minister of Education left Lucknow on Saturday evening for Benares on an inspection tour of Basic training centres. He visited Fyzabad on Saturday morning to inspect the Basic training centres there and returned the same day. He was much impressed by the training given at Fyzabad to the pupil teachers.

After visiting the remaining six centres Mr. Sampurnanand will proceed to Naini Tal on June 11. —A. P.

8 KILLED BY SUNSTROKE

LUCKNOW, June 6

Fourteen cases of sunstroke are reported from Fategarh. Eight of the cases are said to have ended fatally.

An old woman dropped down dead, due to sunstroke, while bringing a bundle of grass with her son.—United Press.

Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru (sitting). President of the Western India Harijan Sevak Conference, held on Sunday last, at Poona. Standing by her side is Miss Tara Patwardhan, Harijan worker of Kalyan, who received Mrs. Nehru at Kalyan.

RAJKOT MILL TO START AGAIN

RAJKOT, June 6.

The State authorities, who have decided to restart the State cotton mill, are reported to be insisting on an apology from the workers and an undertaking that in future they would not participate in any movement against the State and harmful to the mill. The mill authorities state that the mill had to suffer a great loss when the workers participated in the recent movement.

RAJKOT WATER TAX TO GO

The State has ordered that the additional school fees and water tax imposed during the recent struggle be removed with effect from June 1.—United Press.

Sir A. Dalal & J. R. D. Tata Meet Rajen Babu And Sardar

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sir Ardeshir Dalal and Mr. J. R. D. Tata of the Tata Iron and Steel Company saw Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress, this morning.

They were closeted with him for about an hour and the representatives of the Tatas appraised the Congress leaders of the labour situation at Jamshedpur and the activities of Mr. Abdul Bari, the labour representative at Jamshedpur.

Alleged Defilement Of Idol

(From Our Correspondent)

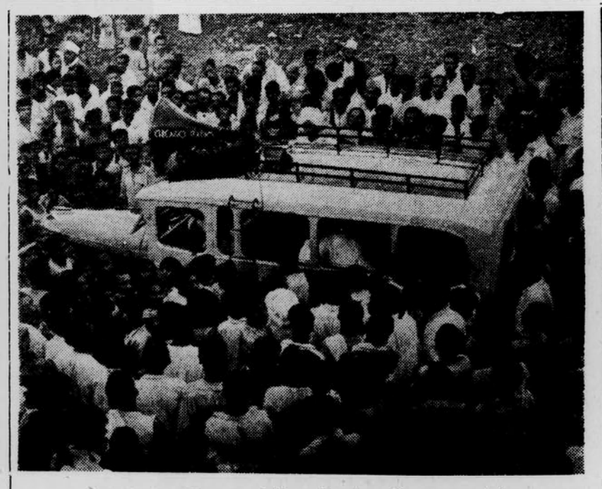
BHUJ, June 6.

Great resentment prevails among the Hindus of Cutch over the news spread that some urchins defiled idol of Hanumanji at Mundra and took away utensils of worship. It is said the urchins are backed by some mischiefmongers, who are trying to create communal trouble.

On receipt of information the Police Commissioner Kothawala motored to the spot and investigated. A deputation of Mundra Mahajan waited upon the Dewan to-day, who gave the sympathetic hearing.

Miss Vatsala Mehta

She stands first among girl students in the Intermediate Arts Examination of the Bombay University and secures the Lalkaka and Gangabai Ehat Scholarships. She is the daughter of Dr. Nanak B. Mehta, and Mrs. Sarojini Mehta, M.A., and grand-daughter of Lady Vidyagauri Nilkanth, the first lady-graduate of Gujarat.



The Prohibition Board of the Bombay Government has purchased two lorries, fitted up with loud-speakers, for propaganda in the city. Photo shows one of these lorries, near a Labour chawl, broadcasting messages asking people to make Prohibition a success.

Poona Season Opens

4 Ministers Already At Work In Secretariat

POONA, June, 5.

With the opening of the Secretariat Offices here to-day, the Poona season of the Bombay Government may be said to have commenced, four out of the seven Ministers, including the Prime Minister, are already here. The Governor will be arriving at Government House, Ganeshkhind, tomorrow morning.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, who came to Poona a few days in advance and is still convalescing from the effects of an attack of asthma, attended the office for three hours to-day. The other Ministers already here are Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister and Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government and Industries. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly is also here.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for Public Works Department will be here in the course of the next two days.

The Select Committee on the Tenancy Bill will meet here on Wednesday, June 7.—A.P.

Notorious Dacoit Caught

LAHORE, June 6.

Amir Hussain, a notorious dacoit of Bharatpur State, who was evading arrest for the last, two years, was rounded up by the police from a hotel in the Mall.

The dacoit had absconded from Bharatpur after committing a dacoity in the house of a moneylender and setting fire to the house, and was working in the hotel.—United Press

The late Dewan Bahadur Sir R. Venkata Ratnam, ex-Principal of the P. R. College, Cocanada, and ex-Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University, whose death occurred at Cocanada on May 26. He was a well-known social reformer and leader of the Brahmo Samaj in the Southern Presidency.

FRENCH GOVT. GRANTS SUBVENTION TO CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION

KARAIKAL, June 5.

His Excellency Mon. Louis Bonvin, Governor of French India, has granted a subvention for the French India Civil Liberties Union, the Head Office of which is located at Karaikal.

The Union, since its formation, has been endeavouring for the abolition of the Two-List system of electorates prevalent in French India by which 60 000 Indian voters of the Second List share equal representation, in all elected bodies in French India, with 600 voters of the First List composed of Europeans and those Indians who have renounced Indian Civil Laws and adopted European Civil Laws."—United Press.

Perfect Pottery Management Justifies Lock-out: Govt. Asked To Intervene

WORKERS' DEMANDS CONSIDERED ILL-ADVISED AND UNCALLED FOR

Picketers Block Gateways And Passages By Lying Prostrate

We have received the following statement from the Management of the Perfect Pottery Company of Jubbulpore:—

The Perfect Pottery Co., Ltd., one of the premier industrial concerns in Jubbulpore, is faced with a critical situation consequent upon the commencement of a labourers' strike from 6-30 a.m. on 29th May last and the enforced declaration of the lock-out of its works by the Management of the Company on the morning of 31st May last.

The circumstances attending the above situation are that Mr. K. G. Kulkarni, a Communist and Socialist leader of this place, as president of the Perfect Pottery Co. Workers' Union here served upon the Company a notice on 22nd May last to the effect that in case the demands relating to almost fantastic increase of wages, restricting working to 48 hours per week, grant of concessions like leave with pay, gratuity, bonus, pensions, construction of quarters etc., made by his Union were not accepted within a period of seven days expiring on 28th May last a strike of the workers of the Company would be declared on 29th May or any further date feasible to the workers.

ILL-ADVISED DEMANDS.

The Company in its reply to Mr. Kulkarni pointed out that the Company's workers, had nothing but satisfaction as far as their connections with it were concerned and that the Company was as eager as any other industrialist in the country to improve their condition by adopting suitable means consistently with the resources at its command.

It was further stated by the Company that the demand made by Mr. Kulkarni was ill-advised and uncalled-for and having for its object, either consciously or unconsciously, nothing but causing unimaginable harm to the Company including its workers at a time when it has been endeavouring to make its headway amidst all the adverse conditions, difficulties and complications not unknown to any one having for his or her aim the industrial or economic growth or well-being of the people of this country. Under such circumstances, the Company stated that should Mr. Kulkarni or any class or classes of labourers at its works acting under his advice or the advice of his various committees, either individually or collectively take resort to the threatened strike, the same would be done at his risk and responsibility. The Company in the end expected that good sense would prevail and workers concerned would not resort to strike which will assuredly inflict unnecessary loss on the concern and therefore on themselves

The Company apprised the District Administration of the above circumstances and awaited necessary assistance

HUMAN BLOCKADE.

On the 29th May last at 6-30 a.m. some of the workers struck work. About 212 nos. attended the works and the working could be carried out only partially The picketers from amongst the strikers blocked all gateways and passages close to and even inside the works by lying down flat on the ground and thereby restraining unlawfully willing workers from entering the works for work.

Had the human blockades not been created by Messrs. Kulkarni and Co., the majority of about 800 workers would surely have joined the Works.

On 30th May last the strike was seen to have been further stiffened owing to the male and female workers along with children lying down flat in rows on the ground and blocking all gateways and passages close to and even inside the Works. The attendance, in consequence, came down to only 64, inclusive of about 36 watchmen. The unlawful restraint or human blockades in this case was still more rigorous than that of the previous day owing to the presence of female workers in a lying condition amongst the picketers as noted above. This day the staff both of the Works and the Company's office could enter the Works without obstruction and they along with some workers working inside managed to unload 4 coal wagons that had arrived at the Railway siding for clearance in the morning.

ENTRANCE AND EXIT STOPPED.

With effect from the morning of 31st May last, the strike was still further stiffened by the strikers inasmuch as the male and female workers along with their children laid themselves flat in repeated rows on the grounds are blocked all gateways and passages as before for all workers and the staff. The staff down from the highest officer to the ordinary supervisor was not allowed ingress or egress as on the previous day. Apart from the picketers who were lying down, a good number of the strikers were collected near the picketers armed with lathis obviously with a view to threaten use of criminal force to those desirous of getting into the Works.

WORKERS CONTROL FACTORY.

The strikers, besides obstructing people from entering the factory, also surrounded the tools godown at the clay pit rendering it impossible for workmen who had collected at the pit from getting into the godown to take out tools for work. Thus the strikers took possession, as it were, of the whole factory. In face of such a situation, and seeing that the Magistrate and the Police authorities present on the occasions did not seem to regard obstruction of workers and others, described above as in the nature of any offence demanding action on their part, the Management of the Company had no other recourse but to declare a lock-out and closure of the Works for an indefinite period.

It was further declared by the Management that the services of all workers were terminated with effect from the same hour. They were also directed to receive payment of their wages for the period they were on work and to vacate the Company's quarters occupied by them.

SITUATION TENSE.

After the above strike and the enforced lock-out, the strikers are to this day picketing and blocking all gateways and passages at the Factory in spite of the fact that payments of wages have been made to all workers and they have been notified on 2nd instant by wide publication of written notices and beat of drums to vacate within 3 days the Company's premises.

The situation is still tense with excitement The workers are seen to be divided into two definite groups, one ready for work and the other out to put unlawful restraint on the exercise of normal rights of ownership by owners of properties.

The above narration will clear the position that had it not been for the unlawful restraint or creation of human blockades practiced by the strikers under the direction of Messrs. Kulkarni and Co., the working of the Factory

(Continued on page 12, col. 5)

CHARLIE CHAN

TAKING THE MAP WHICH CHAN FOUND, RED JOE TRAMPS AWAY MUMBLING TO HIMSELF...
Alfred Andriola
THAT'S RED JOE! HE'S A LITTLE OFF IN THE HEAD, BUT THE MAP MUST HAVE BEEN HIS OR HE WOULDN'T ASK FOR IT!
HAH! MANY THANKS FOR HELP ON MY BEHALF! I AM INSPECTOR—
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
I KNOW—CHAN! NEWS TRAVELS FAST IN SAN PADRE! MY NAME IS—
AH! TONY POWERS! BUT YOUR PROPERTY—IT IS ON OTHER MOUNTAIN—NO?
NO, INSPECTOR! YOU'RE WELCOME ON EITHER SIDE, BUT IT'S YOU WHO ARE TRESPASSING! YOU ENTERED MY SIDE WHEN YOU CAME ACROSS THE WOODEN BRIDGE!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.